## GCSE FRENCH

(9 to 1)
(8652)

## Specification

For teaching from September 2024 onwards
For GCSE exams in 2026 onwards

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## Are you using the latest version of this specification?

- You will always find the most up-to-date version of this specification on our website at
- We will write to you if there are significant changes to the specification.


## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Why choose AQA for GCSE French

### 1.1.1 A specification designed for you and your students

We've worked with a wide range of teachers, assessment experts and languages associations to create this specification. We want to make sure it offers your students the opportunity to develop their French language skills to their full potential, equipping them with knowledge and confidence they can use both in and outside of the classroom.

We have focused on ensuring that our assessments are clear, accessible and discriminate effectively, and that our content is engaging and relevant.

### 1.1.2 Languages beyond the classroom

We want to provide a specification that you can enjoy teaching while delivering the assessments and results you and your students deserve.

The importance of attracting students of all abilities to languages has been a high priority as we've designed our content, and we believe our approach will help you inspire and engage your students.

We know that the culture of the wider French-speaking world is one of the aspects of languagelearning which excites students and brings the subject alive and it was important to us that this was clearly represented. This is why we've designed a specification that can help build your students' cultural knowledge alongside their language skills.

### 1.1.3 Supporting your teaching

We know assessment and we are here to answer your questions and always provide up-to-date, expert advice. We're here to support you throughout the year, helping you prepare for each exam season.

Our network is the largest of any exam board. From day one, you'll be surrounded by experts and enthusiastic people with the same goal - helping students to get the results they deserve. Be it having questions answered, facilitating conversation or mutual support, our community is second to none.

You can find out about all our French qualifications at aqa.org.uk/french

### 1.2 Support and resources to help you teach

We've worked with experienced teachers to provide you with a range of resources that will help you confidently plan, teach and prepare for exams.

### 1.2.1 Teaching resources

Visit aqa.org.uk/8652 to see all our teaching resources. They include:

- sample schemes of work to help you plan for course delivery
- resources to support teaching of grammar, phonics and to prepare your students for assessment
- textbooks and digital resources endorsed by AQA
- training courses to help you deliver AQA French qualifications
- subject expertise courses for all teachers, from newly qualified teachers who are just getting started to experienced teachers looking for fresh inspiration.


## Preparing for exams

Visit aqa.org.uk/8652 for everything you need to prepare for our exams, including:

- past papers, mark schemes and examiner reports
- Exampro: a searchable bank of past AQA exam questions
- example student answers with examiner commentaries.


## Analyse your students' results with Enhanced Results Analysis (ERA)

Find out which questions were the most challenging, how the results compare to previous years and where your students need to improve. ERA, our free online results analysis tool, will help you see where to focus your teaching. Register at aqa.org.uk/era
For information about results, including maintaining standards over time, grade boundaries and our post-results services, visit aqa.org.uk/results

## Keep your skills up-to-date with professional development

Time in the classroom is precious, but we understand that as your career develops, the skills and knowledge you need may change. As well as subject-specific training, we offer a range of courses to help boost your skills.

- Feedback sessions to understand how students have performed in this year's exams.
- Virtual communities where you can chat to teachers in your subject area about what's important to you.

This is just the start. Our events calendar is full of different ways for you to learn, understand and be inspired. Find out more at aqa.org.uk/professional-development.

## Help and support

Visit our website for information, guidance, support and resources at aqa.org.uk/8652
If you'd like us to share news and information about this qualification, sign up for emails and updates at aqa.org.uk/keepinformedmfl

Alternatively, you can call or email our subject team direct.
E: mfl@aqa.org.uk
T: 01423534381

## 2 Specification at a glance

This qualification is linear. Linear means that students will sit all their exams at the end of the course.

### 2.1 Subject content

Assessment is set in the context of these three themes.

- Theme 1: People and lifestyle
- Theme 2: Popular culture
- Theme 3: Communication and the world around us


### 2.2 Assessments

GCSE French has a Foundation tier (grades 1-5) and a Higher tier (grades 4-9). Students must take all four question papers at the same tier. All question papers must be taken in the same series.

## Paper 1: Listening

## What's assessed

- Understanding and responding to spoken extracts comprising the defined vocabulary and grammar for each tier
- Dictation of short, spoken extracts


## How it's assessed

- Written exam: 35 minutes (Foundation tier), 45 minutes (Higher tier)
- 40 marks (Foundation tier), 50 marks (Higher tier)
- $25 \%$ of GCSE

Recording controlled by the invigilator with built-in repetitions and pauses.
Each exam includes 5 minutes' reading time at the start of the question paper before the listening material is played and 2 minutes at the end of the recording for students to check their work.

## Questions

- Section A - listening comprehension questions in English, to be answered in English or non-verbally ( 32 marks at Foundation tier and 40 marks at Higher tier)
- Section B - dictation where students transcribe short sentences, including a small number of words from outside the prescribed vocabulary list (8 marks at Foundation tier and 10 marks at Higher tier)


## Paper 2: Speaking

## What's assessed

- Speaking using clear and comprehensible language to undertake a Role-play
- Carry out a Reading aloud task
- Talk about visual stimuli


## How it's assessed

- Non-exam assessment (NEA)
- 7-9 minutes (Foundation tier) + 15 minutes' supervised preparation time
- 10-12 minutes (Higher tier) +15 minutes' supervised preparation time
- 50 marks (for each of Foundation tier and Higher tier)
- $25 \%$ of GCSE


## Questions

The format is the same at Foundation tier and Higher tier, but with different stimulus materials for the Role-play and the Reading aloud task. For the Photo card task, the same photos are used at both tiers.

- Role-play - 10 marks (recommended to last between 1 and 1.5 minutes at both tiers)
- Reading aloud task and short conversation - 15 marks (recommended to last in total between 2 and 2.5 minutes at Foundation tier and between 3 and 3.5 minutes at Higher tier)
- Reading aloud task: minimum 35 words of text at Foundation tier and 50 words at Higher tier
- Short unprepared conversation
- Photo card discussion - 25 marks (recommended to last between 4 and 5 minutes in total at Foundation tier, and between 6 and 7 minutes in total at Higher tier)
- Response to the content of the photos on the card (recommended to last approximately 1 minute at Foundation tier and approximately 1.5 minutes at Higher tier)
- Unprepared conversation (recommended to last between 3 and 4 minutes at Foundation tier and between 4.5 and 5.5 minutes at Higher tier)


## Paper 3: Reading

## What's assessed

- Understanding and responding to written texts which focus predominantly on the vocabulary and grammar at each tier
- Inferring plausible meanings of single words when they are embedded in written sentences
- Translating from French into English


## How it's assessed

- Written exam: 45 minutes (Foundation tier), 1 hour (Higher tier)
- 50 marks (for each of Foundation tier and Higher tier)
- $25 \%$ of GCSE


## Questions

- Section A - reading comprehension questions in English, to be answered in English or nonverbally (40 marks)
- Section B - translation from French into English, minimum of 35 words at Foundation tier and 50 words at Higher tier (10 marks)


## Paper 4: Writing

## What's assessed

- Writing text in the language in a lexically and grammatically accurate way in response to simple and familiar stimuli
- Translating from English into French


## How it's assessed

- Written exam: 1 hour 10 minutes (Foundation tier), 1 hour 15 minutes (Higher tier)
- 50 marks (for each of Foundation tier and Higher tier)
- $25 \%$ of GCSE


## Questions

## Foundation tier

- Question 1 - student produces five short sentences in response to a photo (10 marks)
- Question 2 - student produces a short piece of writing in response to five compulsory bullet points, approximately 50 words in total (10 marks)
- Question 3 - student completes five short grammar tasks (5 marks)
- Question 4 - translation of sentences from English into French, minimum 35 words in total (10 marks)
- Question 5 (overlap question) - student produces a piece of writing in response to three compulsory bullet points, approximately 90 words in total. There is a choice from two questions (15 marks)


## Higher tier

- Question 1 - translation of sentences from English into French, minimum 50 words in total (10 marks)
- Question 2 (overlap question) - student produces a piece of writing in response to three compulsory bullet points, approximately 90 words in total. There is a choice from two questions ( 15 marks)
- Question 3 - open-ended writing task (student responds to two bullets, producing approximately 150 words in total). There is a choice from two questions ( 25 marks)


## 3 Subject content

### 3.1 Themes

The specification covers three distinct themes. These themes apply to all four question papers.
Passages in the Listening and Reading assessments will be set in the context of the target language countries and communities. In the Speaking and Writing assessments, students will be able to respond according to their own interests and experiences.
The texts and tasks set for the assessments will be based on the prescribed vocabulary list in Appendix 2 and the prescribed grammar in Section 3.2.
It is not intended that the themes and topics will be specifically referenced in all assessment tasks. Students will be expected to use the prescribed vocabulary and grammar across a range of contexts and assessment tasks.

### 3.1.1 Theme 1: People and lifestyle

Theme 1 covers the following three topics:

- Topic 1: Identity and relationships with others
- Topic 2: Healthy living and lifestyle
- Topic 3: Education and work


### 3.1.2 Theme 2: Popular culture

Theme 2 covers the following three topics:

- Topic 1: Free-time activities
- Topic 2: Customs, festivals and celebrations
- Topic 3: Celebrity culture


### 3.1.3 Theme 3: Communication and the world around us

Theme 3 covers the following three topics:

- Topic 1: Travel and tourism, including places of interest
- Topic 2: Media and technology
- Topic 3: The environment and where people live


### 3.2 Grammar

GCSE students will be expected to develop and use their knowledge of grammar throughout their course.

The grammar requirements for GCSE are set out in two tiers: Foundation and Higher. Students are required to use their knowledge of grammar from the specified lists, appropriate to the relevant tier of entry. Students entering Higher tier assessments will be required to apply all grammar listed for Foundation tier in addition to the grammar listed for Higher tier.

Students will be expected to use the prescribed grammar across a range of contexts and assessment tasks.

The lists describe grammatical features of the most widely used standard varieties.
The lists are written from the point of view of English-speaking students of the language, and so include some reference to certain cross-linguistically complex relations with English.

Students are required to demonstrate both receptive and productive knowledge of the grammar from the list (although the derivational morphology laid out in the grammar annex can only be included for Paper 3 Reading).
'Grammar' is defined as including the morphology (inflectional and derivational) and syntax (rules of word order, relations between words and obligatory use of specific features). The vocabulary lists contain the lexicon that is needed to apply the grammar.

Some grammatical features can be perceived as 'grammar' or 'lexicon' - these items are listed in the vocabulary list, as stipulated in the DfE Subject Content. The vocabulary list also specifies highly irregular forms within a grammatical subsystem (ie, subparts of paradigms where only some forms are irregular), as laid out in the Grammar requirements. This is because forms, such as irregular stems, are likely to be learnt and retrieved as individual items rather than as part of a broader grammatical system. Listing them in the vocabulary list, therefore, reflects the pedagogical attention required for these highly irregular forms.

Items given in brackets in the grammar list which are prefaced with 'eg' are illustrative, ie serve only to clarify the description of the grammar features, and such items are not included in the vocabulary list. In contrast, items that are not prefaced by 'eg' are comprehensive, providing all the examples of the grammar that are included in the DfE Subject Content, and all such items are contained in the vocabulary list.

Note that the English equivalents of some of the grammar are provided. This is relevant when testing students' ability to work from English to French (eg, in translation tasks).

### 3.2.1 Foundation tier

### 3.2.1.1 Noun phrases

## Formation of feminine person nouns

Highly frequent irregulars are listed in the vocabulary list as separate items (eg, chef/cheffe, héros/ héroïne, Juif/Juive).

- Add -e
- No change (article changes only)
- -eur $\rightarrow$-rice and/or -euse depending on which relevant base words (masculine forms) are included in the vocabulary list
- -en $\rightarrow$-nne


## Formation of plural nouns

Highly frequent irregulars are listed in the vocabulary list as separate items (eg, madame/ mesdames, monsieur/messieurs, œil/yeux).

- Add $-s$ to most nouns
- Add -x to masculine nouns ending in -(e)au and -eu
- No change for nouns ending in $-s,-x$


## Infinitive used as a noun

le, equivalent of -ing (gerund) in English.

## Determiners: Articles

Agreement of articles with noun for gender and number (le, la, les and un, une, des).
Contraction of definite article (le/la $\rightarrow l^{\prime}$ ) before singular nouns that start with a vowel or $h$ muet.
Functions of definite and indefinite articles, including where their use or omission differs from English (eg, La santé est importante, le mercredi).

Use of definite article before an adjective to form a noun, including uninflected adjectives for languages and addition of a capital letter where the resulting noun is a nationality (eg, seul $\rightarrow l e$ seul, anglais $\rightarrow$ l'anglais, anglaise $\rightarrow$ l'Anglaise).

Partitive articles when distinguishing between parts and wholes. Eg, after jouer with musical instruments, after faire with sports.

Use of $d e$ (and omission of article) before nouns following a verb in negative and after expressions of quantity.

Contraction of de to d' before a word beginning with a vowel.

## Other determiners

Demonstrative adjectives (ce, cet, cette, ces).
Possessive adjectives (mon, ma, mes, ton, ta, tes, son, sa, ses, notre, nos, votre, vos, leur, leurs). Interrogative adjectives (quel, quelle, quels, quelles).
Agreement patterns for indefinite adjectives (chaque, plusieurs, même(s), autre(s), tout(e)(s), tous, quelque(s)).

## Pronouns

Subject pronouns (je, tu, il, elle, on, nous, vous - as singular and plural formal 'you' - ils and elles are listed in the vocabulary list. Their grammar (agreement, position) is laid out in this grammar list.
Preverbal position of singular direct object pronouns (me, te, vous, le, la) (not juxtaposed with indirect object pronouns).
Preverbal position of singular indirect object pronouns (me, te, vous, lui) (not juxtaposed with direct object pronouns).

Preverbal position of singular reflexive pronouns ( $m e, t e, s e$ ).
Contraction of pronouns ( $m e \rightarrow m^{\prime}$, $t e \rightarrow t^{\prime}$, le/la $\rightarrow l^{\prime}$, se $\rightarrow s^{\prime}$ ) before a vowel or h muet.
Use of emphatic pronouns moi and toi after prepositions (the pronouns and relevant individual prepositions are listed separately in the vocabulary list).
Use of relative pronoun qui in subject relative clauses.

### 3.2.1.2 Verb phrases

Verbs and verb forms that do not fit into the grammar detailed here can still be listed in the vocabulary list.

## Negation

Syntax of verbal negation with ne...pas, ne...jamais, ne...rien (as equivalent of 'not verb anything' and 'verb nothing'), and ne...personne (as equivalent of 'not verb anyone/body' and 'verb nobody').

## Interrogatives

Interrogatives expressed through:

- intonation with subject verb (SV) word order, including when followed by a wh-word (qui, quand, quoi, pourquoi, comment, combien, où)
- wh-word (qu', quand, pourquoi, comment, combien, oü) followed by est-ce que followed by SV word order
- wh-word (que/qu', quand, pourquoi, comment, combien, où) followed by verb subject (VS) word order.


## Inflectional morphology

Specific irregular inflected forms (eg, faites, vont), as a minimum those specified below, are listed in the vocabulary list.

Some verbs change the spelling in their stems. Eg, accents change (mener, je mène), consonants are doubled (jeter, je jette), softened (manger, nous mangeons and commencer, nous commençons) or dropped (mettre, je mets). Such spelling changes will not be credit-bearing.

Regular* and four very high frequency irregular** patterns in 1st, 2nd, 3rd persons in singular and plural for:
*-er verbs (eg, parler), clusters of high frequency -ir verbs that all pattern following one of these four 'anchor' verbs: choisir, partir, venir, ouvrir, clusters of high frequency -re verbs that all pattern following one of these three 'anchor' verbs: entendre, prendre, traduire.
**aller, avoir, être, faire (including use of avoir + noun where the English equivalent is 'BE + adjective' eg, + froid, + chaud, + an(s), + faim, + soif, + peur).

- Present indicative, as equivalent of the English simple (I walk) and ongoing (I am walking) functions, and (with time adverbs) for expression of the future as equivalent of the English simple (the holidays start tomorrow) and continuous (I am working this evening).
- Irregular inflected forms of the four very high frequency irregular verbs (aller, avoir, être, faire) are listed in the vocabulary list.
- Perfect tense, as equivalent of the English simple past (I walked, he went) and present perfect (I have walked, he has gone), including past participle formation for -er verbs and the seven verb clusters listed above.
- Irregular past participles of three very high frequency irregular verbs (été, eu, fait).
- Periphrastic future expression (aller + infinitive), as equivalent of the English 'will + verb' and 'BE + going to + verb'.
- Imperative (2nd person singular and plural only, including aller and faire; but not avoir, être; not reflexive).

Regular patterns (see * above) and four very high frequency irregular patterns (see ** above) in 1st, 2nd, 3rd persons in singular only (excluding 'you' formal) for:

- Imperfect for habitual (only for equivalent of English 'used to + verb') and ongoing (BE + ing) functions.
- Irregular inflected forms of three very high frequency irregular verbs (avais, avait; étais, était; faisais, faisait) are listed in the vocabulary list.
- Additional English equivalent functions are listed in the vocabulary list as follows: étais, était (to mean 'was, were + adjectival complement'), avais, avait (to mean 'had').


## Other irregular inflected forms

Present indicative forms for $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ persons, in singular only, of nine high frequency verbs (boire, connaître, courir, croire, écrire, recevoir, rire, suivre, voir).

Their present indicative, past participle, imperative forms, and the infinitives are listed in the vocabulary list.

Any other irregular present indicative forms, their past participles, imperative forms, and the infinitives are listed in the vocabulary list.

## Impersonal verbs

Il y a to mean 'there is/are', il y avait to mean 'there was/were/used to be' and il y aura to mean 'there is going to be/are going to be/will be' are listed in the vocabulary list as multi-word phrases.

II fait + adjective (eg, il fait beau, il fait froid). Any adjectives that would be used in this construction are listed in the vocabulary list.

II + weather-related expressions (eg, il neige, il y a du soleil) are listed in the vocabulary list, as multi-word phrases where necessary.
II faut + infinitive
II est for telling the time

## Modal verbs

Present indicative forms for $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ persons, in singular and plural of modals devoir, pouvoir, savoir, vouloir followed by infinitive. All inflected forms of the modals are listed in the vocabulary list.

Conditional forms in $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ persons, in singular only (excluding 'you' formal), of vouloir (voudrais, voudrait), as equivalent of English 'would like (to) + verb', are listed in the vocabulary list.

## Reflexive use of verbs

```
1 st,}\mp@subsup{2}{}{\mathrm{ nd }},\mp@subsup{3}{}{\mathrm{ rd }}\mathrm{ persons in singular only.
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Reflexive verb forms (eg, se laver) with the same meaning as a listed base verb (eg, laver) are not listed. Reflexive verb forms with different meanings from a listed base verb (eg, passer, se passer) will be listed on the same line. When reflexive verb forms with different meanings from a listed base verb are not listed, they will not be tested.

### 3.2.1.3 Adjectival phrases

Agreement for gender and number with nouns following regular patterns (of adjectives listed in the vocabulary list).

## Gender

Highly frequent irregulars are listed in the vocabulary list as separate items (eg, net/te, bon/ne, nouveaulnouvelle, pareillle, travailleur/travailleuse).

- Add -e
- No change with adjectives ending in mute -e
-     - $x \rightarrow$-se
- -el $\rightarrow$-lle
- -en $\rightarrow$-nne
- $-f \rightarrow$-ve
- -er $\rightarrow$-ère


## Number

Irregulars beau/x and nouveau/x are listed in the vocabulary list as separate items.

- Add -s
- No change for masculine forms already ending in $-s$ and $-x$
- -al $\rightarrow$-aux for masculine

Position of adjectives in relation to the nouns they refer to: mostly after nouns, before nouns only for the defined set in the vocabulary list.
Use of regular (plus...que/de, moins...que/de, aussi...que) and irregular comparative structures, with the irregular adjectival forms (meilleur(e)(s) and pire(s)) listed in the vocabulary list.

### 3.2.1.4 Adverbial phrases

Adverbs and adverbial phrases are listed in the vocabulary list.
Position of adverbs of time, manner, frequency, place.
Use of regular (plus...que, moins...que, aussi...que) and irregular comparative structures, with the irregular adverbial form (mieux) listed in the vocabulary list.

### 3.2.1.5 Prepositions

$\grave{A} / d e$ can be needed before a noun or a second verb following some verbs. These verb + preposition combinations are listed in the vocabulary list alongside the verb entry (eg, finir 'to finish', finir de + infinitive 'to finish + verb' and dépendre 'to depend', dépendre de 'to depend on + noun'). Where the preposition changes or adds to the meaning of the verb, English translations are listed (eg arriver 'to arrive', arriver à 'to manage to').
Appropriate use of en/à with proper nouns for places (eg countries, regions/states, cities).
Contraction of definite article when used with à and de to agree with the gender and number (ie, à, à la, au, aux; de, de la, du, des are listed in the vocabulary list).
De to indicate possession (eg, le sac de Léa).
Prepositions (pour, sans) + infinitive.

### 3.2.1.6 Derivational morphology (Reading only)

Derivational morphology listed here indicates that even if only the base form (eg, rapide) is listed in the vocabulary list, a derived form that follows one of the patterns listed here (eg, rapidement) may be included in reading texts - or if only the specific affixed form is listed, the base form may be
included in reading texts. Note, if derived forms are included in listening material or required for production, they are listed separately in the vocabulary list.

Uniformly applicable derivational morphology that changes meaning
Ordinal numbers created by adding -ième (or by dropping -e and adding -ième) to cardinal numbers eg, deux - deuxième, quatre - quatrième. Irregular forms premier and première are listed in the vocabulary list.

## Other highly frequent patterns

## Morphology that changes meaning

Prefixes: adding in- or im-to adjectives, adverbs and nouns, only where the English equivalent is un- or in- or means 'opposite of'. Eg, également $\rightarrow$ inégalement, sécurité $\rightarrow$ insécurité, possible $\rightarrow$ impossible.

## Morphology that changes the part of speech

## Suffixes:

- Adjectives created by adding -able or -eable to the verb stem, only where the English equivalent is -able or -ible. Eg, porter $\rightarrow$ portable, changer $\rightarrow$ changeable.
- Nouns created by adding -ion or -ation to the verb stem, only where the English equivalent is -ion or -ation. Eg, progresser $\rightarrow$ progression, préparer $\rightarrow$ préparation.
- Adverbs ending in -ment, only where the English equivalent is -ly, created by:
- adding -ment to the feminine form of adjectives eg, première $\rightarrow$ premièrement
- by dropping -ant(e)/-ent(e) from an adjective and adding -amment-emment eg, courant $\rightarrow$ couramment, patient $\rightarrow$ patiemment.


### 3.2.2 Higher tier

### 3.2.2.1 Noun phrases

## Determiners: Articles

Partitive articles with uncountable nouns
Use of article with dans, omission of article with en

## Other determiners

Use of negative adjective determiner aucun(e)

## Pronouns

Preverbal use of pronouns $y$ and en (not juxtaposed with other object pronouns, except in the phrase 'il y en a', 'il y en avait' and 'il y en aura').

Preverbal position of plural direct object pronouns (nous, vous, les) (not juxtaposed with indirect object pronouns).

Preverbal position of plural indirect object pronouns (nous, vous, leur) (not juxtaposed with direct object pronouns).
Use of emphatic pronouns (lui, elle, nous, vous, eux, elles) after prepositions.
Preverbal position of plural reflexive pronouns (nous, vous, se).

Negative subject pronouns personne ne + verb and rien ne + verb (as equivalent of English 'nobody + verb' and 'nothing + verb').

Relative clauses using wh- pronouns (où, quand, and que).

### 3.2.2.2 Verb phrases

Syntax of negation with ne...plus, ne...ni... (ni ...), ne ... pas encore, ne...que.
Passive voice in the present (full form only, ie with par).
Impersonal verbs with adjectives + de (eg, il est difficile/facile/interdit de + infinitive). Any adjectives used in impersonal phrases are listed in the vocabulary list.

Impersonal verbs in phrases il manque + noun, il vaut mieux + infinitive, il vaut la peine de + infinitive.

Periphrastic time expressions être en train de (as equivalent of 'BE [in the process of] + verb-ing') and venir de (as equivalent of 'HAVE just done + verb').

Verbs used with plural reflexive pronouns, with reflexive and reciprocal meanings (eg, nous nous écrivons, vous vous parlez, ils se regardent).

## Inflectional morphology

- Two additional clusters of high frequency verbs that all pattern following the 'anchor' verbs connaitre and écrire, in the forms as specified at Foundation: Present indicative (in $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}$, $3^{\text {rd }}$ persons, singular and plural), perfect tense, periphrastic future, imperative (2nd person singular and plural, not reflexive), imperfect (in $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ persons, singular), plus the additional forms laid out below for the anchor verbs.
- Present tense with depuis (as equivalent of 'have been + ing' for ' $x$ time').
- Perfect tense of modals (devoir, pouvoir, savoir, vouloir) (with past participles listed in the vocabulary list).
- Inflectional future for regular -er verbs (in $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ persons in singular and plural) as equivalent of both 'will + verb' and 'BE + going to + verb'.
- Singular forms of four high frequency irregular verbs (aurai/auras/aura, ferai/feras/fera, irai/iras/ira, serai/seras/sera) are listed in the vocabulary list.
- Conditional of regular -er forms only ( $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ persons) in singular and plural.
- Singular forms of four high frequency irregular verbs (aurais/aurait, ferais/ferait, irais/irait, serais/serait) are listed in the vocabulary list.
- Imperfect for regular (-er and the nine 'anchor' verb patterns) verbs $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ person plural forms for equivalent of English habitual ('used to + verb') and ongoing ('BE -ing'). This includes the $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ person plural forms of the three very high frequency irregular verbs (avoir to mean 'had', être to mean 'were + adjectival complement', faire).
- Imperative of $2^{\text {nd }}$ person singular and plural of être (sois and soyez, each listed in vocabulary list), and of regular (-er and the nine 'anchor' verb patterns) verbs $1^{\text {st }}$ person plural (not reflexive), with the function 'Let's + verb!'
- Present participle of regular (-er and the nine 'anchor' verb patterns) verbs after en, including adjectival use where relevant.
- Irregular present participles of three very high frequency irregular verbs (étant, ayant, faisant) are listed in the vocabulary list.


### 3.2.2.3 Adjectival phrases

Use of regular superlative adjective structures (irregulars le meilleur/la meilleure/les meilleurs/les meilleures, and le pire/la pire/les pires are listed in the vocabulary list).

### 3.2.2.4 Adverbial phrases

Use of regular superlative adverb structures (irregular le mieux is listed in the vocabulary list).

### 3.2.2.5 Prepositions

Preposition (avant de) + infinitive
Preposition (après avoir) + past participle

### 3.2.2.6 Derivational morphology (Reading only)

Derivational morphology listed here indicates that even if only the base form (eg, porter) is listed in the vocabulary list, a derived form that follows one of the patterns listed here (eg, porteur) may be included in reading texts. Or, if only the specific affixed form is listed, the base form may be included in reading texts. Note, if derived forms are included in listening material or required for production, they are listed separately in the vocabulary list.

## Morphology that changes the part of speech

Suffixes: agent nouns created by adding -eur or -ateur to a verb stem, eg, porter $\rightarrow$ porteur, consommer $\rightarrow$ consommateur

## French sound-symbol correspondences

This list specifies key differences in sound-spelling correspondences between French and English which students will need to learn at GCSE to be able to read out loud and transcribe with sufficient accuracy at this level. It is not an exhaustive list of all the sound-spelling correspondences in the French language. Where a letter or combination of letters is pronounced (or a sound spelt) in approximately the same way in French as in English, it is not listed.
Students will be expected to pronounce words with stress patterns that allow their speech to be clear and comprehensible.

The use of hyphens indicates the position of the letters in a word, when position is relevant to the sound. Eg: xx- (at the beginning of a word), -xx- (in the middle of a word), -xx (at the end of a word).

- silent final consonant
- a
- i/y
- eu
- e
- au/eau/closed o/ô
- ou
- u
- silent final e
- é (-er, -ez)
- en/an/em/am
- on/om
- ain/in/aim/im
- è/ê/ai
- oi/oy
- ch
- ç (and soft 'c')
- qu
- j
- -tion
- -ien
- s-liaison
- t-liaison
- n-liaison
- x-liaison
- $h$
- un
- -gn-
- $r$
- open eu/œu
- open o
- -s-
- th
- -ill---ille
- -aill-/ail

Please see Appendix 1 for examples of French words demonstrating the sound-symbol correspondences.

### 3.3 Vocabulary

Students should learn the GCSE French vocabulary list (Appendix 2) and will be expected to use this vocabulary across a range of contexts and assessment tasks.

### 3.3.1 Composition of vocabulary content

1. Students are expected to know 1,200 lexical items for Foundation tier, and a further 500 lexical items for Higher tier. Students are also required to know words which can be regularly inflected and (for Paper 3 Reading only) regularly derived from listed lexical items using the grammar specified in section 3.3.
2. Because no vocabulary is specified for KS2 or KS3, the vocabulary list is comprehensive and makes no assumptions about vocabulary previously taught.
3. The vocabulary lists include, as part of the 1,200 or 1,700 items, the words listed in the DfE subject content Annex E. These are the words which are referenced in the grammar in section 3. They include irregular forms of high frequency verbs and other parts of speech.
4. In addition to the 1,200 and 1,700 items, the vocabulary lists contain:
a. 30 short phrases that are multi-word phrases in French
b. 20 items to refer to relevant geographical or cultural places/events, including the names of countries to be known receptively and productively.
5. For Reading only:
a. Higher and overlapping tier texts in Paper 3 may include a small number of words outside the vocabulary list. English meanings of such words will be supplied adjacent to the text for
reference. No more than $2 \%$ of words (rounded to the nearest whole word) in any given text may be glossed in this way.
b. For both Foundation and Higher tiers, all proper nouns (such as cities or countries) that are not on the vocabulary list and are not deemed to be easily understood, can be glossed or explained in an adjacent note.
c. Up to $2 \%$ of words (rounded to the nearest whole word) of any given text can be comprised of cognates which are not included in the vocabulary list. Cognates are words in which the substantial majority of letters are the same in English and the assessed language; they have the same meaning in both languages and any difference in spelling should not impede understanding for students entered for GCSE French.
6. Words with multiple meanings but with the same part of speech (eg, the French noun histoire that can be translated by the different English words 'story' and 'history') will be listed as one entry in the vocabulary list. All English equivalents that could be tested (eg, in questions that require working from English to French) are provided.
7. The vocabulary which students will be expected to know, for both comprehension and production, will be compiled with close and explicit reference for each item on the list to frequency of occurrence in the language. This information about frequency has been taken from Lonsdale, D. \& Le Bras. Y. (2009). A frequency dictionary of French: Core vocabulary for learners.
8. At least $85 \%$ of the 1,200 and 1,700 words selected has been drawn from the 2,000 most frequent words occurring in the most widely used standard forms of the language. In some cases, more than one spelling is in common use, including where recent spelling reforms have taken place. In such cases, tolerance is shown for both versions of the spelling, eg coût/cout.

The vast majority of lexical items listed as vocabulary are single word vocabulary items. Where a compound word or multi-word phrase translates a single English word, it is counted either as a separate lexical item in the main vocabulary list, or as one of the 30 multi-word phrases. However, where a compound word or phrase can easily be understood from its components, and where the components are already included in the list, the compound word will not be included. Easily understood from its components means that the literal translation of the component parts unambiguously gives the meaning in English. An example of an easily understood compound word or phrase in French is point de vue. An example of a compound word/phrase in French that is not easily understood is petit déjeuner.

## 4 Scheme of assessment

Find past papers and mark schemes, and sample papers for new courses, on our website at aqa.org.uk/pastpapers

This specification is designed to be taken over two years.
This is a linear qualification. In order to achieve the award, students must complete all assessments at the end of the course and in the same series.

GCSE exams and certification for this specification are available for the first time in May/June 2026 and then every May/June for the life of the specification.

All materials are available in English only.
Our GCSE exams in French include questions that allow students to demonstrate their ability to:

- draw together their knowledge, skills and understanding from across the full course of study.


### 4.1 Aims and learning outcomes

Courses based on this specification should provide a coherent, satisfying and worthwhile course of study. They should encourage students to develop confidence in, and a positive attitude towards, French and to recognise the importance of languages. They should also provide a strong linguistic and cultural foundation for students who go on to study French at a higher level post-16.

Through studying GCSE French, students should develop their ability and ambition to communicate independently in speech and writing with speakers of the language for authentic purposes and about subjects which are meaningful and interesting to them.

The study of French at GCSE should also build students' confidence and broaden their horizons, enabling them to step beyond familiar cultural boundaries, develop new ways of seeing the world, and better understand relationships between the foreign language and the English language.

It is important that students following a GCSE French course should become familiar with aspects of the contexts and cultures of the countries and communities where the language is spoken.

Courses based on this specification must encourage students to:

- learn and use the range of vocabulary required for the tier at which they are studying as specified in the vocabulary list
- learn and use the grammar specified to understand and produce meaning in written and oral modalities. The grammar to be learnt is set out in Section 3
- learn and apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of the language, and use clear and comprehensible pronunciation when speaking the language
- use the language they are learning both receptively and productively, in spoken and written forms, for a range of audiences and purposes, in different genres and in formal and informal contexts which are relevant to their current and future needs and interests, having regard to the likely experiences of a wide social range
- be able to recall and use language in different situations and be able to move between French and English.

This specification in French, in line with the DfE Subject Content, requires students to:

- understand written texts in French. Texts will predominantly focus on the defined vocabulary and grammar for each tier and will be of limited complexity at Foundation tier
- understand spoken extracts comprising the defined vocabulary and grammar for each tier which are delivered at a pace which is no faster than a moderate pace, where each word is clearly discernible (as appropriate to pronunciation norms for each language), and which do not contain extraneous distractions or interruptions
- undertake dictation of short, spoken extracts (including some vocabulary from outside the vocabulary list) with credit for accurate spelling
- write text in French in a lexically and grammatically accurate way in response to simple and familiar stimuli
- translate in writing short sentences or texts, from French to English and vice versa, using a range of the vocabulary and grammar specified for each tier. In this context, translation means an appropriate and sufficient rendering of the meaning of the original language
- infer, by using knowledge of the vocabulary and grammar specified for each tier, plausible meanings of single words from outside the vocabulary list when they are embedded in the context of written sentences
- speak using clear and comprehensible language to:
- read aloud a short written text in French and undertake a short unprepared conversation relating to the text
- undertake a Role-play, including asking and answering questions, simulating a context such as a social conversation, where instructions about what to say are unambiguous;
- talk about visual stimuli and extend this conversation into a short unprepared interaction.

Spoken and written language (for comprehension and production) will be of limited complexity at Foundation tier. At Higher tier students will be expected to understand (in listening and reading) and produce (in speech and writing) language at a higher level of complexity. The complexity of the language will be in both cases appropriate to the level of study. Complexity in this sense means the extent to which written and spoken language uses features such as multi-clause units (eg, relative clauses), pronouns, especially multiple pronouns, multiple verbs in one sentence or clause, long sentences, or morphology and syntax (eg, word order) which is very different to English in form and/or function.

### 4.2 Assessment objectives

Assessment objectives (AOs) are set by Ofqual and are the same across all GCSE French specifications and all exam boards.
The exams will measure how students have achieved the following assessment objectives.

- AO1: understand and respond to spoken language in speaking and in writing
- AO2: understand and respond to written language in speaking and in writing
- AO3: demonstrate understanding and accurate application of the grammar and vocabulary prescribed in the specification.


### 4.2.1 Assessment objective weightings for GCSE French

| Assessment objectives (AOs) | Component weightings (approx \%) |  |  |  | Overall weighting (approx \%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Paper 1: Listening | Paper 2: Speaking | Paper 3: Reading | Paper 4: Writing |  |
| AO1 | 22.5 | 12.5 |  |  | 35 |
| AO2 |  | 7.5 | 25 | 12.5 | 45 |
| AO3 | 2.5 | 5 |  | 12.5 | 20 |
| Overall weighting of components | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 100 |

### 4.3 Assessment weightings

The marks awarded on the papers will be scaled to meet the weighting of the components. Students' final marks will be calculated by adding together the scaled marks for each component. Grade boundaries will be set using this total scaled mark. The scaling and total scaled marks are shown in the table below.

### 4.3.1 Foundation tier

| Component | Maximum raw mark | Scaling factor | Maximum scaled mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Paper 1 (Listening) | 40 | x 1.25 | 50 |
| Paper 2 (Speaking) | 50 | x 1 | 50 |
| Paper 3 (Reading) | 50 | x 1 | 50 |
| Paper 4 (Writing) | 50 | x 1 | 50 |
| Total scaled mark: |  | 200 |  |

### 4.3.2 Higher tier

| Component | Maximum raw mark | Scaling factor | Maximum scaled mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Paper 1 (Listening) | 50 | x1 | 50 |
| Paper 2 (Speaking) | 50 | x1 | 50 |
| Paper 3 (Reading) | 50 | x1 | 50 |
| Paper 4 (Writing) | 50 | x1 | 50 |
| Total scaled mark: |  | 200 |  |

### 4.4 Paper 1: Listening

Students may be entered for either Foundation tier or Higher tier but they must enter at the same tier for all four skills.
$25 \%$ of the marks for the qualification

Foundation tier 40 marks; 35 minutes approximately (including five minutes' reading time at the start of the test and two minutes' checking time at the end of the test)

Higher tier 50 marks; 45 minutes approximately (including five minutes' reading time at the start of the test and two minutes' checking time at the end of the test)

- The test will be studio recorded using native speakers speaking in clearly articulated, standard speech. It will be delivered at a pace which is no faster than a moderate pace, where each word is clearly discernible (as appropriate to pronunciation norms for each language) and there will be no extraneous distractions or interruptions.
- The recording will be provided to schools and colleges in an appropriate audio format.
- Different types of spoken language will be used, for a range of audiences and purposes, in different genres and in formal and informal contexts which are relevant to students' current and future needs and interests, having regard to the likely experiences of a wide social range.
- Students will have five minutes' reading time at the beginning of the test to read the questions.
- Students will have two minutes' checking time at the end of the test to check their work.
- An example will be provided in the question paper only where it is necessary to indicate to students how a particular question should be answered.
- In Section A, each item will be heard twice and pauses for students to read the questions before the item is played and then to answer the questions will be built into the test recording.
- In Section B, the dictation, students will hear each sentence three times and pauses will be built into the test recording.
- Students will be allowed to make notes at any time during the test, including the reading time.
- Access to dictionaries is not permitted at any time during the test.


### 4.4.1 Foundation and Higher tier

In Section A, students' understanding of spoken language will be tested by a range of comprehension question types in English, requiring non-verbal responses or responses in English. The tests will contain some items which are common to both tiers.

The responses will be assessed according to a detailed mark scheme. The appropriate mark(s) will be awarded if the student has satisfactorily communicated his or her understanding.

The test at both tiers will consist of a variety of short and longer spoken pieces of language, comprising the defined vocabulary and grammar for each tier which will not place an undue burden on memory at any time.

Students will be required to identify the overall message, key points, details and opinions from items such as announcements, short conversations, bulletins, podcasts and spoken descriptions.

In Section B, students will undertake a dictation exercise of short spoken extracts (including some words from outside the vocabulary list) with credit for accurate spelling. At Foundation tier, the dictation will consist of a minimum of 20 words. At Higher tier, the dictation will consist of a minimum of 30 words. At both tiers, two words from outside the vocabulary list will be included within the dictation.

Students will hear the dictation sentences three times: the first time as a full sentence, the second time in short sections and the third time again as a full sentence. See the dictation assessment criteria (page 32).

### 4.5 Paper 2: Speaking

Students may be entered for either Foundation tier or Higher tier but they must enter at the same tier for all four skills.
$25 \%$ of the marks for the qualification
A window of up to five weeks will be timetabled for the test, during which schools/colleges will be free to test their students at any time. The window will be timetabled to run in April and May. The teacher may open the Speaking test materials up to three working days in advance of the first day of the specified test period in order to prepare for conducting the tests. The Teacher's booklet will contain a Speaking test sequence chart which will show which Role-play, Reading aloud and Photo card each student must be allocated.

Detailed instructions for the teacher will be issued prior to the test period. Online training will also be available to ensure teachers are wholly familiar with the requirements and format of the tests.

The confidentiality of the test materials must be strictly maintained prior to and during the period of the tests.

Access to dictionaries is not permitted at any time during the test or the supervised preparation time.

Students will be allowed to make notes, on an Additional answer sheet, during their supervised preparation time and take them into the exam room to use at any point during the test. There is no restriction on the number of words or the material (eg conjugated verbs) which the notes may contain. They must hand the notes into the teacher-examiner at the end of the test. The notes must be stored under secure conditions until results day, after which they must be disposed of.

The test is conducted and audio-recorded by the teacher and marked by an AQA examiner.
Teachers are expected to give students the opportunity to respond fully to all tasks (being aware of the recommended length of each task specified below) to ensure that each student is able to access the maximum number of marks available. Students will be assessed on the quality of the responses they can produce within the maximum allocated time (nine minutes for Foundation tier and twelve minutes for Higher tier).
Equal credit will be given for any language used by the student which is beyond the defined content but that fulfils the task requirements.

Students should not be disadvantaged on the basis of their gender identity and/or how they refer to the gender identity of others in their exam responses. Students' preferred ways of referring to themselves and others through the use of pronouns, gendered language and grammatical agreements will be credited by examiners, regardless of whether such usage has been adopted by official language bodies in the target language-speaking countries.

The cards for each student will be allocated according to a sequence chart for each tier provided in the Teacher's Booklet in each exam series. The Reading aloud card and the Photo card will always be from different themes and the sequence chart will ensure that there is no overlap of task between the different sections of the test for individual students.

All three parts of the test will allow students to demonstrate appropriate and accurate use of the prescribed vocabulary and grammatical structures, including some more complex forms. The language produced will be of limited complexity at Foundation tier and at a greater level of complexity at Higher tier.

The tasks will also allow students to demonstrate knowledge of the sound symbol correspondences outlined in the prescribed grammar requirements so as to be understood by a native speaker.

These are the recommended lengths for each part of the speaking test:

|  | Foundation tier | Higher tier |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Part 1: Role-play | Between 1 and 1.5 minutes | Between 1 and 1.5 minutes |
| Part 2: Reading aloud task | Between 2 and 2.5 minutes | Between 3 and 3.5 minutes |
| Part 3: Photo card task | Between 4 and 5 minutes in <br> total (approximately one minute <br> for description of the photos <br> and between 3 and 4 minutes <br> for the unprepared <br> conversation) | Between 6 and 7 minutes in <br> total (approximately one and a <br> half minutes for description of <br> the photos and between 4.5 <br> and 5.5 minutes for the <br> unprepared conversation) |
| Total | 7 to 9 minutes | 10 to 12 minutes |

Marking of the speaking test will stop at the maximum amount of time specified for the tier. le, nine minutes for Foundation tier and twelve minutes for Higher tier.

### 4.5.1 Foundation and Higher tier

## 50 marks

Foundation tier: students will attend one session of 7-9 minutes (and supervised preparation time of 15 minutes).
Higher tier: students will attend one session of 10-12 minutes (and supervised preparation time of 15 minutes).
Timing of the test will start when the teacher begins the Role-play using the introductory text in the Teacher's Booklet. Timing of the test will end when the maximum time allowed is reached (nine minutes at Foundation tier for the whole test and twelve minutes at Higher tier for the whole test).
The format of the test will be the same for each tier and will consist of three parts.

### 4.5.1.1 Role-play (10 marks)

Based on a stimulus card, to be prepared by the student immediately before the test during their preparation time. Students will carry out one role-playing situation (recommended to last between one and one and a half minutes at both tiers). The Role-play tasks on the Candidate card will be in English and will contain unambiguous instructions about what to say.

The Role-play card will allow students to answer questions and convey information, using the prescribed vocabulary lists, adapting language to suit the purpose of the task. Students will be required to ask a question as part of the Role-play.

### 4.5.1.2 Reading aloud task (15 marks)

Based on a short text of a minimum of 35 words at Foundation tier and a minimum of 50 words at Higher tier, to be prepared by the student immediately before the test in their supervised preparation time. The words assessed will focus on the sound symbol correspondences listed in the DfE subject content. Students will not be permitted to read their text out loud during their supervised preparation time.
After reading the text out loud during the test, students will take part in a short unprepared conversation on the topic of the text. There are four compulsory questions set on the topic of the text which teachers will ask exactly as they are written in the Teacher's Booklet. At Foundation tier, this part of the test is recommended to last between two and two and a half minutes in total. At

Higher tier, this part of the test is recommended to last between three and three and a half minutes in total. These recommended totals include the reading of the text and the short conversation.

The student's response to the four compulsory questions is marked as a whole. Marks are not awarded to individual questions.

### 4.5.1.3 Discussion of Photo card ( 25 marks)

Based on a Photo card to be prepared by the student immediately before the test in their supervised preparation time. The Photo card will contain two photos from one of the three themes. Students will have the Photo card during their supervised preparation time in order to prepare their response to the first question. Students may make written notes in the preparation time and use these notes during the task. The first question in the Teacher's Booklet focuses on the content of the two photos on the card and is compulsory.

The Photo card task is recommended to last between four and five minutes in total at Foundation tier. At Higher tier, the Photo card task is recommended to last between six and seven minutes in total. These recommended time allocations include both parts of this task as outlined below (the student's response to the content of the photos and the unprepared conversation).

## Response to the content of the photos

Students are recommended to talk about both photos for approximately one minute at Foundation tier and approximately one and a half minutes at Higher tier. Coverage of the photos does not need to be equal but students are required to say at least one thing about each photo as a minimum requirement. Any relevant content will be credited in this first part of the task, even if it is outside the prescribed theme of the Photo card.

## Unprepared conversation

The second part of this task is an unprepared conversation which follows the description of the photos. At Foundation tier, this is recommended to last between 3 and 4 minutes and at Higher tier between 4.5 and 5.5 minutes. This conversation can be based on any or all of the three topics from the theme specified on the Candidate's card and in the Teacher's Notes, enabling students to develop personalised responses.

Guidance on questioning technique for the unprepared conversation is provided in the Paper 2 Teacher's Booklet.

As this conversation is unprepared, students must not know in advance of the Speaking test which questions, theme or topic areas will be covered in their test. It is also not permissible for teachers to narrow the scope of questions by discussing in advance with students their preferred areas for inclusion during the test.

See the Speaking test assessment criteria (page 34)

### 4.6 Paper 3: Reading

Students may be entered for either Foundation tier or Higher tier but they must enter at the same tier for all four skills.
$25 \%$ of the marks for the qualification
Foundation tier 50 marks, 45 minutes

Higher tier 50 marks, 1 hour

- Different types of written language stimuli will be used for a range of audiences and purposes, in different genres and in formal and informal contexts which are relevant to students' current and future needs and interests, having regard to the likely experiences of a wide social range.
- An example will be provided in the question paper only where it is necessary to indicate to students how a particular question should be answered.
- Access to dictionaries is not permitted at any time during the test.


### 4.6.1 Foundation and Higher tier

In Section A, students' understanding of written language will be tested by a range of question types in English, requiring non-verbal responses or responses in English. The tests will contain some items which are common to both tiers.

Responses will be assessed according to a detailed mark scheme. The appropriate mark(s) will be awarded if the student has satisfactorily communicated his or her understanding.

The test at both tiers will consist of a variety of short and longer texts, predominantly focusing on the defined vocabulary and grammar for each tier and will be of limited complexity at Foundation tier. Students will be required to identify the overall message, key points, details and opinions from items such as public notices and advertisements, extracts from brochures, newspapers, magazines, email and websites.

Students will also be required to infer, by using knowledge of the vocabulary and grammar specified for each tier, plausible meanings of single words from outside the vocabulary list when they are embedded in the context of written sentences.

In Section B, there will be a translation of sentences from French into English (a minimum of 35 words at Foundation tier and 50 words at Higher tier). In this context, translation means an appropriate and sufficient rendering of the meaning of the original language.

### 4.7 Paper 4: Writing

Students may be entered for either Foundation tier or Higher tier but they must enter at the same tier for all four skills.

## $25 \%$ of the marks for the qualification

- Access to dictionaries is not permitted at any time during the test.
- All instructions are in English. All questions are in English.
- Equal credit will be given for any language used by the student which is beyond the defined content but that fulfils the task requirements.
- Students should not be disadvantaged on the basis of their gender identity and/or how they refer to the gender identity of others in their exam responses. Students' preferred ways of referring to themselves and others through the use of pronouns, gendered language and grammatical agreements will be credited by examiners, regardless of whether such usage has been adopted by official language bodies in the target language-speaking countries.


### 4.7.1 Foundation tier

50 marks, 1 hour 10 minutes
Students are required to write in French.

### 4.7.1.1 Question 1 (10 marks)

A task which will demonstrate students' ability to write five short sentences about a photo using the prescribed vocabulary and grammar in a familiar context. The language produced will be of limited complexity at this level.

### 4.7.1.2 Question 2 (10 marks)

A task of five compulsory bullet points related to the topics and themes. This will demonstrate students' ability to write a short text in response to familiar stimuli, using simple sentences and familiar language accurately. The language produced will be of limited complexity at this tier.
Students are expected to write approximately 50 words to complete the task.

### 4.7.1.3 Question 3 (5 marks)

A task testing students' understanding and accurate application of the prescribed grammar. Students will complete five short sentences with a missing word, selected from three options.

### 4.7.1.4 Question 4 (10 marks)

A translation of sentences from English into French, requiring a minimum of 35 words. This will demonstrate students' ability to use the prescribed vocabulary and grammatical structures. In this context, translation means an appropriate and sufficient rendering of the meaning of the original language.

### 4.7.1.5 Question 5 (15 marks)

A structured writing task of three compulsory bullets which will demonstrate students' ability to respond at a more extended length to familiar stimuli related to the topics and themes and for a range of audiences and purposes. They will also make accurate use of vocabulary and grammatical structures.
Students are expected to write approximately 90 words to complete the task.
They choose either Question 5.1 or 5.2. This question is common to Higher tier Question 2.

### 4.7.2 Higher tier

50 marks, 1 hour 15 minutes
Students are required to write in French.

### 4.7.2.1 Question 1 (10 marks)

A translation of sentences from English into French, requiring a minimum of 50 words. This will demonstrate students' ability to use the prescribed vocabulary and grammatical structures. In this context, translation means an appropriate and sufficient rendering of the meaning of the original language.

### 4.7.2.2 Question 2 (15 marks)

A structured writing task of three compulsory bullet points which will demonstrate students' ability to respond at a more extended length to familiar stimuli related to the topics and themes and for a range of audiences and purposes. They will also make accurate use of vocabulary and grammatical structures, but equal credit will be given for language used, which is beyond the defined content.

Students are expected to write approximately 90 words to complete the task. They choose either Question 2.1 or 2.2. This question is common to Foundation tier Question 5.

### 4.7.2.3 Question 3 ( 25 marks)

An open-ended writing task of two compulsory bullet points which will demonstrate students' ability to make more creative use of the prescribed vocabulary and grammatical structures, showing a higher level of complexity and accuracy at this level.

Equal credit will be given for language used which is beyond the defined content.
Students are expected to write approximately 150 words to complete the task. They choose either Question 3.1 or 3.2.

See the Writing test assessment criteria (page 41)

### 4.8 Assessment criteria

### 4.8.1 Paper 1: Listening

### 4.8.1.1 Foundation tier

## Section A: Listening comprehension

See the mark scheme published each year for details of how marks are awarded.

## Section B: Dictation

The dictation is assessed for Communication of meaning (AO1) (4 marks) and Transcription and grammatical accuracy (AO3) (4 marks) as specified in the criteria below. The maximum mark for Section B is 8 . When awarding the marks for AO1 and AO3, the student's response across all the spoken extracts should be considered as a whole.

| Level | Mark | A01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 4 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is always or almost always <br> communicated clearly. |
| 3 | 3 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is mostly communicated. |
| 2 | 2 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is sometimes communicated. |
| 1 | 1 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is rarely communicated. |
| 0 | 0 | The meaning of the spoken extracts communicated does not meet <br> the standard for Level 1 at this tier. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 4 | Words are frequently transcribed correctly with a good level of <br> grammatical accuracy. |
| 3 | 3 | Words are generally transcribed correctly with a reasonable level of <br> grammatical accuracy. |
| 2 | 2 | Words are occasionally transcribed correctly with a limited level of <br> grammatical accuracy. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | Words are very rarely transcribed correctly with a very limited level <br> of grammatical accuracy. |
| 0 | 0 | Transcription and grammatical accuracy do not meet the standard <br> for Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

A mark of zero for AO1 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3, but apart from that, the AO1 mark does not limit the mark for AO3.

Please see the mark scheme for more guidance on application of the assessment criteria.

### 4.8.1.2 Higher tier

## Section A: Listening comprehension

See the mark scheme published each year for details of how marks are awarded.

## Section B: Dictation

The dictation is assessed for Communication of meaning (AO1) (5 marks) and Transcription and grammatical accuracy (AO3) ( 5 marks) as specified in the criteria below. The maximum mark for Section B is 10. When awarding the marks for AO1 and AO3, the student's response across all the spoken extracts should be considered as a whole.

| Level | Mark | A01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is communicated very clearly <br> throughout. |
| 4 | 4 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is almost always communicated <br> clearly. |
| 3 | 3 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is mostly communicated. |
| 2 | 2 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is sometimes communicated. |
| 1 | 1 | The meaning of the spoken extracts is rarely communicated. |
| 0 | 0 | The meaning of the spoken extracts communicated does not meet <br> the standard for Level 1 at this tier. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | Words are always or nearly always transcribed correctly with a very <br> high level of grammatical accuracy. |
| 4 | 4 | Words are frequently transcribed correctly with a good level of <br> grammatical accuracy. |
| 3 | 3 | Words are generally transcribed correctly with a reasonable level of <br> grammatical accuracy. |
| 2 | 2 | Words are occasionally transcribed correctly with a limited level of <br> grammatical accuracy. |
| 1 | 1 | Words are very rarely transcribed correctly with a very limited level <br> of grammatical accuracy. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | Transcription and grammatical accuracy do not meet the standard <br> for Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

A mark of zero for AO1 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3, but apart from that, the AO1 mark does not limit the mark for AO3.

Please see the mark scheme for more guidance on application of the assessment criteria.

### 4.8.2 Paper 2: Speaking

Marks will be allocated in the following way at both Foundation and Higher tier:

|  | A01 | A02 | A03 | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Role-play |  | 10 |  | 10 |
| Reading aloud <br> task | 10 |  | 5 | 15 |
| Discussion of <br> Photo card | 15 | 5 | 5 | 25 |
| Total | 25 | 15 | 10 | 50 |

### 4.8.2.1 Foundation tier

Part 1: Role-play (10 marks)
There are five tasks for the Role-play, each of which will be awarded up to 2 marks for AO2.
For each task:

| Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The message is conveyed without ambiguity. |
| 1 | The message is partially conveyed or conveyed with some <br> ambiguity. |
| 0 | No part of the message is conveyed. |

## Notes

- Where students are required to give two responses or details in one task, failure to convey an unambiguous message in reply to one of them means that the message is partially conveyed and one mark is awarded.
- The tasks on the Candidate's card and the notes in the Teacher's Booklet clearly explain how much detail the student is expected to give per task. However, some students may still go beyond the minimum requirement of the task. When this happens, as soon as the task is accomplished, any further incorrect information given by the student is ignored for assessment purposes.


## Part 2: Reading aloud (15 marks)

This part of the test is divided into two sections:

- reading aloud of a text
- answering four compulsory questions specified in the Teacher's Booklet.


## Reading aloud of the text (5 marks A03)

Reading aloud of the text is marked according to the following criteria.

| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | There may be minor errors and a few major errors in pronunciation. |
| 4 | 4 | There are regular minor and some major errors in pronunciation. |
| 3 | 3 | There are frequent minor and frequent major errors in pronunciation. |
| 2 | 2 | Pronunciation is rarely accurate. |
| 1 | 1 | Pronunciation is very rarely accurate. |
| 0 | 0 | Does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.

Response to compulsory questions (10 marks A01)

| Level | Mark | A01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $9-10$ | - All questions are answered clearly. <br> - At least two answers have an extended response and at least <br> one other is developed well. |
| 4 | $7-8$ | - At least three questions are answered clearly. <br> - One answer has an extended response and at least one other <br> is developed well. |
| 3 | $5-6$ | - At least two questions are answered clearly. <br> - One answer is developed well and at least one other is <br> developed minimally. |
| 2 | $1-2$ | - At least two questions are answered understandably. <br> - One answer is developed minimally. |
| 0 | 0 | - At least one question is answered understandably. <br> - The answer(s) may be a very limited response. |

## Part 3: Discussion of Photo card ( 25 marks)

This part of the test is divided into two sections:

- response to the content of the photos on the card
- unprepared conversation.

Response to content of the photos (5 marks A02)

| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | - Quite a lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Information may lack clarity from time to time. |
| 4 | 4 | - Some information is conveyed. <br> - Information lacks clarity from time to time. |
| 3 | 3 | - Some information is conveyed. <br> - Information lacks clarity from time to time and occasionally <br> messages break down. |
| 2 | 1 | - Little information is conveyed. <br> - Messages regularly break down. |
| 1 | 0 | - Very little information is conveyed. <br> produced is barely understandable. |
| 0 | Does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |  |

## Notes

- AO2 marks are awarded for the student's response to the content of the photos, in reply to the teacher's prompt 'Tell me about the photos'. Students must talk about both photos, but coverage need not be equal. The minimum requirement for each photo is for students to say one thing.
- If a student only speaks about one photo, there is a deduction of one mark. So, if according to the criteria three marks would have been awarded, this is reduced to two. However, if the mark would have been one, no deduction is made.


## Unprepared conversation (15 marks A01 and 5 marks A03)

Marks for AO1 and for AO3 are awarded based on the conversation following the student's response to the content of the photos.
AO1 (15 marks)

| Level | Mark | A01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $13-15$ | • Quite a lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Regular good development of responses. <br> - Information may lack clarity from time to time. |


| Level | Mark | A01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | $10-12$ | - Some information is conveyed. <br> - Some good development and regular minimal development of <br> responses. <br> - Information lacks clarity from time to time. |
| 3 | $7-9$ | - Some information is conveyed. <br> - Regular minimal development of responses. <br> - Information lacks clarity from time to time and occasionally <br> messages break down. |
| 2 | $4-6$ | - Little information is conveyed. <br> - Limited responses with occasional minimal development. <br> - Messages regularly break down. |
| 1 | $1-3$ | - Very little information is conveyed. <br> - Limited responses. <br> - Messages regularly break down or hardly anything is said. |
| 0 | 0 | Does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |


| AO3 (5 marks) |
| :--- |
| Level Mark A03 <br> 5 5 -Good variety of vocabulary and structures, but with some <br> repetition. <br> There may be frequent minor errors. Some major errors may <br> occur even in basic language. <br> 4$\| 3$ <br> 3 2 - Some variety of vocabulary and structures, but with regular <br> repetition. <br> 2 Frequent minor errors and some major errors in most <br> responses to questions.  <br> - Limited variety of vocabulary and structures with regular   <br> respotition.   |
| 1 |

## Notes

- A mark of zero for AO1 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3, but, apart from that, the AO1 mark does not limit the mark for AO3.
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.

More guidance on application of the assessment criteria can be found in the mark scheme for Paper 2.

### 4.8.2.2 Higher tier

## Part 1: Role-play (10 marks)

There are five tasks for the Role-play, each of which will be awarded up to 2 marks for AO2.
For each task:

| Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The message is conveyed without ambiguity. |
| 1 | The message is partially conveyed or conveyed with some <br> ambiguity. |
| 0 | No part of the message is conveyed. |

## Notes

- Where students are required to give two responses or details in one task, failure to convey an unambiguous message in reply to one of them means that the message is partially conveyed and one mark is awarded.
- The tasks on the Candidate's card and the notes in the Teacher's Booklet clearly explain how much detail the student is expected to give per task. However, some students may still go beyond the minimum requirement of the task. When this happens, as soon as the task is accomplished, any further incorrect information given by the student is ignored for assessment purposes.


## Part 2: Reading aloud task (15 marks)

This part of the test is divided into two sections:

- reading aloud of a text
- answering four compulsory questions specified in the Teacher's role.


## Reading aloud of the text (5 marks AO3)

Reading aloud of the text is marked according to the following criteria.

| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | Pronunciation is always or nearly always accurate but there may be <br> an occasional minor error. |
| 4 | 4 | There are a few minor errors in pronunciation. |
| 3 | 3 | There are some minor errors and very occasional major errors in <br> pronunciation. |
| 2 | 2 | There are minor errors and a few major errors in pronunciation. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | There are regular minor and some major errors in pronunciation. |
| 0 | 0 | Does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.

Response to compulsory questions (10 marks A01)

| Level | Mark | A01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $9-10$ | - All questions are answered clearly. <br> - At least two answers have an extended response and at least <br> one other is developed well. |
| 4 | $7-8$ | - At least three questions are answered clearly. <br> - One answer has an extended response and at least one other <br> is developed well. |
| 3 | $5-6$ | - At least two questions are answered clearly. <br> - One answer is developed well and at least one other is <br> developed minimally. |
| 2 | $3-4$ | - At least two questions are answered understandably. <br> - One answer is developed minimally. |
| 1 | 0 | - At least one question is answered understandably. <br> - The answer(s) may be a very limited response. |
| 0 | Does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |  |

Part 3: Discussion of Photo card ( 25 marks)
This part of the test is divided into two sections:

- response to the content of the photos on the card
- unprepared conversation.

Response to the content of the photos (5 marks A02)

| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | - A lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Information is always conveyed clearly. |
| 4 | 4 | - A lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Information is nearly always conveyed clearly. |
| 3 | 3 | - Quite a lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Information is nearly always conveyed clearly. |


| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | - Quite a lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Information may lack clarity from time to time. |
| 1 | 1 | - Some information is conveyed. <br> - Information lacks clarity from time to time. |
| 0 | 0 | Does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

- AO2 marks are awarded for the student's response to the content of the photos, in reply to the teacher's prompt 'Tell me about the photos'. Students must talk about both photos, but coverage need not be equal. The minimum requirement for each photo is for students to say one thing.
- If a student only speaks about one photo, there is a deduction of one mark. So, if according to the criteria three marks would have been awarded, this is reduced to two. However, if the mark would have been one, no deduction is made.


## Unprepared conversation (15 marks A01 and 5 marks A03)

Marks for AO1 and AO3 are awarded based on the conversation following the student's response to the content of the photos.
AO1 (15 marks)

| Level | Mark | A01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 13-15 | - A lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Consistent good development with regular extended responses. <br> - Information is always or nearly always conveyed clearly. |
| 4 | 10-12 | - A lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Consistent good development with some extended responses. <br> - Information is conveyed clearly, but with occasional lapses. |
| 3 | 7-9 | - Quite a lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Consistent good development with occasional extended responses. <br> - Information is generally conveyed clearly. |
| 2 | 4-6 | - Quite a lot of information is conveyed. <br> - Regular good development of responses. <br> - Information may lack clarity from time to time. |
| 1 | 1-3 | - Some information is conveyed. <br> - Some good development and regular minimal development of responses. <br> - Information lacks clarity from time to time. |
| 0 | 0 | Does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |

## AO3 (5 marks)

| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5 | - Wide variety of vocabulary and structures. <br> - There may be a few minor errors. Few or no major errors when more complex language is attempted. |
| 4 | 4 | - Very good variety of vocabulary and structures. <br> - Some minor errors. Some major errors when more complex language is attempted. |
| 3 | 3 | - Good variety of vocabulary and structures, but with occasional repetition. <br> - Quite a lot of minor errors. Occasional major errors, not only in attempts at more complex language. |
| 2 | 2 | - Good variety of vocabulary and structures, but with some repetition. <br> - Frequent minor errors. Some major errors which occur even in basic language. |
| 1 | 1 | - Some variety of vocabulary and structures, but with regular repetition. <br> - Frequent minor errors and some major errors in most responses to questions. |
| 0 | 0 | The language does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

- A mark of zero for AO1 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3, but, apart from that, the AO1 mark does not limit the mark for AO3.
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.

More guidance on application of the assessment criteria can be found in the mark scheme for Paper 2.

### 4.8.3 Paper 3: Reading

See the mark scheme published each year for details of how marks are awarded for this question paper.

### 4.8.4 Paper 4: Writing

### 4.8.4.1 Foundation tier

Marks will be allocated in the following way at Foundation tier:

|  | A02: Understand and <br> respond to written <br> language in writing | A03: Demonstrate <br> knowledge and <br> accurate application of <br> the grammar and <br> vocabulary | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Question 1 | 10 |  | 10 |
| Question 2 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Question 3 |  | 5 | 5 |
| Question 4 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Question 5 | 25 | 25 | 15 |
| Total |  | 50 |  |

In all questions, vocabulary and grammar which are not on the defined list will be given equal credit to items which are on it.

## Question 1 (10 marks)

Students are required to write five sentences. Each sentence is marked separately for AO2 and is worth a maximum of two marks ( 10 marks in total), according to the following criteria. The whole sentence should be considered when awarding the mark.

| Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The relevant message is clearly communicated. |
| 1 | The message is relevant but has some ambiguity and causes a <br> delay in communication. |
| 0 | The message is irrelevant or cannot be understood. |

## Question 2 (10 marks)

There are five compulsory bullet points assessed for AO2 (5 marks) and AO3 (5 marks), as specified in the criteria below. The student is expected to produce approximately 50 words over the whole question. The number of words is approximate - demonstration of the mark descriptors is more important than the word count. Examiners will mark all work produced by the student, even if it is well beyond the suggested number of words.

| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | - All five bullet points are covered. <br> - Communication is clear. |
| 4 | 4 | - At least four bullet points are covered. <br> - Communication is mostly clear. There are occasional lapses in <br> clarity. |
| 3 | 3 | - At least three bullet points are covered. <br> - Communication is generally clear. There are several lapses in <br> clarity. |


| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | - At least two bullet points are covered. <br> - Communication is sometimes clear. There are regular lapses <br> in clarity. |
| 1 | 1 | - At least one bullet point is covered. <br> - Communication is often not clear. There are many lapses in <br> clarity. |
| 0 | 0 | The content does not meet the standard required for a mark at this <br> tier. |

## Notes

- All bullet points are compulsory and must be covered, but there is no need for equal coverage of the bullet points.
- When awarding a mark, all aspects of the descriptors must be considered and not only the number of bullet points covered.
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Level } & \text { Mark } & \text { A03 } \\
\hline 5 & 5 & 4 \\
\hline 4 & 3 & \begin{array}{l}\text { - There is a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures. } \\
\text { - There may be some errors, but these are minor. }\end{array} \\
\hline 3 & 2 & \begin{array}{l}\text { - There is some variety of vocabulary and grammatical } \\
\text { - structures. } \\
\text { There are frequent minor errors but with an occasional major } \\
\text { error. }\end{array}
$$ <br>
\hline - There is some attempt at a variety of vocabulary and <br>
grammatical structures. <br>
There are frequent minor errors, together with some major <br>

errors.\end{array}\right]\)| - There is use of limited or repetitive vocabulary and |
| :--- |
| grammatical structures. |

## Notes

- A mark of zero for AO2 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3, but, apart from that, the AO2 mark does not limit the mark for AO3.
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.


## Question 3 (5 marks)

Students are required to complete five sentences by writing the correct word to complete the short sentence, using their knowledge of grammar. There are three words to choose from for each of the five sentences. There are 5 marks for AO3.

Please see the published mark scheme for each series for this question.

## Question 4 (10 marks)

The translation is assessed for AO3 (10 marks) as specified in the criteria below. The maximum mark for Question 4 is 10.

When awarding the mark for Grid one out of a maximum of five, the translation is divided into 15 elements as shown in the mark scheme for each exam series. A tick will be awarded for each element that is communicated, despite any minor inaccuracies. The number of ticks out of 15 in column 2 of Grid one below equates to a mark out of five in column 3.

Grid one: Rendering of the original meaning

| Level | Number of <br> ticks <br> credited | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $13-15$ | 5 | The meanings of all or nearly all elements of the original <br> language are sufficiently rendered. |
| 4 | $10-12$ | 4 | The meanings of most elements of the original language <br> are sufficiently rendered. |
| 3 | $7-9$ | 3 | The meanings of some elements of the original language <br> are sufficiently rendered. |
| 2 | $4-6$ | 2 | The meanings of few elements of the original language are <br> sufficiently rendered. |
| 1 | $1-3$ | 1 | The meanings of very few elements of the original language <br> are sufficiently rendered. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | No elements of the meanings of the original language are <br> conveyed. |

Once the mark for Grid one is awarded, a mark out of five is awarded for Grid two. This mark is based on the student's response across all five sentences as a whole.

Grid two: Knowledge of vocabulary and grammar

| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | - Very good knowledge of the required vocabulary. Few if any <br> inappropriate or omitted items. <br> Grammar is highly accurate and any errors that occur are only <br> minor. |
| 4 | 4 | - Good knowledge of vocabulary. Some inappropriate or omitted <br> items. <br> Grammar is generally accurate with regular minor errors. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 3 | • Satisfactory knowledge of vocabulary. Regular inappropriate or <br> omitted items. <br> Grammar is more accurate than inaccurate. Regular major and <br> minor errors. |
| 2 | 2 | - Limited knowledge of vocabulary. Many inappropriate or <br> omitted items. <br> Grammar is generally inaccurate. Many major and minor <br> errors. |
| 1 | 1 | - Very limited knowledge of vocabulary. Few appropriate items. <br> - Grammar is highly inaccurate. Major and minor errors in all or <br> almost all sentences. |
| 0 | 0 | The language produced does not meet the standard required for <br> Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

- A mark of zero in Grid one automatically results in a mark of zero in Grid two, but apart from that, the 'Rendering of the original meaning' mark does not limit the mark for 'Knowledge of vocabulary and grammar'.
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.


## Question 5 (15 marks)

There are three compulsory bullet points, assessed for AO2 (10 marks) and AO3 (5 marks), as specified in the criteria below. The student is expected to produce approximately 90 words over the whole question. The number of words is approximate and demonstration of the mark descriptors is more important than the word count. Examiners will mark all work produced by the student even if it is well beyond the suggested number of words.
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Level } & \text { Mark } & \text { A02 } \\ \hline 5 & 9-10 & \begin{array}{l}\text { - All three bullet points are covered. } \\ \text { - Communication is clear. } \\ \text { - Ideas are regularly developed with a lot of relevant information } \\ \text { being conveyed. }\end{array} \\ \hline 4 & 7-8 & \begin{array}{l}\text { - All three bullet points are covered. } \\ \text { - Communication is mostly clear but perhaps with occasional } \\ \text { - Iapses in clarity. } \\ \text { information being conveyed. }\end{array} \\ \hline 3 & 5-6 & \begin{array}{l}\text { - At least two bullet points are covered. } \\ \text { - Communication is generally clear but there are likely to be } \\ \text { - Iapses in clarity. }\end{array} \\ \text { is few ideas may be developed and some relevant information }\end{array}\right]$

| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $3-4$ | • At least one bullet point is covered. <br> - Communication is sometimes clear and there are regular <br> lapses in clarity. |
| 1 | $1-2$ | - Attle relevant information is conveyed. |
| - Communication is often not clear and there are very many |  |  |
| lapses in clarity. |  |  |
| • Very little relevant information is conveyed. |  |  |

## Notes

There may be some imbalance in the coverage of the three compulsory bullet points but, provided at least some coverage of all bullet points is evident, students will have access to full marks where the other criteria are met.

When awarding a mark, all aspects of the descriptors must be considered and not only the number of bullet points covered.

| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5 | - A good variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - There are regular attempts at complexity of language and structure. <br> - There are references to all three time frames which are mainly successful. <br> - Any errors are mainly minor but some major errors may occur, particularly in complex structures and sentences. |
| 4 | 4 | - A variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - There are some attempts at complexity of language and structure. <br> - There are references to at least two different time frames which are mainly successful. <br> - Errors are mainly minor but some major errors may occur. |
| 3 | 3 | - Some variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - There may be occasional attempts at complexity of language and structure. <br> - There are references to at least two different time frames, although these may not always be successful. <br> - There may be some major errors, and minor errors occur regularly but overall the response is more accurate than inaccurate. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | - A limited variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - The language is mainly simple but there may be some <br> attempts at longer sentences with appropriate linking words. <br> - There may be no successful references to different time <br> frames. <br> - There may be frequent major and minor errors and overall the <br> response is generally inaccurate. |
| 1 | 1 | - The range of vocabulary is narrow and/or repetitive. <br> - The language is simple and sentences are short or may not be <br> properly constructed. <br> - There are no successful references to different time frames. <br> Thesponse is highly inaccurate. |
| 0 | 0 | The language does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this <br> tier. |

## Notes

- A mark of zero for AO2 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3. Apart from that, the AO2 mark does not limit the mark for AO3.
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.


### 4.8.4.2 Higher tier

Marks will be allocated in the following way at Higher tier:

|  | A02: Understand and <br> respond to written <br> language in writing | A03: Demonstrate <br> knowledge and <br> accurate application of <br> the grammar and <br> vocabulary | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Question 1 |  | 10 | 10 |
| Question 2 | 10 | 5 | 15 |
| Question 3 | 15 | 10 | 25 |
| Total | 25 | 25 | 50 |

In all questions, vocabulary and grammar which are not on the defined list will be given equal credit to items which are on it.

## Question 1 (10 marks)

The translation is assessed for AO3 (10 marks) as specified in the criteria below. The maximum mark for Question 1 is 10.

When awarding the mark for Grid one out of a maximum of five, the translation is divided into 15 elements as shown in the mark scheme for each exam series. A tick will be awarded for each
element that is communicated, despite any minor inaccuracies. The number of ticks out of 15 in column 2 of Grid one below equates to a mark out of five in column 3.

Grid one: Rendering of the original meaning

| Level | Number of <br> ticks <br> credited | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $13-15$ | 5 | The meanings of all or nearly all elements of the original <br> language are sufficiently rendered. |
| 4 | $10-12$ | 4 | The meanings of most elements of the original language <br> are sufficiently rendered. |
| 3 | $7-9$ | 3 | The meanings of some elements of the original language <br> are sufficiently rendered. |
| 2 | $4-6$ | 2 | The meanings of few elements of the original language are <br> sufficiently rendered. |
| 1 | $1-3$ | 1 | The meanings of very few elements of the original language <br> are sufficiently rendered. |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | No elements of the meanings of the original language are <br> conveyed. |

Once the mark for Grid one is awarded, a mark out of five is awarded for Grid two. This mark is based on the student's response across all five sentences as a whole.

Grid two: Knowledge of vocabulary and grammar

| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | • Very good knowledge of the required vocabulary. Few if any <br> inappropriate or omitted items. <br> Grammar is highly accurate and any errors that occur are only <br> minor. |
| 4 | 4 | - Good knowledge of vocabulary. Some inappropriate or omitted <br> items. <br> - Grammar is generally accurate with regular minor errors. |
| 3 | 3 | - Satisfactory knowledge of vocabulary. Regular inappropriate or <br> omitted items. <br> Grammar is more accurate than inaccurate. Regular major and <br> minor errors. |
| 2 | - Limited knowledge of vocabulary. Many inappropriate or <br> omitted items. |  |
| Grammar is generally inaccurate. Many major and minor |  |  |
| errors. |  |  |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | - Very limited knowledge of vocabulary. Few appropriate items. <br> - Grammar is highly inaccurate. Major and minor errors in all or <br> almost all sentences. |
| 0 | 0 | The language produced does not meet the standard required for <br> Level 1 at this tier. |

## Notes

- A mark of zero in Grid one automatically results in a mark of zero in Grid two, but apart from that, the 'Rendering of the original meaning' mark does not limit the mark for Knowledge of vocabulary and grammar.
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.


## Question 2 (15 marks)

There are three compulsory bullet points assessed for AO2 (10 marks) and AO3 (5 marks), as specified in the criteria below. The student is expected to produce approximately 90 words over the whole question. The number of words is approximate - demonstration of the mark descriptors is more important than the word count. Examiners will mark all work produced by the student even if it is well beyond the suggested number of words.
All bullet points must be covered, but there is no need for equal coverage of the bullets.

| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 9-10 | - All three bullet points are covered. <br> - Communication is clear. <br> - Ideas are regularly developed with a lot of relevant information being conveyed. |
| 4 | 7-8 | - All three bullet points are covered. <br> - Communication is mostly clear but perhaps with occasional lapses in clarity. <br> - Ideas are often developed with quite a lot of relevant information being conveyed. |
| 3 | 5-6 | - At least two bullet points are covered. <br> - Communication is generally clear but there are likely to be lapses in clarity. <br> - A few ideas may be developed and some relevant information is conveyed. |
| 2 | 3-4 | - At least one bullet point is covered. <br> - Communication is sometimes clear and there are regular lapses in clarity. <br> - Little relevant information is conveyed. |


| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $1-2$ | • At least one bullet point is covered. <br> - Communication is often not clear and there are very many <br> lapses in clarity. |
| 0 | 0 | Very little relevant information is conveyed. <br> tier. |

## Notes

There may be some imbalance in the coverage of the three compulsory bullet points but, provided at least some coverage of all bullet points is evident, students will have access to full marks where the other criteria are met.

When awarding a mark, all aspects of the descriptors must be considered and not only the number of bullet points covered.

| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5 | - A good variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - There are regular attempts at complexity of language and structure. <br> - There are references to all three time frames which are mainly successful. <br> - Any errors are mainly minor but some major errors may occur, particularly in complex structures and sentences. |
| 4 | 4 | - A variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - There are some attempts at complexity of language and structure. <br> - There are references to at least two different time frames which are mainly successful. <br> - Errors are mainly minor but some major errors may occur. |
| 3 | 3 | - Some variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - There may be occasional attempts at complexity of language and structure. <br> - There are references to at least two different time frames, although these may not always be successful. <br> - There may be some major errors, and minor errors occur regularly but overall the response is more accurate than inaccurate. |
| 2 | 2 | - A limited variety of vocabulary is used. <br> - The language is mainly simple but there may be some attempts at longer sentences with appropriate linking words. <br> - There may be no successful references to different time frames. <br> - There may be frequent major and minor errors and overall the response is generally inaccurate. |


| Level | Mark | A03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | - The range of vocabulary is narrow and/or repetitive. <br> - The language is simple and sentences are short or may not be <br> properly constructed. |
| 0 | There are no successful references to different time frames. <br> There may be frequent major and minor errors and overall the <br> response is highly inaccurate. |  |
| 0 | The language does not meet the standard required for Level 1 at this <br> tier. |  |

## Notes

- A mark of zero for AO2 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3. Apart from that, the AO 2 mark does not limit the mark for AO 3 .
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.


## Question 3 (25 marks)

For this question there are two compulsory bullet points, which are assessed for AO2 (15 marks), and AO3 (10 marks), as specified in the criteria below. The maximum mark for Question 3 is 25 .

The student is expected to produce approximately 150 words over the whole question. The number of words is approximate - demonstration of the mark descriptors is more important than the word count. Examiners will mark all work produced by the student even if it is well beyond the suggested number of words.

Both bullet points must be covered, but there is no need for equal coverage of the bullets.
A02

| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $13-15$ | - A lot of information is conveyed in relation to the task. <br> - Regular successful development of ideas, accounts and/or <br> description. <br> - Communication is clear with very few or no lapses in clarity. |
| 4 | $10-12$ | - Quite a lot of information is conveyed in relation to the task. <br> - Regular attempts at development of ideas, accounts and/or <br> description which are mostly successful. <br> Communication is mostly clear but there are a few lapses in <br> clarity. |
| 3 | $7-9$ | - An adequate amount of information is conveyed in relation to <br> the task. |
| Some successful development of ideas, accounts and/or <br> description. <br> Communication is usually clear but there are some lapses in <br> clarity. |  |  |


| Level | Mark | A02 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $4-6$ | • Some information is conveyed in relation to the task. <br> - A little development of ideas, accounts and/or description. <br> - Communication is sometimes unclear and there are regular <br> lapses in clarity. |
| 1 | $1-3$ | - A limited amount of information is conveyed in relation to the <br> task. <br> Very limited or no development of ideas, accounts and/or <br> description. |
| in clarity. |  |  |

## Notes

- There may be some imbalance in the coverage of the two compulsory bullet points but, provided at least some coverage of both bullet points is evident, students will have access to full marks where the other criteria are met.
- When awarding a mark, all aspects of the descriptors must be considered and not only the number of bullet points covered.
- A student who conveys information in relation to one bullet point can score a maximum of 12 marks for AO2.


## A03

In this question, the marks for AO3 are split between Range and use of language (Grid 1) and Accuracy (Grid 2). There is a maximum of five marks for each of these criteria, making a total of 10 marks for AO 3 in this question.
The whole of the response must be assessed when awarding the marks for AO 3 , even if some of it is irrelevant to the bullet points.

Grid one: Range and use of language

| Level | Mark | A03 (Range and use of language) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | - Very good variety of appropriate vocabulary and grammatical <br> - structures. <br> Complex language is regularly attempted and is often <br> successful. |
| 4 | 4 | - Good variety of appropriate vocabulary and grammatical <br> structures. <br> Complex language is regularly attempted and is generally <br> successful. |
| 3 | 3 | - Some variety of appropriate vocabulary and grammatical <br> structures. <br> Complex language is occasionally attempted and is sometimes <br> successful. |


| Level | Mark | A03 (Range and use of language) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | - Little variety of appropriate vocabulary and grammatical <br> - structures. <br> Short and simple structures are often used but there is also <br> regular use of longer sentences, with linking words. |
| 1 | 1 | - Very little variety of appropriate vocabulary. <br> - Structures used are mainly short and simple. |
| 0 | 0 | The range of language produced does not meet the standard <br> required for a mark at this tier. |

Grid two: Accuracy

| Level | Mark | A03 (Accuracy) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 5 | - The response is usually accurate, although there may be <br> occasional major and some minor errors, especially in <br> attempts at more complex structures. <br> V Verbs and tense formations are secure. |
| 4 | 3 | - The response is generally accurate with several major and <br> minor errors, usually in attempts at more complex structures. <br> - Verbs and tense formations are generally correct. |
| 3 | 2 | - The response is reasonably accurate. There are major and <br> - minor errors in both simple and complex structures. |
| 2 | 1 | - The response is more inaccurate than accurate. There are <br> - Vrequent major and minor errors. |
| 1 | 0 | Verb and tense formations are often incorrect. |
| - The response is mostly inaccurate. There are major and minor all sentences. |  |  |
| errb and tense formations are nearly always incorrect. |  |  |

## Notes

- A mark of zero for AO2 automatically results in a mark of zero for AO3. Apart from that, the AO2 mark does not limit the mark for AO3.
- A major error is one which adversely affects communication.
- A minor error is one which does not affect communication.

More guidance on application of the assessment criteria can be found in the mark scheme for Paper 4.

54 Visit for the most up-to-date specification, resources, support and administration

## 5 General administration

You can find information about all aspects of administration, as well as all the forms you need, at aqa.org.uk/examsadmin

### 5.1 Entries and codes

You only need to make one entry for each qualification - this will cover all the question papers and certification.

Every specification is given a national discount (classification) code by the Department for Education (DfE), which indicates its subject area.

If a student takes two specifications with the same discount code:

- further and higher education providers are likely to take the view that they have only achieved one of the two qualifications
- only one of them will be counted for the purpose of the School and College Performance tables - the DfE's rules on 'early entry' will determine which one.

Please check this before your students start their course.

| Qualification title | Option | AQA entry <br> code | DfE discount <br> code |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AQA GCSE in French | Foundation <br> tier | 8652 F | FKF |
|  | Higher tier | 8652 H | FKF |

This specification complies with:

- Ofqual General conditions of recognition that apply to all regulated qualifications
- Ofqual GCSE qualification level conditions that apply to all GCSEs
- Ofqual GCSE subject level conditions that apply to all GCSEs in this subject
- all other relevant regulatory documents.

The Ofqual qualification accreditation number (QAN) is 610/2790/X .

### 5.2 Overlaps with other qualifications

There are no overlaps with any other AQA qualifications at this level.

### 5.3 Awarding grades and reporting results

The qualification will be graded on a nine-point scale: 1 to 9 - where 9 is the best grade.
A student taking Foundation tier assessments will be awarded a grade within the range of 1 to 5 . Students who fail to reach the minimum standard for grade 1 will be recorded as $U$ (unclassified) and will not receive a qualification certificate.

A student taking Higher tier assessments will be awarded a grade within the range of 4 to 9 . A student sitting the Higher tier who just fails to achieve grade 4 will be awarded an allowed grade 3. Students who fail to reach the minimum standard for the allowed grade 3 will be recorded as $U$ (unclassified) and will not receive a qualification certificate.

### 5.4 Resits and shelf life

Students can resit the qualification as many times as they wish, within the shelf life of the qualification.

### 5.5 Previous learning and prerequisites

There are no previous learning requirements. Any requirements for entry to a course based on this specification are at the discretion of schools and colleges.

### 5.6 Access to assessment: diversity and inclusion

General qualifications are designed to prepare students for a wide range of occupations and further study. Therefore our qualifications must assess a wide range of competences.
The subject criteria have been assessed to see if any of the skills or knowledge required present any possible difficulty to any students, whatever their ethnic background, religion, sex, age, disability or sexuality. Tests of specific competences were only included if they were important to the subject.
As members of the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) we participate in the production of the JCQ document Access Arrangements and Reasonable Adjustments: General and Vocational qualifications. We follow these guidelines when assessing the needs of individual students who may require an access arrangement or reasonable adjustment. This document is published at jcq.org.uk

## Students with disabilities and special needs

We're required by the Equality Act 2010 to make reasonable adjustments to remove or lessen any disadvantage that affects a disabled student.

We can make arrangements for disabled students and students with special needs to help them access the assessments, as long as the competences being tested aren't changed. Access arrangements must be agreed before the assessment. For example, a Braille paper would be a reasonable adjustment for a Braille reader.

To arrange access arrangements or reasonable adjustments, you can apply using the online service at aqa.org.uk/eaqa

## Special consideration

We can give special consideration to students who have been disadvantaged at the time of the assessment through no fault of their own - for example a temporary illness, injury or serious problem such as family bereavement. We can only do this after the assessment.

Your exams officer should apply online for special consideration at aqa.org.uk/eaga

For more information and advice visit aqa.org.uk/access or email accessarrangementsqueries@aqa.org.uk

### 5.7 Working with AQA for the first time

If your school or college hasn't previously offered our specifications, you need to register as an AQA centre. Find out how at aqa.org.uk/becomeacentre

### 5.8 Private candidates

This specification is available to private candidates.
A private candidate is someone who enters for exams through an AQA approved school or college but is not enrolled as a student there.

A private candidate may be self-taught, home schooled or have private tuition, either with a tutor or through a distance learning organisation. They must be based in the UK.

If you have any queries as a private candidate, you can:

- speak to the exams officer at the school or college where you intend to take your exams
- visit our website at aqa.org.uk/privatecandidates
- email privatecandidates@aqa.org.uk


## 6 Appendix 1: Sound symbol correspondences (SSCs)

Examples of words demonstrating the sound symbol correspondences (SSCs).

| Sound symbol correspondence | Example 1 | Example 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| silent final consonant | sommes | effort |
| a | arriver | avec |
| i/y | physique | public |
| eu | deux | (un) peu |
| e | le | de |
| au/eau/closed o/ô | sauf | beau |
| ou | sous | toujours |
| u | dur | connu |
| silent final e | jeune | chaque |
| é (-er, -ez) | moitié | région |
| en/an/em/am | immédiatement | grand |
| on/om | tomber | compétence |
| ain/in/aim/im | matin | faim |
| è/ê/ai | vrai | collège |
| oi/oy | mois | moyen |
| ch | chose | marché |
| ç (and soft 'c') | façon | français |
| qu | banque | informatique |
| j | jusque | jeunesse |
| -tion | construction | application |
| -ien | ne...rien | canadien |
| s-liaison | nos | les |
| t-liaison | tout | petit |
| n-liaison | bon | mon |
| x-liaison | faux | nouveaux |
| h | homme | hôpital |
| un | lundi | emprunter |


| Sound symbol correspondence | Example 1 | Example 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -gn- | campagne | gagner |
| r | rester | comprendre |
| open eu/œu | leur | cœur |
| open o | porte | alors |
| -s- | maison | cuisine |
| th | bibliothèque | thème |
| -ill---ille | brouillard | famille |
| -aill-/ail | taille | travail |

## Get help and support

Visit our website for information, guidance, support and resources at
You can talk directly to the French subject team:
E: mfl@aqa.org.uk
T: 01423534381
aqa.org.uk
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## Appendix 2: GCSE French (8652) - Foundation tier vocabulary

|  | 工 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 I 0 0 | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  | $\stackrel{i}{\dot{\omega}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | det | $\mathrm{l} / \mathrm{l}^{*}$ | the (m) | F | R |
|  | det | la/l** | the (f) | F | R |
|  | det | les | the (pl) | F | R |
|  | pron | le/I** | him, it (m) (obj) | F | R |
|  | pron | la/1** | her, it (f) (obj) | F | R |
| 2 | det | de*/d'* | indefinite article following a verb in negative or expression of quantity, partitive article following a verb in negative or expression of quantity | F | R |
|  | det | du*/de l** | some (of the) (m) | F | R |
|  | det | de la*/de l** | some (of the) (f) | F | R |
|  | det | des* | plural indefinite article, some (of the) (pl) | F | R |
|  | prep | de**/d'** | of, from | F | R |
|  | prep | du**/de l** | of the, from (the) (m) | F | R |
|  | prep | de la**/del** | of the, from (the) (f) | F | R |
|  | prep | des** | of the, from (the) (pl) | F | R |
| 3 | det | un* | a/an (m) | F | R |
|  | num | un** | one | F | R |
|  | det | une | a/an (f) | F | R |
| 4 | prep | à | at, to, in, on | F | R |
|  | prep | au/à l' | at the, to the, in the, on the (m) | F | R |
|  | prep | à la/àl' | at the, to the, in the, on the (f) | F | R |
|  | prep | aux | at the, to the, in the, on the (pl) | F | R |
| 5 | $v$ | être | (to) be \| being | F | R |
|  | $v$ | suis* | (I) am \| (I) am being | F | R |
|  | $v$ | es | (you (sing informal)) are \| (you (sing informal)) are being | F | R |
|  | v | est | (she, he, it, one) is \| (she, he, it, one) is being, (we (informal, impersonal)) are | (we (informal, impersonal)) are being | F | R |
|  | $v$ | sommes | (we) are \| (we) are being | F | R |
|  | $v$ | êtes | (you (pl, sing formal)) are \| (you (pl, sing formal)) are being | F | R |
|  | v | sont | (they) are \| (they) are being | F | R |
|  | $v$ | (aux) été | was \| (have, has) been | F | R |
|  | v | étais | (I) was + adjectival complement \| (I) used to be | (I) was being | (you (sing informal)) were + adjectival complement | (you (sing informal)) used to be | (you (sing informal)) were being | F | R |
|  | $v$ | était | (she, he, it, one) was + adjectival complement \| (she, he, it, one) used to be | (she, he, it, one) was being | (we (informal, impersonal)) were + adjectival complement \| (we (informal, impersonal)) used to be | (we (informal, impersonal)) were being | F | R |
| 6 | conj | et | and | F | O |
| 7 | prep | en | in, by, to | F | R |
| 8 | v | avoir | (to) have \| having | F | R |
|  | v | ai | (I) have I (I) am having | F | R |
|  | $v$ | as | (you (sing informal)) have \| (you (sing informal)) are having | F | R |
|  | v | a | (she, he, it, one) has \| (she, he, it, one) is having | (we (informal, impersonal)) have | (we (informal, impersonal)) are having | F | R |
|  | $v$ | avons | (we) have \| (we) are having | F | R |
|  | v | avez | (you (pl, sing formal)) have \| (you (pl, sing formal)) are having | F | R |
|  | $v$ | ont | (they) have \| (they) are having | F | R |
|  | v | (aux) eu | had I (have, has) had | F | R |
|  | v | avais | (I) had \| (I) used to have | (I) was having | (you (sing informal)) had | (you (sing informal)) used to have | (you (sing informal)) were having | F | R |
|  | v | avait | (she, he, it, one) had \| (she, he, it, one) used to have \| (she, he, it, one) was having | (we (informal, impersonal)) had | (we (informal, impersonal)) used to have | (we (informal, impersonal)) were having | F | R |
| 9 | pron | que*/qu* ? | what? | F | R |
|  | conj | que**/qu** | that | F | R |
| 10 | prep | pour | for, in order to | F | R |
| 11 | prep | dans | in | F | R |
| 12 | det | ce/cet/c' | this, that, it (m) | F | R |
|  | det | cette | this, that (f) | F | R |
|  | det | ces | these, those | F | R |
| 13 | pron | il | he, it (m) (subj) | F | R |
|  | pron | ils | they (m, mixed gender) (subj) | F | R |
| 14 | pron | qui \| qui ? | who, that \| who? | F | R |
| 16 | prep | sur | on | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 17 | pron | $\mathrm{se} / \mathrm{s}$ ' | himself, herself, itself, oneself (reflex) \| ourselves (informal, impersonal) (reflex) | F | R |
| 18 | adv | ne... pas (de) | not (any) | F | R |
| 19 | adv | plus (...que/qu')* | adv + -er (...than), more (...than) | F | R |
|  | adj | plus (...que/qu')**; plus de (+ num) | adj + -er (...than), more (...than); more (than + num) | F | R |
| 20 | $v$ | pouvoir | (to) be able to, can \| being able to | F | R |
|  | v | peux | (l) am able to, can \| (you (sing informal)) are able to, can | F | R |
|  | v | peut | (she, he, it, one) is able to, can \| (we (informal, impersonal)) are able to, can | F | R |
|  | $v$ | pouvons | (we) are able to, can | F | R |
|  | v | pouvez | (you (pl, sing formal)) are able to, can | F | R |


| v | peuvent |
| :--- | :--- |
| prep | par |
| pron | je |
| prep | avec |
| det | tout*(e)(s) |
| det | tous |
| pron | tout** |
| $v$ | faire; faire de + noun |
|  |  |
| $v$ | fais \| fais !; fais de + noun I |
|  | fais de + noun! |

(they) are able to, can
by, per
I (subj)
with
all, the whole (m) (f) (pl)
all, the whole (mpl, mixed gender pl)
everything, all
(to) do, make, go on/for + noun | doing, making, going on/for + noun; (to) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | doing + -ing, going + -ing, playing + noun
(I) do, make, go on/for + noun | (I) am doing, am making, am going on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) do, make, go on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | do!, make!, go on/for + noun! (sing informal); (I) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (I) am doing + -ing, am going + -ing, am playing + noun | (you (sing informal)) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (you (sing informal)) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun | do + -ing!, go + -ing!, play + noun! (sing informal)
fait* | (aux) fait; fait de + noun | (aux) fait de + noun
(she, he, it, one) does, makes, goes on/for + noun | (she, he, it, one) is doing, is making, is going on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) do, make, go on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | did, made, went on/for + noun | (have, has) done, (have, has) made, (have, has) gone on/for + noun; (she, he, it, one) does + -ing, goes + -ing, plays + noun | (she, he, it, one) is doing + -ing, is going + -ing, is playing + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun | did +ing, went + -ing, played + noun | (have, has) done + -ing, (have, has) gone + -ing, (have, has) played + ing
faisons; faisons de + noun (we) do, make, go on/for + noun \| (we) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | (we) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (we) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun
you (pl, sing formal) do, make, go on/for + noun | (you (pl, sing formal)) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | do!, make!, go on/for + noun! (pl, sing formal); you (pl, sing formal) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (you (pl, sing formal)) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun | do + -ing!, go + -ing!, play + noun! (pl, sing formal)
(they) do, make, go on/for + noun | (they) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | (they) do + ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (they) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun
(I) used to do, used to make, used to go on/for + noun | (I) was doing, was making, was going on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) used to do, used to make, used to go on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) were doing, were making, were going on/for + noun; (I) used to do + -ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (I) was doing + ing, was going + -ing, was playing + noun | (you (sing informal)) used to do + ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (you (sing informal)) were doing + -ing, were going + -ing, were playing + noun
(she, he, it, one) used to do, used to make, used to go on/for + noun | (she, he, it, one) was doing, was making, was going on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) used to do, used to make, used to go on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) were doing, were making, were going on/for + noun; (she, he, it, one) used to do + -ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (she, he, it, one) was doing + -ing, was going + -ing, was playing + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) used to do + -ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) were doing + -ing, were going + -ing, were playing + noun
his, her, its ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ before a vowel or h )
his, her, its (f)
his, her, its, everyone's, one's (pl)
faisait; faisait de
son
sa
ses
(to)
put (on) | (have, has) put (on); started, began (+ noun) (+ verb) | (have, has) started, begun (+ noun) (+ verb)
other (m, f) (pl)
everyone, you, one, (we (informal, impersonal))
but
we (subj)
like, as
or
if, whether
their ( $m, f$ )
their (pl)
) (to) say, tell | saying, telling; (to) tell (someone + verb) | telling (someone + verb)
(she, he, it, one) says, tells | (she, he, it, one) is saying, is telling | said, told | (have, has) said, (have, has)

## told

she, it (f) (subj)
they (f) (subj)
(to) have to, must I having to
(I) have to, must | (you (sing informal)) have to, must
(she, he, it, one) has to, must | (we (informal, impersonal)) have to, must
(we) have to, must
(you (pl, sing formal)) have to, must
(they) have to, must
homework
before; before + verb
two
two
same (m, f) (pl)
even
(to) take | taking
also, too, as well
(to) give I giving
well
where?

F $\quad$ R
F O
F $\quad$ R
F O
F $\quad$ R
$F \quad R$
F O
F $\quad R$
$F \quad R$



F R

| 49 | n (f) | fois | time | F | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | pron | vous | you (pl, sing formal) (subj) \| you (sing formal) (obj) | to you (sing formal) (indirect obj) | F | R |
| 51 | adv | encore | yet, again | F | 0 |
| 52 | adj | nouveau | new (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | adj | nouvelle | new (f) | F | 0 |
|  | adj | nouveaux | new (mpl, mixed gender pl) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 53 | v | aller | (to) go \| going | F | R |
|  | $v$ | vais | (l) go \| (I) am going | F | R |
|  | $v$ | vas | (you (sing informal)) go \| (you (sing informal)) are going | F | R |
|  | v | va \| va! | (she, he, it, one) goes \\| (she, he, it, one) is going | (we (informal, impersonal)) go | (we (informal, impersonal)) are going | go! (sing informal) | F | R |
|  | v | vont | (they) go \| (they) are going | F | R |
| 54 | pron | ça | that, it[informal] | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 55 | prep | entre | between | F | O |
| 56 | adj | premier | first (m) | F | R |
|  | n (f) | première | year 12 | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 57 | $v$ | vouloir | (to) want (to) \| wanting (to) | F | R |
|  | $v$ | veux | (l) want (to) \| (you (sing informal)) want (to) | F | R |
|  | v | veut | (she, he, it, one) wants (to) \| (we (informal, impersonal)) want (to) | F | R |
|  | $v$ | voulons | (we) want (to) | F | R |
|  | $v$ | voulez | (you (pl, sing formal)) want (to) | F | R |
|  | $v$ | veulent | (they) want (to) | F | R |
|  | $v$ | voudrais | (I) would like \| (you (sing informal)) would like | F | R |
|  | v | voudrait | (she, he, it, one) would like \| (we (informal, impersonal)) would like | F | R |
| 58 | adv | déjà | already, yet | F | O |
| 59 | adj | grand | tall, big, large (m) | F | R |
| 60 | det | mon | $m y$ ( $m$, f before a vowel or h ) | F | R |
|  | det | ma | my (f) | F | R |
|  | det | mes | my (pl) | F | R |
| 61 | pron | $\mathrm{me} / \mathrm{m}^{\prime}$ | me (obj) \| to me (indirect obj) | myself (reflex) | F | R |
| 62 | adv | moins (...que/qu')* | less (...than) | F | R |
|  | adj | moins (...que/qu')**; moins de (+ num) | less (...than); less, fewer (than + num) | F | R |
| 64 | pron | lui | to him, to her, to it (m, f) (indirect obj) | F | R |
| 65 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | temps | time, weather | F | R |
| 66 | adv | très | very | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 67 | v | savoir | (to) know (how to), can I knowing (how to) | F | R |
|  | v | sais | (1) know (how to), can \| (you (sing informal)) know (how to), can | F | R |
|  | v | sait | (she, he, it, one) knows (how to), can \| (we (informal, impersonal)) know (how to), can | F | R |
|  | v | savons | (we) know (how to), can | F | R |
|  | v | savez | (you (pl, sing formal)) know (how to), can | F | R |
|  | v | savent | (they) know (how to), can | F | R |
| 69 | v | voir | (to) see \| seeing | F | R |
|  | v | vois \| vois! | (l) see \| (I) am seeing | (you (sing informal)) see | (you (sing informal)) are seeing | see! (sing informal) | F | R |
|  | v | voit | (she, he, it, one) sees \| (she, he, it, one) is seeing \| (we (informal, impersonal)) see \| (we (informal, impersonal)) are seeing | F | R |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) vu | saw I (have, has) seen | F | R |
| 70 | det | quelque(s) | some (m, f) (pl) | F | R |
| 71 | prep | sans | without | F | R |
| 72 | n (f) | raison | reason | F | O |
| 73 | det | notre | our (m, f) | F | R |
|  | det | nos | our (pl) | F | R |
| 75 | adv | non | no, not | F | R |
| 76 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | an | year | F | R |
| 77 | $n(m)$ | monde | world | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 78 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | jour | day | F | R |
| 79 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | monsieur | Sir, Mr, (sing), gentleman | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 80 | $v$ | demander; demander à ... (de + infinitive); se demander | (to) ask for \| asking for; (to) ask someone (+ verb) | asking someone (+ verb); (to) wonder | wondering | F | 0 |
| 81 | adv | alors | so, well, then | F | 0 |
| 82 | prep | après | after | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 83 | $\checkmark$ | trouver; se trouver | (to) find \| finding; (to) be situated | being situated | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 84 | pron | ne... personne* | not anyone, no one | F | R |
|  | n (f) | personne** | person | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 87 | adj | dernier | last (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 88 | $v$ | venir | (to) come \| coming | F | R |
| 89 | prep | pendant | during | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 90 | $v$ | passer; se passer | (to) spend time, pass \| spending time, passing time; (to) happen | happening | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 91 | adv | (un) peu | a bit, (a) little | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 94 | adj | bon | good (m) | F | R |
|  | adj | bonne | good (f) | F | R |
| 95 | $\checkmark$ | comprendre | (to) understand \| understanding | F | O |
| 99 | n (f) | heure | hour, time | F | R |
| 100 | $\checkmark$ | rester | (to) stay, remain \| staying, remaining | F | O |
| 101 | adj | seul | alone (m) | F | R |
| 102 | n (f) | année | year | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 103 | adv | toujours | always | F | 0 |
| 105 | $\checkmark$ | porter | (to) wear, carry \| wearing, carrying | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 106 | v | parler | (to) speak, talk \| speaking, talking | F | R |
| 107 | adj | fort | strong (m), loud | F | R |
| 108 | $v$ | montrer | (to) show \| showing | F | $\bigcirc$ |


| 109 | adv | là | there, here | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 | adj | certain | certain, sure (m) | 0 |
|  | n (mpl) | certains | some people | 0 |
| 111 | n (f) | fin | end | $\bigcirc$ |
| 112 | pron | tu | you (sing informal) (subj) | R |
| 113 | $\checkmark$ | continuer (à/de + infinitive) | (to) continue (+ verb), carry on (+ verb) \| continuing (+ verb), carrying on (+ verb) | R |
| 114 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pays | country | $\bigcirc$ |
| 115 | num | trois | three | 0 |
| 116 | $v$ | ```penser (à + noun) (à + infinitive) (de + noun) (de + infinitive)``` | (to) think (of + noun) (of + verb) (about + noun) (about + verb) I thinking (of + noun) (of + verb) (about + noun) (about + verb) | 0 |
| 117 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lieu | place | F O |
| 118 | n (f) | partie | part, game, match | 0 |
| 119 | pron | quand? | when? | R |
| 120 | $v$ | suivre | (to) follow \| following | R |
|  | v | suis** \| suis ! | (I) follow \| (I) am following | (you (sing informal)) follow | (you (sing informal)) are following | follow! (sing informal) | R |
|  | v | suit | (she, he, it, one) follows \| (she, he, it, one) is following | (we (informal, impersonal)) follow | (we (informal, impersonal)) are following | F R |
|  | v | (aux) suivi | followed \| (have, has) followed | F R |
| 121 | prep | contre | against | $\bigcirc$ |
| 122 | prep | sous | under | R |
| 123 | n (m) | côté | side | 0 |
| 124 | adv | ensemble | together | 0 |
| 125 | n (f) | chose | thing | 0 |
| 126 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | enfant | child (m, f) | R |
| 127 | n (f) | cause | cause | 0 |
| 128 | n (f) | politique | politics | 0 |
| 129 | n (f) | place | room, space, square, place | F O |
| 130 | adv | seulement | only | F O |
| 131 | pron | (a) moi | to me (emph) | R |
| 132 | n (f) | vie | life | F O |
| 133 | $v$ | connaître | (to) know, be familiar with \| knowing, being familiar with | R |
|  | v | connais \| connais! | (I) know, am familiar with \| (you (sing informal)) know, are familiar with | know!, be familiar with! (sing informal) | F R |
|  | v | connaît | (she, he, it, one) knows, is familiar with \| (we (informal, impersonal)) know, are familiar with | R |
|  | $v$ | (aux) connu | knew, was familiar with \| (have, has) known, (have, has) been familiar with | F R |
| 134 | prep | jusque | to, up to, until | $\bigcirc$ |
| 135 | $v$ | croire | (to) believe \| believing | R |
|  | $v$ | crois \| crois ! | (I) believe \| (I) am believing | (you (sing informal)) believe | (you (sing informal)) are believing | believe! (sing informal) | F R |
|  | v | croit | (she, he, it, one) believes \\| (she, he, it, one) is believing | (we (informal, impersonal)) believe | (we (informal, impersonal)) are believing | F R |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) cru | believed \| (have, has) believed | R |
| 136 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | homme | man | 0 |
| 138 | adj | petit | short, small, little (m) | 0 |
| 139 | - | commencer (à + infinitive) | (to) start (+ verb), begin (+ verb) \| starting (+ verb), beginning (+ verb) | 0 |
| 140 | v | compter | (to) count \| counting | F O |
| 143 | adj | droit | right (m) | F O |
| 144 | n (f) | question | question | F R |
| 145 | conj | donc | so, therefore | F O |
| 146 | det | quel(le)(s) ? | which? (m) (f) (pl) | F R |
| 147 | adj | général | general (m) | F O |
| 148 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | moment | moment | F O |
| 149 | $\checkmark$ | entendre; s'entendre (avec ...) | (to) hear \| hearing; (to) get on, get along (with someone) | getting on, getting along (with someone) | F R |
| 150 | adv | beaucoup | a lot | F O |
| 151 | det | chaque | each, every | F R |
| 152 | adj | jeune | young ( $m$, f ) | F R |
| 153 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | travail | work (sing), job, task | F O |
| 154 | n (f) | femme | woman, wife | F O |
| 155 | $v$ | attendre | (to) wait (for), expect \| waiting (for), expecting | F O |
| 157 | $v$ | appeler; s'appeler | (to) call \| calling; (to) be named | being named | $\bigcirc$ |
| 160 | n (m) | gouvernement | government | F O |
| 162 | $v$ | devenir | (to) become \| becoming | F O |
| 163 | v | partir | (to) leave \| leaving | F R |
| 165 | v | décider (de + infinitive); se décider (à + infinitive) | (to) decide (+ verb) \| deciding (+ verb); (to) make the decision (+ verb) | making the decision (+ verb) | F O |
| 167 | adv | ici | here | F R |
| 168 | pron | ne... rien | not anything, nothing | F R |
| 169 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cours* | course, lessons | F O |
| 170 | n (fpl) | affaires | business, matters | F O |
| 171 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | nom | full name, surname, name | F R |
| 172 | n (f) | famille | family | F O |
| 174 | $\checkmark$ | arriver; arriver à + infinitive | (to) arrive \| arriving; (to) manage + verb, succeed in + verb | managing + verb, succeeding in + verb | R |
| 175 | adj | possible | possible (m, f) | F R |
| 176 | conj | car | because, for | 0 |
| 177 | $\checkmark$ | servir; se servir de | (to) serve \| serving; (to) use, make use of | using, making use of | 0 |
| 178 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mois | month | 0 |
| 179 | adv | ne... jamais | never, not ever | R |
| 183 | n (m) | besoin | need | 0 |
| 184 | $v$ | revenir | (to) come back, return \| coming back, returning | $\bigcirc$ |


| 186 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | moyen | means, way | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 187 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | groupe | group | F O |
| 188 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | problème | problem | O |
| 190 | adv | peut-être | maybe, perhaps | F O |
| 191 | n (f) | vue | view | 0 |
| 192 | adv | maintenant | now | F O |
| 193 | pron | pourquoi ? | why? | R |
| 194 | adj | meilleur(e)(s) | better, best (m) (f) (pl) | R |
|  | adj | le meilleur/la meilleure/les meilleur(e)s | the best (m/f/f f pl) | O |
| 195 | adv | trop | too much, too many, too | F O |
| 197 | n (m) | ordre | order | F O |
| 198 | prep | devant | in front of | O |
| 199 | $v$ | recevoir | (to) receive \| receiving | R |
|  | v | reçois \| reçois ! | (I) receive \| (I) am receiving | (you (sing informal)) receive | (you (sing informal)) are receiving | receive! (sing informal) | R |
|  | v | reçoit | (she, he, it, one) receives \| (she, he, it, one) is receiving | (we (informal, impersonal)) receive | (we (informal, impersonal)) are receiving | R |
|  | v | (aux) reçu | received \| (have, has) received | F R |
| 200 | v | répondre (à + noun) | (to) answer (+ noun), reply to (+ noun) \| answering (+ noun), replying to (+ noun) | O |
| 201 | $v$ | vivre | (to) live \| living | 0 |
| 202 | adj | long | long (m) | 0 |
|  | adj | longue | long (f) | O |
| 206 | prep | chez | (to) (the place of), at (the place of), at, with | 0 |
| 207 | pron | te/t' | you (sing informal) (obj) \| to you (sing informal) (indirect obj), yourself (sing informal) (reflex) | R |
| 210 | $v$ | accepter | (to) accept, admit \| accepting, admitting | O |
| 212 | adj | simple | simple ( m , f ) | O |
| 213 | det | plusieurs | several, many | R |
| 214 | det | votre | your (formal) (m, f) | R |
|  | det | vos | your (formal) (pl) | R |
| 215 | adj | important | important (m) | O |
| 216 | n (m) | présent | present | F O |
| 217 | adv | mieux | better | R |
| 219 | $v$ | jover (à/de + noun) | (†o) play (+ noun) \| playing (+ noun) | F R |
| 220 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mot | word | O |
| 223 | n (f) | situation | situation | F O |
| 225 | adv | près | nearby, close by, near | O |
| 226 | $v$ | choisir | (to) choose \| choosing | F R |
| 227 | adj | national | national (m) | 0 |
| 228 | n (m) | projet | plan | F O |
| 230 | adv | puis | then, so | O |
| 232 | n (m) | train | train | F R |
| 233 | adv | aujourd'hui | today | $\bigcirc$ |
| 234 | pron | comment? | how? | F R |
| 235 | adv | surtout | especially, above all | 0 |
| 236 | n (mpl) | gens | people | F O |
| 237 | adj | propre | clean, proper, own (m, f) | 0 |
| 239 | n (f) | idée | idea | 0 |
| 240 | prep | selon | according to | F O |
| 241 | n (f) | région | region, area | 0 |
| 242 | $v$ | aimer | (†o) like, love \| liking, loving | F O |
| 243 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sens | sense, meaning | 0 |
| 245 | n (f) | semaine | week | F O |
| 246 | adv | également | also, too, as well, equally | R |
| 248 | n (f) | façon | way, manner | F O |
| 249 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | nombre | number | F O |
| 250 | $v$ | perdre; se perdre | (to) lose \| losing; (to) get lost | getting lost | F R |
| 251 | adj | français | French (m) | F R |
| 252 | $v$ | expliquer | (to) explain \| explaining | F O |
| 253 | adj | quatre | four | R |
|  | num | quatre | four | F O |
| 257 | $v$ | ouvrir | (to) open \| opening | F R |
| 258 | $v$ | gagner | (to) win, earn, gain \| winning, earning, gaining | F R |
| 259 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | exemple | example | F O |
| 260 | n (f) | ville | town | F O |
| 263 | n (f) | histoire | history, story | F O |
| 264 | adj | haut | high (m) | F O |
| 265 | adv | ensuite | next | F O |
| 268 | n (m) | président | president (m) | F R |
| 269 | $v$ | exister | (to) exist \| existing | F O |
| 270 | adj | sûr | safe, sure (m) | F O |
| 273 | n (m) | bureau | desk, office | F R |
| 274 | adj | mauvais | bad, wrong (m) | F O |
| 27 | adj | mort* | dead (m) | F O |
|  | n (f) | mort** | death | F O |
| 27 | adv | mal* | badly | F R |
|  | adj | mal** | bad (m, f) | F R |
|  | n (m) | ma**** | ache | F O |
| 278 | $v$ | lire | (to) read \| reading | F O |
|  | $v$ | (aux) lu | read \| (have, has) read | F O |
| 279 | v | réussir (à + infinitive) (à + noun) | (to) succeed (in + verb), pass (an exam) \\| succeeding (in + verb), passing (an exam) | F O |


| 280 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | marché | market | F O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 282 | adj | international | international (m) | 0 |
| 283 | $v$ | changer; se changer | (to) change \| changing; (to) get changed | getting changed | F O |
| 284 | adv | oui | yes | 0 |
| 285 | adj | public | public (m) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 287 | adv | souvent | often | R |
| 288 | num | cinq | five | $\bigcirc$ |
| 289 | n (m) | système | system | 0 |
| 290 | $\checkmark$ | travailler | (to) work \| working | F O |
| 291 | n (m) | jeu | game | R |
| 292 | adj | vrai | true (m) | F R |
| 294 | n (f) | madame | Mrs, Ms, (sing), madam, lady | O |
| 295 | n (f) | société | society | 0 |
| 296 | adj | difficile | difficult (m, f) | O |
| 297 | pron | quoi ? | what? | F R |
| 298 | n (f) | entreprise | company | $\bigcirc$ |
| 301 | adj | social | social (m) | F O |
| 303 | $v$ | essayer (de + infinitive) | (to) try (+ verb), attempt (+verb) \| trying (+ verb), attempting (+ verb) | 0 |
| 304 | adj | juste | right, true, correct, fair (m, f) | F O |
| 305 | adj | étranger* | foreign (m) | F O |
|  | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | étrange*** | foreigner, stranger, abroad | F O |
| 307 | n (m) | million | million | F O |
| 309 | $v$ | sortir | (to) go out, exit, take out, release \| going out, exiting, taking out, releasing | F O |
| 310 | n (m) | prix | price, prize | F R |
| 312 | adv | longtemps | a long time, a long while | F O |
| 314 | adj | courant | current, common (m) | F R |
| 315 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | intérêt | interest | F O |
| 317 | n (f) | information | information | F O |
| 320 | n (f) | liberté | liberty, freedom | F O |
| 321 | adv | assez | quite | F O |
| 325 | n (f) | maison | house, home | F R |
| 326 | adv | d'abord | first of all, firstly, to start with | F O |
| 327 | $\checkmark$ | apprendre; apprendre à ... | (to) learn \| learning; (to) teach someone | teaching someone | F O |
| 328 | n (m) | niveau | level | F O |
| 329 | $v$ | rencontrer | (to) meet, run into \| meeting, running into | F O |
| 330 | det | ton | your (sing informal) ( $m$, f before a vowel or h ) | F R |
|  | det | ta | your (sing informal) (f) | F R |
|  | det | tes | your (sing informal) (pl) | R |
| 332 | $v$ | créer | (to) create \| creating | F O |
| 335 | adj | clair | clear (m) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 336 | $v$ | chercher | (to) look for \| looking for | F R |
| 337 | v | entrer | (to) enter, go in, come in \| entering, going in, coming in | $\bigcirc$ |
| 338 | v | proposer; proposer de + infinitive | (to) propose, offer \| proposing, offering; (to) suggest + verb | suggesting + verb | F O |
| 339 | $\checkmark$ | apporter | (to) bring (something) \| bringing (something) | F O |
| 340 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | programme | schedule | $\bigcirc$ |
| 341 | adv | loin | far | F O |
| 342 | n (f) | ligne | line | F R |
| 343 | n (f) | tête | head | F R |
| 344 | adj | libre | free (m) | F O |
| 345 | $v$ | utiliser | (to) use \| using | F O |
| 348 | adv | tard | late (something) | F O |
| 349 | adv | enfin | finally | F O |
| 350 | adj | différent | different (m) | F O |
| 351 | n (f) | sorte | sort, kind | F O |
| 352 | conj | cependant | however | F O |
| 355 | n (f) | action | action | F O |
| 358 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ (f) | livre | book, pound | F O |
| 361 | adv | vraiment | truly, really, very | F O |
| 362 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | doute | doubt | F O |
| 368 | $v$ | préparer; se préparer | (to) prepare \| preparing; (to) get ready | getting ready | F O |
| 369 | n (f) | forme | form, shape | F O |
| 370 | n (f) | décision | decision | F O |
| 372 | num | dix | ten | F O |
| 373 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | produit | product | F O |
| 374 | adj | américain | American (m) | F O |
| 375 | n (f) | minute | minute | F O |
| 380 | adj | prochain | next (m) | F O |
| 382 | $v$ | écrire | (to) write \| writing | F R |
|  | v | écris \\| écris! | (I) write \| (I) am writing | (you (sing informal)) write | (you (sing informal)) are writing | write! (sing informal) | F R |
|  | v | écrit \\| (aux) écrit | (she, he, it, one) writes \| (she, he, it, one) is writing | (we (informal, impersonal)) write | (we (informal, impersonal)) are writing | wrote | (have, has) written | F R |
| 386 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chef | boss, cook (m) | F O |
| 388 | $n(m)$ | effort | effort | F O |
| 390 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | membre | member | O |
| 393 | adj | beau/bel | beautiful (m) | F O |
|  | adj | belle | beautiful (f) | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | adj | beaux | beautiful (mpl, mixed gender pl) | F O |
| 394 | adj | plein | full (m) | F O |
| 396 | $v$ | éviter (de + infinitive) | (to) avoid (+ verb) \| avoiding (+ verb) | F O |
| 397 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | soir | evening | 0 |


| 406 | prep | malgré | despite, in spite of | F O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 410 | adv | parfois | sometimes | $\bigcirc$ |
| 412 | adj | sérieux | conscientious, responsible (m) | F R |
| 413 | $v$ | aider (... à + infinitive) | (to) help (someone + verb) \| helping (someone + verb) | 0 |
| 415 | v | terminer (de + infinitive) | (to) finish (+ verb), end \| finishing (+ verb), ending | 0 |
| 417 | $v$ | espérer | (to) hope (for) \| hoping (for) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 418 | n (f) | main | hand | $\bigcirc$ |
| 420 | $\checkmark$ | arrêter (de + infinitive) | (†o) stop (+ verb) \| stopping (+ verb) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 421 | n (m) | retour | return | F O |
| 422 | adj | prêt | ready (m) | 0 |
| 423 | n (f) | occasion | chance, opportunity | F O |
| 425 | $v$ | regarder | (to) watch, look at I watching, looking at | 0 |
| 428 | n (m) | résultat | result, follow-up | F O |
| 429 | $v$ | écouter | (to) listen to \| listening to | F O |
| 430 | n (f) | terre | earth, world, soil, land | F O |
| 435 | n (f) | confiance | confidence, trust | F O |
| 436 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | choix | choice | F O |
| 438 | n (f) | chance | luck | F O |
| 441 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | but | goal, aim, objective, purpose | 0 |
| 442 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | matin | morning | F O |
| 443 | adj | grave | serious, grave (m, f) | F O |
| 445 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | Européen | European | F R |
| 450 | num | six | six | F O |
| 451 | adj | nécessaire | necessary, required (m, f) | F O |
| 452 | n (f) | activité | activity | $\bigcirc$ |
| 456 | n (f) | réponse | reply, response, answer | F O |
| 457 | n (f) | aide | help | F O |
| 466 | $v$ | exprimer | (to) express \| expressing | F O |
| 467 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | ami | friend (m) | F O |
| 470 | n (f) | moitié | half | F O |
| 471 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | avenir | future | 0 |
| 472 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | argent | money | F O |
| 474 | n (mpl) | yeux | eyes | F O |
| 475 | n (f) | eau | water | F O |
| 476 | prep | sauf | except | F O |
| 477 | n (f) | école | school | F O |
| 478 | n (f) | sécurité | security, safety | F R |
| 480 | n (f) | lettre | letter | F O |
| 481 | adv | presque | almost, nearly | F O |
| 482 | n (f) | attention* | attention | F O |
|  | intj | attention!** | watch out! | F R |
| 484 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | futur | future | F O |
| 487 | $v$ | conduire | (to) drive \| driving | F O |
| 488 | n (f) | règle | rule, ruler | F O |
| 489 | n (f) | poste | post office | F O |
| 491 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | centre | centre | F O |
| 501 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | passé | past | F O |
| 502 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | âge | age | F O |
| 504 | $v$ | oublier (de + infinitive) | (to) forget (+ verb) \| forgetting (+ verb) | F O |
| 507 | $v$ | quitter; se quitter | (to) leave somewhere, take off \| leaving somewhere, taking off; (to) leave each other | leaving each other | F O |
| 509 | n (f) | population | population | F O |
| 510 | pron | (a) toi | to you (sing informal) (emph) | F R |
| 512 | n (f) | route | road | F O |
| 513 | adv | tôt | early | F O |
| 517 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | emploi | job | F O |
| 520 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | journal | newspaper | F O |
|  | n (mpl) | journaux | newspapers | F O |
| 523 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ (f) | tour | turn, tour, tower | F O |
| 524 | prep | voilà | right, there, here | F O |
| 526 | $v$ | envoyer | (to) send \| sending | F R |
| 527 | $v$ | partager | (to) share \| sharing | F O |
| 532 | n (f) | réalité | reality | F O |
| 533 | $v$ | interdire (à ...) | (to) forbid, ban (from someone) \| forbidding, banning (from someone) | F O |
| 534 | $v$ | finir (de + infinitive) | (to) end, finish \| ending, finishing; (to) finish (+ verb) | finishing (+ verb) | F R |
| 537 | $v$ | payer | (to) pay (for) \| paying (for) | F O |
| 542 | n (f) | nature | nature | F O |
| 545 | adj | court* | short (m) | F O |
| 546 | n (m) | parent | parent | F O |
| 547 | $\checkmark$ | tomber | (to) fall \| falling | F O |
| 548 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | départ | departure | F O |
| 552 | n (fpl) | paroles | lyrics | F O |
| 554 | adj | publique | public (f) | F O |
| 555 | adj | faux | false (m) | F O |
|  | adj | fausse | false (f) | F O |
| 559 | $v$ | intéresser + s/o inversion; s'intéresser (à + noun) | (to) find interesting \| finding interesting; (to) be interested (in + noun) | being interested (in + noun) | F O |
| 561 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | corps | body | F O |
| 562 | n (f) | matière | subject | F O |
| 564 | n (f) | difficulté | difficulty | F O |
| 568 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cœur | heart | F R |
| 569 | n (m) | père | father | $\bigcirc$ |


| 570 | n (f) | organisation | organisation | F O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 572 | adj | noir | black (m) | F O |
| 573 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | événement | event | F O |
| 580 | n (f) | nuit | night | F O |
| 581 | adv | partout | everywhere | F O |
| 584 | adj | actuel | current (m) | F R |
| 586 | $v$ | signifier | (to) mean \| meaning | F O |
| 587 | n (f) | journée | day | F O |
| 591 | $v$ | tuer | (to) kill \\| killing | F R |
| 593 | adv | rapidement | quickly, rapidly | F O |
| 595 | $v$ | réduire | (to) reduce \| reducing | F O |
| 597 | $v$ | préférer | (to) prefer \| preferring | F O |
|  | adj | préféré | favourite (m) | F O |
| 598 | n (f) | rue | street | F R |
| 599 | adj | riche | rich ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | F O |
| 602 | n (f) | violence | violence | F O |
| 603 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | siècle | century | F O |
| 604 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | article | article, item | F O |
| 605 | $\checkmark$ | durer | (to) last \| lasting | F O |
| 607 | adj | gauche | left (m, f) | F R |
| 608 | n (f) | solution | solution | F O |
| 610 | adj | capable | able, capable (m, f) | F O |
| 611 | adj | canadien | Canadian (m) | F O |
| 612 | n (f) | erreur | mistake, error | F O |
| 616 | $v$ | se souvenir (de + noun) | (to) remember (+ noun) \| remembering (+ noun) | F O |
| 620 | n (m) | succès | success | F O |
| 622 | adj | local | local (m) | F O |
| 623 | n (m) | été | summer | F O |
| 624 | $v$ | inviter | (to) invite \\| inviting | F O |
| 626 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pied | foot | F O |
| 629 | n (f) | fille | girl, daughter | F R |
| 630 | $\checkmark$ | répéter | (to) repeat \| repeating | F O |
| 631 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | texte | text | F O |
| 633 | n (f) | chambre | bedroom | F O |
| 636 | $v$ | acheter | (to) buy \| buying | F O |
| 640 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | directeur | head teacher, manager (m) | F R |
| 641 | n (f) | santé | health | F O |
| 645 | n (f) | mère | mother | F O |
| 650 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | endroit | place, spot | F O |
| 652 | adj | impossible | impossible (m, f) | F O |
| 660 | n (f) | date | date | F O |
| 663 | adj | énorme | enormous (m, f) | F O |
| 666 | n (f) | campagne | countryside | F O |
| 667 | $v$ | (aux) né | was born \| (have, has) been born | F O |
| 670 | $v$ | participer à + noun | (to) take part in + noun, participate in + noun \| taking part in + noun, participating in + noun | F O |
| 671 | adj | vieux/vieil | old (m) | F O |
|  | adj | vieille | old (f) | F O |
| 672 | adj | rapide | fast, quick (m, f) | F O |
| 675 | adj | essentiel | essential (m) | F O |
| 678 | adv | environ | about, thereabouts, or so | F O |
| 679 | n (f) | expérience | experience | F O |
| 681 | $v$ | découvrir | (to) discover \| discovering | F O |
| 691 | adj | frais | fresh (m) | F O |
|  | adj | fraîche | fresh (f) | F O |
| 695 | $v$ | réserver | (to) reserve, book, keep \| reserving, booking, keeping | F O |
| 696 | n (f) | porte | door | F R |
| 699 | adj | pauvre | poor (m, f) | F O |
| 701 | $v$ | organiser; s'organiser | (to) organise \| organising; (to) get organised | getting organised | F O |
| 704 | num | cent | one hundred | F O |
| 706 | $v$ | prononcer | (to) pronounce \| pronouncing | F O |
| 708 | adj | blanc | white (m) | F O |
|  | adj | blanche | white (f) | F O |
| 710 | $v$ | vendre | (to) sell \| selling | F O |
| 711 | adv | vite | quickly, fast | F R |
| 712 | n (f) | langue | language, tongue | F O |
| 713 | adj | dangereux | dangerous (m) | F R |
| 715 | n (f) | importance | importance | F O |
| 717 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | espoir | hope | F R |
| 720 | n (f) | énergie | energy | F O |
| 721 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | réseau | network | F O |
| 722 | $v$ | mourir | (to) die \| dying | F O |
|  | $v$ | (aux) mort | died \| (have, has) died | F O |
| 723 | adj | faible | weak (m, f) | F O |
| 724 | $v$ | employer | (to) use, employ \| using, employing | F O |
| 725 | n (f) | possibilité | possibility | F O |
| 726 | adj | spécial | special (m) | F O |
| 735 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | fils | son | F O |
| 736 | intj | d'accord | okay, alright | F O |
| 737 | $\checkmark$ | discuter (de + noun) | (to) discuss, talk about (+ noun) \| discussing, talking about (+ noun) | F O |
| 738 | n (f) | différence | difference | F O |
| 739 | $\checkmark$ | protéger | (to) protect \| protecting | F O |
| 741 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | avis | opinion, mind | F O |


| 743 | adj | pire* ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) | worse, worst (m, f) (pl) | F R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | adv | pire** | worse, less well | $\bigcirc$ |
| 751 | $v$ | remplir | (to) fill (up), (in) \| filling (up) (in) | 0 |
| 754 | $v$ | frapper | (to) hit, knock \| hitting, knocking | $\bigcirc$ |
| 755 | n (f) | peur | fear | R |
| 757 | $v$ | fermer | (to) close, shut \| closing, shutting | 0 |
| 760 | adj | naturel | natural (m) | 0 |
| 762 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | auteur | author | 0 |
| 764 | adj | heureux | happy (m) | 0 |
| 765 | n (f) | crise | crisis | 0 |
| 766 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | numéro | number | $\bigcirc$ |
| 772 | pron | quelqu'un | somebody, someone | 0 |
| 774 | n (f) | banque | bank | $\bigcirc$ |
| 777 | n (f) | opinion | opinion | 0 |
| 778 | n (f) | classe | class | 0 |
| 782 | n (f) | intention | intention | F O |
| 784 | adj | anglais | English (m) | R |
| 785 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | échange | exchange | 0 |
| 786 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | feu | fire | $\bigcirc$ |
| 787 | num | neuf | nine | F O |
| 792 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | message | message | 0 |
| 793 | $\checkmark$ | construire | (to) build, construct \| building, constructing | $\bigcirc$ |
| 800 | pron | combien? | how many?, how much? | R |
| 801 | adj | nul | rubbish (m) | 0 |
|  | adj | nulle | rubbish (f) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 803 | adj | cher | expensive (m) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 805 | prep | derrière | behind | F O |
| 807 | adv | immédiatement | immediately | F O |
| 808 | n (f) | entrée | entrance, starter | F O |
| 811 | $v$ | couper | (to) cut \| cutting | F O |
| 812 | n (f) | salle | room | F O |
| 813 | n (f) | pièce | piece, room, play | F O |
| 814 | n (f) | équipe | team | $\bigcirc$ |
| 815 | $v$ | situer; se situer | (to) place, put, situate \| placing, putting, situating; (to) be situated, take place | being situated, taking place | $\bigcirc$ |
| 822 | adj | facile | easy (m, f) | 0 |
| 823 | $v$ | augmenter; s'augmenter | (to) increase, raise \| increasing, raising; (to) grow, expand | growing, expanding | F O |
| 826 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | octobre | October | F O |
| 827 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | médecin | doctor (m, f) | F O |
| 833 | adj | normal | normal (m) | R |
| 835 | n (f) | faute | mistake, error, fault | F O |
| 837 | $v$ | lever; se lever | ( $\dagger$ ) lift, raise \| lifting, raising; (†o) get up, stand up, rise (sun) | getting up, standing up, rising (sun) | F O |
| 838 | prep | proche | nearby, close | $\bigcirc$ |
| 840 | v | imaginer | (to) invent, imagine \| inventing, imagining | F O |
| 842 | adj | pratique | practical (m, f ) | F O |
| 843 | adv | finalement | finally, eventually | F O |
| 844 | adj | allemand | German (m) | F O |
| 848 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | film | film | F O |
| 852 | n (f) | ressource | resource | F O |
| 853 | $v$ | monter; monter (à + noun) | (to) go up \| going up; (to) climb (up + noun) | climbing (up + noun) | F O |
| 854 | v | promettre (à ...) (de + infinitive) | (to) promise (someone) (+ verb) \| promising (someone) (+ verb) | F O |
| 859 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chemin | way, path | F O |
| 868 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mars | March | F O |
| 869 | adv | tellement | so much | F O |
| 870 | n (m) | espace | space | F O |
| 871 | adv | demain; à demain ! | tomorrow; see you tomorrow! | F R |
| 872 | adv | hier | yesterday | F O |
| 877 | num | huit | eight | F O |
| 881 | n (f) | voiture | car | F O |
| 882 | n (f) | discussion | discussion | F O |
| 886 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sentiment | feeling | F O |
| 887 | n (f) | tâche | task, chore | F O |
| 889 | intj | euh | er, um, uh | F O |
| 890 | $\checkmark$ | raconter | (to) tell, narrate \| telling, narrating | F O |
| 891 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | décembre | December | F O |
| 892 | $\checkmark$ | développer | (to) develop \| developing | F O |
| 896 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | fruit | fruit | F O |
| 897 | adj | ouvert | open (m) | F O |
| 900 | n (m) | avantage | advantage | F O |
| 902 | adj | historique | historic ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | F O |
| 903 | adv | probablement | probably | F O |
| 904 | n (m) | voyage | trip, journey | F O |
| 905 | num | sept | seven | F O |
| 907 | n (f) | vérité | truth | F O |
| 908 | adj | commercial | commercial, shopping (m) | F O |
| 913 | n (f) | culture | culture | F O |
| 914 | $v$ | cacher | (to) hide I hiding | F O |
| 915 | $\checkmark$ | prêter | (to) lend \| lending | F O |
| 917 | $n(m)$ | client | customer, client | F O |
| 919 | $n(m)$ | progrès | progress | F O |
| 920 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | secrétaire | secretary | F O |


| 921 | n (f) | mer | sea | F O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 924 | n (f) | liste | list | F O |
| 925 | $v$ | rentrer | (to) go in, come in, come back (in), go back (in) \| going in, coming in, coming back (in), going back (in) | 0 |
| 928 | $v$ | détruire | (to) destroy \| destroying | $\bigcirc$ |
| 931 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | juin | June | 0 |
| 932 | $n(m)$ | danger | danger | 0 |
| 935 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | transport | transportation | $\bigcirc$ |
| 939 | $n(m)$ | janvier | January | 0 |
| 943 | $n(m)$ | mai | May | 0 |
| 944 | $n(m)$ | septembre | September | 0 |
| 945 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | environnement | environment | 0 |
| 946 | $v$ | séparer; se séparer | (to) separate \| separating; (to) break up | breaking up | 0 |
| 949 | adj | positif | positive (m) | R |
| 950 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | scientifique | scientist | $\bigcirc$ |
| 955 | n (f) | carte | menu, map, card | 0 |
| 960 | $v$ | étudier | (to) study \| studying | 0 |
| 965 | adj | complet | full, complete (m) | 0 |
| 967 | n (m) | amour | love | $\bigcirc$ |
| 969 | $v$ | menacer (de + infinitive) | (to) threaten (+ verb) \| threatening (+ verb) | F O |
| 971 | n (f) | réunion | meeting | 0 |
| 973 | n (f) | maladie | illness | 0 |
| 976 | n (f) | construction | construction, building | 0 |
| 979 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | voisin | neighbour | F O |
| 982 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | novembre | November | F O |
| 984 | $\checkmark$ | coûter | (to) cost \| costing | F O |
| 987 | adj | rouge | red ( $m$, f) | F O |
| 991 | n (m) | bord | edge, side | F O |
| 995 | n (f) | éducation | education | F O |
| 999 | $\checkmark$ | retourner | (to) return, go back, turn over, turn around \| returning, going back, turning over, turning around | F O |
| 1002 | n (m) | animal | animal, pet | F R |
|  | n (mpl) | animaux | animals, pets | F O |
| 1003 | adj | utile | useful (m, f) | F O |
| 1008 | num | mille | thousand | F O |
| 1015 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | salaire | salary, wage | F O |
| 1016 | n (f) | lecture | reading | F O |
| 1019 | n (f) | table | table | F O |
| 1022 | n (m) | avril | April | F O |
| 1024 | n (f) | ferme | farm, firm | F O |
| 1029 | adj | dur* | hard (m) | F O |
|  | adv | dur** | hard | F O |
| 1030 | n (f) | application/appli | application/app | F O |
| 1036 | n (f) | communication | communication | F O |
| 1038 | n (m) | manque | lack | F O |
| 1040 | $\checkmark$ | traverser | (to) cross \| crossing | F O |
| 1043 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | frère | brother | F O |
| 1044 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mardi; à mardi ! | Tuesday; see you on Tuesday! | F O |
| 1046 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vote | vote | F O |
| 1048 | $v$ | regretter | (to) be sorry, regret \\| being sorry, regretting | F O |
| 1053 | $v$ | surprendre | (to) surprise \| surprising | F O |
| 1056 | $v$ | améliorer | (to) improve \| improving | F O |
| 1059 | n (f) | lumière | light | F O |
| 1060 | adj | vert | green (m) | F O |
| 1064 | n (m) | étudiant | student | F O |
| 1066 | adj | malade | ill ( m , f) | F O |
| 1068 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | élève | pupil, student (m, f) | F R |
| 1070 | intj | merci | thank you | F O |
| 1072 | n (f) | visite | visit, tour | F O |
| 1074 | n (f) | émission | TV programme | F O |
| 1075 | n (f) | arrivée | arrival | F O |
| 1077 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | partenaire | partner | F O |
| 1083 | n (f) | influence | influence | F O |
| 1086 | $n(m)$ | vendredi; à vendredi ! | Friday; see you on Friday! | F O |
| 1090 | $n(m)$ | nord | north | F O |
| 1091 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lundi; à lundi ! | Monday; see you on Monday! | F O |
| 1096 | n (f) | vente | sale | F O |
| 1099 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | collègue | colleague | F O |
| 1103 | prep | voici | here is | F O |
| 1108 | $\checkmark$ | examiner | (to) examine \| examining | F O |
| 1109 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | soin | care | F O |
| 1112 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | jeudi; à jeudi ! | Thursday; see you on Thursday! | F O |
| 1114 | n (f) | science | science | F O |
| 1117 | adj | demi | half | F O |
| 1123 | $v$ | emprunter (à ...) | (to) borrow (from someone) \| borrowing (from someone) | F O |
| 1125 | $v$ | traduire | (to) translate \| translating | F R |
| 1127 | n (m) | millier | thousand | F O |
| 1128 | $\checkmark$ | emporter | (to) take with, take away \| taking with, taking away | F O |
| 1131 | adj | industriel | industrial (m) | F O |
| 1136 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | février | February | F O |
| 1137 | n (f) | mode | way, fashion | F O |
| 1139 | n (f) | musique | music | F O |
| 1146 | n (f) | physique | physics | F O |
| 1150 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | professeur/prof | teacher (m) | F O |


| 1156 | intj | dommage! | what a shame! | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1161 | n (f) | note | mark, grade | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1167 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | couple | couple | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1168 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mercredi; à mercredi ! | Wednesday; see you on Wednesday! | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1169 | adj | régional | regional (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1174 | n (f) | sortie | exit | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1176 | $v$ | décrire | (to) describe \| describing | F | R |
|  | v | décris \| décris! | (I) describe \| (I) am describing | (you (sing informal)) describe | (you (sing informal)) are describing | describe! (sing informal) | F | O |
|  | v | décrit \| (aux) décrit | (she, he, it, one) describes \| (she, he, it, one) is describing | (we (informal, impersonal)) describe | (we (informal, impersonal)) are describing | described | (have, has) described | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1178 | adj | récent | recent (m) | F | R |
| 1179 | n (f) | télévision/télé | television/TV | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1183 | adj | égal | equal (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1186 | $v$ | habiter | (to) live (somewhere) \| living (somewhere) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1187 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | quartier | district, quarter | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1192 | n (f) | université | university | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1193 | $v$ | rire | (to) laugh \| laughing | F | R |
|  | v | ris \| ris ! | (I) laugh \| (I) am laughing | (you (sing informal)) laugh | (you (sing informal)) are laughing | laugh! (sing informal) | F | R |
|  | v | rit | (she, he, it, one) laughs \| (she, he, it, one) is laughing | (we (informal, impersonal)) laugh | (we (informal, impersonal)) are laughing | F | R |
|  | $v$ | (aux) ri | laughed \| (have, has) laughed | F | R |
| 1194 | adv | facilement | easily | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1199 | n (f) | urgence | emergency | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1200 | n (f) | clé | key | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1202 | $v$ | jeter | (to) throw \| throwing | F | R |
| 1203 | adj | religieux | religious ( $m$ ) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1205 | adj | disponible | available ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1208 | adv | bientôt; à bientôt! | soon; see you soon! | F | R |
| 1210 | n (m) | mariage | marriage, wedding | F | O |
| 1211 | n (f) | couleur | colour | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1216 | adj | bleu | blue (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1217 | adv | dehors | outside | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1219 | adj | actif | active, energetic (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1221 | n (f) | habitude | habit | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1222 | adv | récemment | recently | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1225 | adj | excellent | excellent (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1226 | adj | moral | moral (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1227 | n (m) | accident | accident | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1231 | $v$ | fabriquer | (to) manufacture, produce, make \| manufacturing, producing, making | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1234 | adj | extraordinaire | extraordinary (m, f) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1235 | n (m) | dimanche; à dimanche ! | Sunday; see you on Sunday! | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1238 | $v$ | enregistrer | (to) record, save \| recording, saving | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1239 | adj | moderne | modern (m, f) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1240 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | parc | park | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1242 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sud | south | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1244 | adj | intéressant | interesting (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1245 | n (f) | île | island | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1247 | n (f) | carrière | career | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1248 | $v$ | voter | (to) vote \| voting | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1253 | n (m) | bras | arm | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1256 | $v$ | rechercher | (to) look for, collect \| looking for, collecting | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1258 | $n(m)$ | lendemain | next day | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1262 | $n(m)$ | roman | novel | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1264 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | facteur | postman | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1265 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | policier | policeman | F | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | n (f) | policière | policewoman | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1273 | num | ving ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | twenty | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1287 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bateau | boat, ship | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1288 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | printemps | spring | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1289 | n (f) | course | race, shopping | F | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | n (fpl) | courses | food shopping | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1290 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | exercice | written exercise, physical exercise | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1292 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | visage | face | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1293 | n (f) | droite | right | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1295 | n (m) | village | village | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1296 | adj | britannique | British (m, f) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1300 | n (f) | leçon | lesson | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1305 | n (f) | naissance | birth | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1307 | adj | froid | cold (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1308 | n (m) | hôpital | hospital | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1310 | adj | terrible | terrible, dreadful (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1313 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | rêve | dream | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1318 | adj | quotidien | daily (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1324 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | après-midi | afternoon | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1326 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | juillet | July | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1328 | n (m) | candidat | candidate | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1331 | adj | fier | proud (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1333 | $n(m)$ | habitant | resident (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1335 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mur | wall | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1337 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | journaliste | journalist | F | $\bigcirc$ |


| 1338 | $\checkmark$ | manger | (to) eat \| eating | F R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1341 | adj | travailleur | hard-working (m) | F O |
|  | adj | travailleuse | hard-working (f) | 0 |
| 1349 | adj | populaire | popular (m, f) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1351 | n (f) | participation | participation | R |
| 1355 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | samedi; à samedi ! | Saturday; see you on Saturday! | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1357 | adj | fou | crazy (m) | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | adj | folle | crazy (f) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1366 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | téléphone | telephone | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1371 | n (f) | tradition | tradition | F O |
| 1374 | $n(m)$ | arrêt | stop | F O |
| 1375 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | concours | entrance exam, competition | F O |
| 1378 | $v$ | visiter | (to) visit \| visiting | F O |
| 1384 | $v$ | désirer | (to) want, desire \| wanting, desiring | F O |
| 1385 | n (f) | côte | coast | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1386 | n (f) | génération | generation | F O |
| 1387 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vent | wind | F O |
| 1388 | n (f) | technologie | technology | F O |
| 1389 | $v$ | inquiéter; s'inquiéter (de + noun) | (to) bother, disturb \| bothering, disturbing; (to) be worried (about + noun) | being worried (about + noun) | 0 |
| 1392 | adj | inquiet | worried, anxious (m) | F O |
|  | adj | inquiète | worried, anxious (f) | F O |
| 1398 | $v$ | ressembler à + noun; se ressembler | (to) look like + noun \| looking like + noun; (to) look alike | looking alike | F O |
| 1399 | n (f) | station | station | F O |
| 1400 | $\checkmark$ | supporter | (to) tolerate, bear, put up with \| tolerating, bearing, putting up with | F O |
| 1406 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | propriétaire | owner | F O |
| 1409 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | avion | aeroplane | F O |
| 1412 | n (f) | photo | photo | F R |
| 1420 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | appareil | apparatus, device | F O |
| 1425 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bois* | wood | F O |
| 1429 | adj | idéal | ideal (m) | F O |
| 1430 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chômage | unemployment | F O |
| 1431 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | courage | courage | F O |
| 1433 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | entretien | interview, maintenance | F O |
| 1434 | $\checkmark$ | encourager (à + infinitive) | (to) encourage (+ verb), encouraging (+ verb) | F O |
| 1435 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | kilomètre | kilometre | F O |
| 1437 | n (f) | identité | identity | F O |
| 1445 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | août | August | F O |
| 1447 | $v$ | courir | (to) run \| running | F R |
|  | $v$ | cours** \| cours !** | (l) run \| (I) am running | (you (sing informal)) run | (you (sing informal)) are running | run! (sing informal) | F R |
|  | $v$ | court** | (she, he, it, one) runs \| (she, he, it, one) is running | (we (informal, impersonal)) run | (we (informal, impersonal)) are running | F R |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) couru | ran \| (have, has) run | F R |
| 1448 | $n(m)$ | examen | exam | F O |
| 1449 | $n(m)$ | personnage | character, individual, person | F O |
| 1456 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | tableau | board, picture, painting | F O |
| 1462 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | site | site | F O |
| 1467 | n (f) | inquiétude | worry, anxiety | F O |
| 1472 | num | quinze | fifteen | F O |
| 1473 | adj | vide | empty ( m , f ) | F O |
| 1476 | $v$ | sourire | (to) smile \| smiling | F O |
|  | v | sourit | (she, he, it, one) smiles \\| (she, he, it, one) is smiling \| (we (informal, impersonal)) smile | (we (informal, impersonal)) are smiling | F O |
| 1482 | n (f) | usine | factory | F O |
| 1485 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | employé | employee, worker | F O |
| 1488 | adj | évident | obvious (m) | F O |
| 1490 | n (f) | fête | party, festival | F O |
| 1494 | n (f) | réduction | reduction | F O |
| 1495 | adj | culturel | cultural (m) | F O |
| 1500 | n (f) | taille | size, height | F R |
| 1503 | n (m) | automne | autumn | F O |
| 1507 | $v$ | diminuer | (to) lower, decrease \| lowering, decreasing | F O |
| 1510 | adj | juif | Jewish (m) | F O |
| 1514 | $v$ | communiquer | (to) pass on, communicate \| passing on, communicating | F O |
| 1520 | adj | négatif | negative (m) | F O |
| 1524 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bruit | noise | F O |
| 1526 | n (f) | radio | radio | F O |
| 1530 | n (f) | soirée | evening | F O |
| 1531 | n (m) | vol | flight, theft | F O |
| 1532 | $v$ | marcher | (to) walk, work \| walking, working | F O |
| 1534 | $n(m)$ | mètre | metre | F O |
| 1538 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | ciel | sky | F O |
| 1542 | n (f) | seconde | second, year 11 | F O |
| 1543 | adv | malheureusement | unfortunately | F O |
| 1551 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | gaz | gas | F O |
| 1552 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | acteur | actor (m) | F O |
| 1554 | $n$ (f) | cour | courtyard, playground | F R |
| 1556 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | souci | worry, concern | F O |
| 1557 | $n(m)$ | expert | expert | F O |
| 1558 | n (f) | sœur | sister | F O |
| 1560 | $v$ | comparer | (to) compare \| comparing | 0 |


| 1566 | adj | médical | medical (m) | F O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1568 | n (f) | colère | anger | F O |
| 1574 | adj | traditionnel | traditional (m) | F R |
| 1575 | $n(m)$ | quart | quarter | F O |
| 1580 | $n(m, f)$ | adulte | adult | F O |
| 1582 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | métier | job, occupation | F O |
| 1584 | $v$ | peser | (to) weigh \| weighing | F O |
| 1585 | n (mpl) | médias | media | F O |
| 1586 | $n(m)$ | hiver | winter | F O |
| 1589 | $n(m)$ | mari | husband | F O |
| 1599 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | garçon | boy, waiter | F O |
| 1600 | adj | parfait | perfect (m) | F O |
| 1603 | n (f) | quatrième | year 9 | F O |
| 1604 | n (f) | fenêtre | window | F O |
| 1607 | n (f) | menace | threat | F O |
| 1609 | n (f) | jeunesse | youth | F O |
| 1610 | $v$ | voler (à ...) | (to) fly, steal (from someone) \| flying, stealing (from someone) | F O |
| 1614 | adj | inutile | useless ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | F O |
| 1616 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | poisson | fish | F O |
| 1617 | n (f) | révolution | revolution | F O |
| 1622 | adj | familial | family (m) | F O |
| 1623 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cinéma | cinema | F O |
| 1626 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | enseignement | education, teaching | F O |
| 1639 | $v$ | corriger | (to) correct, mark \| correcting, marking | F O |
| 1646 | num | trente | thirty | F O |
| 1650 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | instrument | instrument | F O |
| 1651 | n (f) | indépendance | independence | F O |
| 1652 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | tort | wrong | F O |
| 1659 | n (f) | drogue | drug | F O |
| 1664 | num | douze | twelve | F O |
| 1666 | adj | espagnol | Spanish (m) | F O |
| 1667 | n (f) | saison | season | F O |
| 1672 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | dos | back | F O |
| 1678 | $v$ | rêver (à/de + noun) | (to) dream (about + noun), dreaming (about + noun) | F O |
| 1686 | $v$ | marier; se marier (avec) | (to) marry \| marrying; (to) get married (to) | getting married (to) | F O |
| 1687 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | spectacle | sight, show | F O |
| 1689 | adj | célèbre | famous (m) | F O |
| 1690 | $n(m)$ | ouest | west | F O |
| 1694 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | accent | accent | F O |
| 1697 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | concert | concert | F O |
| 1699 | n (f) | religion | religion | F O |
| 1701 | $n(m)$ | théâtre | theatre, drama | F O |
| 1704 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | équipement | equipment | F O |
| 1705 | $\checkmark$ | descendre; descendre de + noun | (to) go down, ride down, drive down \| going down, riding down, driving down; (to) get off + noun, get out of + noun | getting off + noun, getting out of + noun | F O |
| 1706 | $n(m)$ | patron | boss | F O |
| 1708 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | abri | shelter | F O |
| 1709 | n (f) | recette | recipe | F O |
| 1710 | adv | généralement | generally | F O |
| 1713 | $n(m)$ | soleil | sun | F O |
| 1719 | $n(m)$ | dialogue | dialogue | F O |
| 1720 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | thème | theme, topic | F O |
| 1724 | n (f) | forêt | forest | F O |
| 1725 | n (m) | outil | tool | F O |
| 1726 | n (f) | vacances | holiday | F O |
| 1728 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | défi | challenge | F O |
| 1731 | adj | calme | calm, quiet ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | F O |
| 1732 | n (f) | montagne | mountain | F O |
| 1736 | $n(m)$ | magasin | shop | F O |
| 1738 | $n(m)$ | écrivain | writer | F O |
| 1744 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chien | dog | F O |
| 1747 | n (f) | conversation | conversation | F O |
| 1753 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | euro | euro | F O |
| 1757 | n (f) | compétence | competence, skill | F O |
| 1763 | adj | sain | healthy (m) | F O |
| 1764 | $v$ | intégrer; s'intégrer | (to) incorporate, integrate, include \\| incorporating, integrating, including; (to) become integrated, fit in | becoming integrated, fitting in | F O |
| 1771 | n (f) | boîte | box | F O |
| 1774 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | hôtel | hotel | F O |
| 1777 | adv | là-bas | over there, out there | F O |
| 1782 | n (f) | église | church | F O |
| 1791 | $n$ (f) | découverte | discovery | F O |
| 1797 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | artiste | artist | F O |
| 1798 | $n(m)$ | coin | corner | F O |
| 1801 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | uniforme | uniform | F O |
| 1803 | n (f) | grève | strike | F O |
| 1815 | n (f) | surprise | surprise | F O |
| 1818 | n (f) | capitale | capital city | F O |
| 1820 | $v$ | chanter | (to) sing \| singing | F O |
| 1824 | n (f) | neige | snow | F O |
| 1829 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | goût | taste, flavour | F O |
| 1832 | n (f) | catastrophe | catastrophe, disaster | 0 |


| 1835 | n (f) | manifestation | demonstration, event | F | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1836 | $\checkmark$ | dormir | (to) sleep \| sleeping | F | 0 |
| 1837 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lit | bed | F | 0 |
| 1838 | n (f) | bouche | mouth | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1841 | adj | content | glad, pleased (m) | F | 0 |
| 1843 | adj | triste | sad (m, f) | F | 0 |
| 1849 | n (m) | logement | accommodation | F | 0 |
| 1852 | adj | chaud | hot, warm (m) | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1856 | $\checkmark$ | progresser | (to) progress \| progressing | F | R |
| 1859 | adj | strict | strict (m) | F | 0 |
| 1860 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | club | club | F | 0 |
| 1873 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | rendez-vous | appointment | F | 0 |
| 1875 | n (f) | planète | planet | F | 0 |
| 1879 | $v$ | boire | (†o) drink \| drinking | F | R |
|  | $v$ | bois** \| bois! | (I) drink \| (I) am drinking | (you (sing informal)) drink | (you (sing informal)) are drinking | drink! (sing informal) | F | R |
|  | v | boit | (she, he, it, one) drinks \\| (she, he, it, one) is drinking \| (we (informal, impersonal)) drink \| (we (informal, impersonal)) are drinking | F | R |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) bu | drank \| (have, has) drunk | F | R |
| 1881 | n (f) | caisse | checkout | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1884 | n (f) | oreille | ear | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1886 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | café | café, coffee | F | 0 |
| 1887 | n (f) | annonce | announcement | F | 0 |
| 1889 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pont | bridge | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1895 | adj | chrétien | Christian (m) | F | R |
| 1898 | n (f) | égalité | equality | F | 0 |
| 1906 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | match | match | F | 0 |
| 1916 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | billet | ticket | F | 0 |
| 1925 | n (f) | adresse | address | F | 0 |
| 1951 | n (f) | pauvreté | poverty | F | 0 |
| 1952 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bâtiment | building | F | 0 |
| 1954 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | médicament | medicine, drug | F | 0 |
| 1959 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | véhicule | vehicle | F | 0 |
| 1963 | n (f) | personnalité | personality | F | 0 |
| 1967 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | stade | stadium, stage | F | 0 |
| 1972 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bonjour | hello, good morning | F | 0 |
| 1983 | n (f) | dame | lady | F | 0 |
| 1986 | n (f) | faim | hunger | F | R |
| 1987 | $v$ | excuser (de/pour + noun); s'excuser (de/pour + noun) | (to) excuse (for + noun), forgive (for + noun) \| excusing (for + noun), forgiving (for + noun); (to) apologise (for + noun) | apologising (for + noun) | F | 0 |
| 1988 | $v$ | recommander | (to) recommend \| recommending | F | 0 |
| 1993 | adj | scolaire | school (m, f) | F | 0 |
| 1997 | adj | inquiétant | worrying, disturbing (m) | F | 0 |
| 1999 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | style | style | F | R |
| 2006 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | climat | climate | F | O> |
| 2011 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sport | sport | F | O> |
| 2018 | adv | normalement | normally | F | O> |
| 2043 | n (f) | anniversaire | birthday | F | O> |
| 2085 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | adolescent/ado | teenager, adolescent | F | O> |
| 2111 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | arbre | tree | F | O> |
| 2113 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | aéroport | airport | F | O> |
| 2116 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | collège | secondary school | F | O> |
| 2142 | n (f) | chanson | song | F | O> |
| 2160 | $v$ | coucher; se coucher | (to) lie down; sleep \| lying down, sleeping; (to) go to bed, set (sun) | going to bed, setting (sun) | F | O> |
| 2166 | adj | drôle | funny (m, f) | F | O> |
| 2170 | $v$ | célébrer | (to) celebrate \| celebrating | F | O> |
| 2191 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | plastique | plastic | F | O> |
| 2194 | $\checkmark$ | voyager | (to) travel (around) \| travelling (around) | F | O> |
| 2201 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | ordinateur | computer | F | O> |
| 2216 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | musée | museum | F | O> |
| 2245 | adj | musulman | Muslim (m) | F | O> |
| 2273 | num | cinquante | fifty | F | O> |
| 2284 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | jardin | garden | F | O> |
| 2285 | n (f) | nourriture | food | F | O> |
| 2296 | n (mpl) | cheveux | hair | F | O> |
| 2298 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cadeau | present, gift | F | O> |
| 2305 | n (f) | fleur | flower | F | O> |
| 2309 | n (m) | vin | wine | F | O> |
| 2322 | $v$ | adorer | (to) really like, love, adore \| really liking, loving, adoring | F | O> |
| 2323 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | appartement | apartment, flat | F | O> |
| 2336 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | restaurant | restaurant | F | O> |
| 2343 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sac | bag, sack | F | O> |
| 2365 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | diner | dinner | F | O> |
| 2383 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vêtement | garment, item or article of clothing | F | O> |
| 2398 | adj | joli | pretty, attractive (m) | F | O> |
| 2421 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | écran | screen | F | O> |
| 2436 | num | quarante | forty | F | O> |
| 2447 | num | onze | eleven | F | O> |
| 2465 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | alcool | alcohol | F | O> |
| 2470 | adj | gratuit | free (of charge) (m) | F | O> |
| 2472 | n (f) | jambe | leg | F | O> |
| 2475 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | week-end | weekend | F | O> |


| 2483 | $n(m)$ | midi | noon | F | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2507 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lait | milk | F | O> |
| 2509 | adj | intelligent | intelligent (m) | F | O> |
| 2511 | n (f) | bibliothèque | library | F | O> |
| 2580 | n (f) | glace | ice cream, ice | F | O> |
| 2581 | n (f) | gare | station, railway station | F | O> |
| 2588 | n (f) | informatique | computer science, computing | F | O> |
| 2602 | n (m) | foot(ball) | football, soccer | F | O> |
| 2611 | n (f) | vidéo | video | F | O> |
| 2618 | n (f) | cuisine | cooking, kitchen | F | O> |
| 2623 | $v$ | fumer | (†o) smoke \| smoking | F | O> |
| 2625 | n (f) | viande | meat | F | O> |
| 2637 | adv | lentement | slowly | F | O> |
| 2653 | n (m) | touriste | tourist | F | O> |
| 2670 | adj | sportif | athletic, competitive, sporty, sporting (m) | F | O> |
| 2693 | n (f) | plage | beach | F | O> |
| 2724 | n (m) | déjeuner | lunch | F | O> |
| 2725 | $v$ | disputer; se disputer | (to) scold, tell off \| scolding, telling off; (to) argue | arguing | F | O> |
| 2729 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | salon | lounge, living room | F | O> |
| 2802 | $n(m)$ | pain | bread | F | O> |
| 2816 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lycée | college, sixth form | F | O> |
| 2832 | adj | gentil | kind (m) | F | O> |
| 2841 | adj | agréable | pleasant, nice, agreeable ( m , f) | F | O> |
| 2855 | n (f) | cigarette | cigarette | F | O> |
| 2882 | n (m) | déchets | rubbish | F | O> |
| 2898 | $v$ | détester | (to) hate, detest \| hating, detesting | F | O> |
| 2906 | adj | sale | dirty ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | F | O> |
| 2929 | n (m) | boulot | work, job | F | O> |
| 2934 | $v$ | danser | (to) dance I dancing | F | O> |
| 2948 | n (m) | repas | meal | F | O> |
| 2993 | adj | super | great | F | O> |
| 3011 | $v$ | poster | (to) post \| posting | F | O> |
| 3020 | n (m) | copain | friend (m), boyfriend | F | O> |
|  | n (f) | copine | friend, girlfriend | F | O> |
| 3073 | n (f) | pollution | pollution | F | O> |
| 3117 | n (m) | légume | vegetable | F | O> |
| 3148 | n (f) | Mademoiselle | Miss, Ms, (sing), miss | F | O> |
| 3151 | num | soixante | sixty | F | O> |
| 3229 | adj | fatigué | tired (m) | F | O> |
| 3245 | num | treize | thirteen | F | O> |
| 3251 | n (m) | chanteur | singer | F | R |
| 3285 | num | seize | sixteen | F | O> |
| 3322 | n (f) | star | star, celebrity | F | O> |
| 3359 | num | quatorze | fourteen | F | O> |
| 3362 | adj | célibataire | single, unmarried (m, f) | F | O> |
| 3387 | $n(m)$ | cousin | cousin | F | O> |
| 3399 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | inconvénient | snag, drawback, disadvantage, inconvenience | F | O> |
| 3419 | n (f) | chaise | chair | F | O> |
| 3438 | $n$ (fpl) | maths | mathematics/maths | F | O> |
| 3441 | $n(m)$ | temple | temple | F | O> |
| 3453 | $n(m)$ | minuit | midnight | F | O> |
| 3458 | n (m) | bain | bath, bathing | F | O> |
| 3503 | $v$ | laver; se laver | (to) wash (something) \| washing (something); (to) get washed | getting washed | F | O> |
| 3510 | n (m) | château | castle, palace | F | O> |
| 3517 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | thé | tea | F | R |
| 3613 | adj | handicapé | disabled (m) | F | O> |
| 3614 | n (f) | boisson | drink, beverage | F | O> |
| 3628 | n (m) | oncle | uncle | F | O> |
| 3636 | $n(m)$ | apprentissage | apprenticeship | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 3714 | intj | bienvenue! | welcome | F | O> |
| 3835 | adj | timide | timid, shy, bashful (m, f) | F | R |
| 3858 | n (m) | festival | festival | F | O |
| 3872 | adj | génial | great, brilliant (m) | F | O> |
| 3891 | n (f) | tante | aunt | F | O> |
| 3938 | intj | bonsoir | good evening | F | O> |
| 4002 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | portable | mobile phone, laptop | F | O> |
| 4007 | $n(m)$ | stage | work experience | F | O> |
| 4094 | n (m) | dictionnaire | dictionary | F | O> |
| 4164 | adj | sympathique/sympa | nice, kind, friendly ( m , f) | F | O> |
| 4215 | n (f) | toilette | washing, toilet, lavatory, bathroom, restroom | F | O> |
| 4216 | n (m) | autobus/bus | bus | F | O> |
| 4369 | adj | affreux | dreadful, awful, horrible (m) | F | O> |
| 4377 | n (m) | serveur | waiter, server | F | O> |
| 4451 | adj | interdit | prohibited, banned (m) | F | O> |
| 4452 | $n(m)$ | brouillard | fog, mist, haze | F | $\bigcirc$ |
| 4475 | $n(m)$ | fromage | cheese | F | O> |
| 4506 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | bénévole | volunteer | F | O> |
| 4594 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vélo | bike, bicycle | F | O> |
| 4659 | n (f) | soif | thirst | F | O> |
| 4670 | $n(m)$ | pantalon | trousers | F | O> |
| 4845 | $n(m)$ | gâteau | cake | F | O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | aidant | carer | F |  |


| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | amusant | funny, fun, enjoyable, amusing (m) | F O> |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n/a | n (f) | Angleterre | England | F O> |
| n/a | adj | bavard | chatty, talkative (m) | F O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | beau-père | step-father, father-in-law | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | belle-mère | step-mother, mother-in-law | F O> |
| n/a | adj | bi(sexuel) | bi(sexual) (m) | F O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | blog | blog | F O> |
| n/a | adj | bouddhiste | Buddhist (m, f) | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | boulangerie | bakery | F O> |
| n/a | adj | brun | brown (m) | F O |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | camping | camping | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | célébrité | celebrity | F O> |
| n/a | $\checkmark$ | chatter/tchatter | (to) chat \| chatting | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | défié | parade, procession | F O> |
| n/a | adj | désolé | sorry (m) | F O> |
| n/a | adj | embêtant | annoying (m) | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | ennuyeux | boring (m) | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | équilibré | balanced (m) | F O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | fast-food | fast food | F O> |
| n/a | intj | félicitations | congratulations | F O> |
| n/a | adj | féré | public holiday (m) | F O> |
| n/a | n (fpl) | frites | chips | F O> |
| n/a | adj | gay | gay (m, f) | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | géographie | geography | F O> |
| n/a | adj | hétéro | straight, heterosexual (m, f) | F O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | influenceur | influencer | F O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | internet | internet | F O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mail/e-mail | e-mail | F O> |
| n/a | adj | méchant | nasty, naughty, mean (m) | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | mosquée | mosque | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | natation | swimming | F O> |
| n/a | adj | non-binaire | non-binary (m, f) | F O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | PACS | civil partnership | F O> |
| n/a | adv | parce que/qu' | because | F O> |
| n/a | adj | paresseux | lazy (m) (mpl, mixed gender pl) | F O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | passe-temps | hobby | F O> |
| n/a | adj | passionnant | exciting, thrilling (m) | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $n(m)$ | petit-déjeuner | breakfast | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | piscine | swimming pool | F O> |
| n/a | $v$ | polluer | (to) pollute \| polluting | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | poubelle | rubbish bin | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | promenade | walk | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | queer | queer (m, f) | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | réchauffement | warming | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | récré(ation) | break (time) | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | recyclage | recycling | F O> |
| n/a | $v$ | recycler | (to) recycle \| recycling | F O> |
| n/a | $v$ | se relaxer | (to) relax \| relaxing | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $n(m)$ | selfie | selfie | F O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | shopping | shopping | F O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | SMS | SMS | F O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | streaming | streaming | F O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | stylo | pen | F O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | supermarché | supermarket | F O> |
| n/a | n (f) | synagogue | synagogue | F O> |
| n/a | $\checkmark$ | télécharger | (to) download \| downloading | F O> |
| n/a | adj | transgenre | trans (m, f) | F O> |
| n/a | $v$ | vapoter | (to) vape \| vaping | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | végan | vegan (m) | F O> |
| n/a | adj | végétarien | vegetarian (m) | F O> |
| n/a | mwp | il y a \| il y avait | il y aura | there is \| there are | there was | there were | there used to be | there is going to be | there will be | F R |
| n/a | mwp | à cause de | because of | F O> |
| n/a | mwp | à gauche | on the left | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | au revoir | goodbye | F O> |
| n/a | mwp | aussi...que/qu' | as...as | F R |
| n/a | mwp | ça m'est égal | I'm not bothered | F O> |
| n/a | mwp | çava/ çava? | It's fine, I'm fine, it's OK/how's it going?, how are you? | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | en ce moment | at the moment | F O> |
| n/a | mwp | en retard | late | F O> |
| $n / a$ | mwp | est-ce que/est-ce qu' ? | questioning device | F R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | feu d'artifice | firework display | F O> |
| n/a | mwp | il est + time | it is/it's + time | F R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il fait (beau) | it is/it's (nice) | F R |
| n/a | mwp | il faut + infinitive | it is/it's necessary + verb, must + verb | F R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il pleut | it rains \| it's raining | F R |
| n/a | mwp | mariage du même sexe | same sex marriage | F O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | par contre | on the other hand | F O> |
| $n / a$ | mwp | s'il te plaît/s'il vous plaît | please (informal)/please (formal) | F O> |
| n/a | mwp | tout le monde | everyone, everybody | F O> |
| $n / a$ | n (f) | Fête Nationale | Bastille Day, French national holiday | F C |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $n$ (fpl) | Pyrénées | the Pyrenees | F C |
| n/a | n (f) | Méditerranée | the Mediterranean | F C |



[^0]GCSE French (8652) - Higher tier vocabulary

|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I } \\ & i=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | det | $\mathrm{le} / \mathrm{l}^{*}$ | the (m) | H | R |
|  | det | \|a/l|* | the (f) | H | R |
|  | det | les* | the (pl) | H | R |
|  | pron | le/l** | him, it (m) (obj) | H | R |
|  | pron | \|a/1** | her, it (f) (obj) | H | R |
|  | pron | les** | them ( m , f) ( obj ) | H | R |
| 2 | det | de*/d'* | indefinite article following a verb in negative or expression of quantity, partitive article following a verb in negative or expression of quantity | H | R |
|  | det | du*/de ${ }^{\text {l** }}$ | some (of the) (m) | H | R |
|  | det | de la*/de l** | some (of the) (f) | H | R |
|  | det | des* | plural indefinite article, some (of the) (pl) | H | R |
|  | prep | de**/d'** | of, from | H | R |
|  | prep | du**/de ${ }^{\text {** }}$ | of the, from (the) ( m ) | H | R |
|  | prep | de la**/del ${ }^{1 * *}$ | of the, from (the) (f) | H | R |
|  | prep | des** | of the, from (the) (pl) | H | R |
| 3 | det | un* | a/an (m) | H | R |
|  | det | une | a/an (f) | H | R |
|  | num | un** | one | H | R |
| 4 | prep | à | at, to, in, on | H | R |
|  | prep | au/à I' | at the, to the, in the, on the (m) | H | R |
|  | prep | àla/àl' | at the, to the, in the, on the (f) | H | R |
|  | prep | aux | at the, to the, in the, on the (pl) | H | R |
| 5 | v | être | (to) be \| being | H | R |
|  | $v$ | suis* | (I) am \| (I) am being I (I) have been | H | R |
|  | v | es | (you (sing informal)) are \| (you (sing informal)) are being | (you (sing informal)) have been | H | R |
|  | v | est* | (she, he, it, one) is I (she, he, it, one) is being I (she, he, it, one) has been I (we (informal, impersonal)) are \| (we (informal, impersonal)) are being | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been | H | R |
|  | v | sommes | (we) are I (we) are being I (we) have been | H | R |
|  | $v$ | êtes | (you (pl, sing formal)) are \| (you (pl, sing formal)) are being | (you (pl, sing formal)) have been | H | R |
|  | v | sont | (they) are I (they) are being I (they) have been | H | R |
|  | v | (aux) été | was I (have, has) been | H | R |
|  | v | étais | (I) was + adjectival complement \| (I) used to be | (I) was being | (you (sing informal)) were + adjectival complement I (you (sing informal)) used to be I (you (sing informal)) were being | H | R |
|  | v | était | (she, he, it, one) was + adjectival complement I (she, he, it, one) used to be I (she, he, it, one) was being I (we (informal, impersonal)) were + adjectival complement I (we (informal, impersonal)) used to be \| (we (informal, impersonal)) were being | H | R |
|  | v | serais | (l) would be I you (sing informal)) would be | H | R |
|  | $v$ | serait | (she, he, it, one) would be \| (we (informal, impersonal)) would be | H | R |
|  | v | serai | (I) will be \| (I) am going to be | H | R |
|  | v | seras | (you (sing informal)) will be I (you (sing informal)) are going to be | H | R |
|  | v | sera | (she, he, it, one) will be \| (she, he, it, one) is going to be I (we (informal, impersonal)) will be I (we (informal, impersonal)) are going to be | H | R |
|  | v | Sois.... | Be...! (sing informal) | H | R |
|  | v | Soyez...! | Be...! (pl, sing formal) | H | R |
|  | v | étant | being | H | R |
| 6 | conj | et | and | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 7 | prep | en* | in, by, to | H | R |
|  | pron | en** | of it, about it ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) \| of them, about them ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H | R |
| 8 | v | avoir | (to) have I having | H | R |
|  | v | ai | (I) have I (I) am having I (I) have been having | H | R |
|  | v | as | (you (sing informal)) have I (you (sing informal)) are having I (you (sing informal)) have been having | H | R |
|  | v | a | (she, he, it, one) has I (she, he, it, one) is having I (she, he, it, one) has been having I (we (informal, impersonal)) have I (we (informal, impersonal)) are having I (we (informal, impersonal)) have been having | H | R |
|  | $v$ | avons | (we) have I (we) are having I (we) have been having | H | R |
|  | v | avez | (you (pl, sing formal)) have \| (you (pl, sing formal)) are having | (you (pl, sing formal)) have been having | H | R |
|  | v | ont | (they) have I (they) are having I (they) have been having | H | R |
|  | v | (aux) eu | had I (have, has) had | H | R |
|  | v | avais | (I) had \| (I) used to have I (I) was having | (you (sing informal)) had | (you (sing informal)) used to have I (you (sing informal)) were having | H | R |
|  | v | avait | (she, he, it, one) had I (she, he, it, one) used to have I (she, he, it, one) was having I (we (informal, impersonal)) had I (we (informal, impersonal)) used to have I (we (informal, impersonal)) were having | H | R |
|  | v | aurais | (l) would have I (you (sing informal)) would have | H | R |
|  | v | aurait | (she, he, it, one) would have I (we (informal, impersonal)) would have | H | R |
|  | v | aurai | (I) will have \| (I) am going to have | H | R |
|  | v | auras | (you (sing informal)) will have I (you (sing informal)) are going to have | H | R |
|  | v | aura | (she, he, it, one) will have I (she, he, it, one) is going to have I (we (informal, impersonal)) will have \| (we (informal, impersonal)) is going to have | H | R |
|  | $\checkmark$ | ayant | having | H | R |
| 9 | pron | que*/qu* \| que*/qu* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | what, that I what? | H | R |
|  | conj | que**/qu** | that | H | R |
|  | adv | ne... que | only, nothing but | H | R |
| 10 | prep | pour | for, in order to | H | R |
| 11 | prep | dans | in | H | R |
| 12 | det | ce/cet/c' | this, that, it ( m ) | H | R |


| det | cette | this, that (f) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| det | ces | these, those |
| pron | il | he, it (m) (subj) |
| pron | ils | they ( $m$, mixed gender) (subj) |
| pron | qui \| qui ? | who, that \| who? |
| prep | sur | on |
| pron | $\mathrm{se} / \mathrm{s}$ ' | himself, herself, itself, oneself (reflex) \| ourselves (informal, impersonal) (reflex) | themselves (reflex) | each other (informal, impersonal) (recip) | each other (pl) (recip) |
| adv | ne... pas (de) | not (any) |
| adv | plus (...que/qu')* | adv + -er (...than), more (...than) |
| adj | plus (...que/qu')**; plus de (+ num) | adj + -er (...than), more (...than); more (than + num) |
| $v$ | pouvoir | (to) be able to, can \| being able to |
| $v$ | peux | (l) am able to, can \| (you (sing informal)) are able to, can |
| $v$ | peut | (she, he, it, one) is able to, can \| (we (informal, impersonal)) are able to, can |
| $v$ | pouvons | (we) are able to, can |
| $v$ | pouvez | (you (pl, sing formal)) are able to, can |
| $v$ | peuvent | (they) are able to, can |
| $v$ | (aux) pu | was/were able to, could \| (have, has) been able to |
| prep | par | by, per |
| pron | je | I (subj) |
| prep | avec | with |
| det | tout*(e)(s) | all, the whole (m) (f) (pl) |
| det | tous* | all, the whole (mpl, mixed gender pl) |
| pron | tout** | everything, all |
| pron | tous** | everyone, all of them |
| $\checkmark$ | faire; faire de + noun | (†o) do, make, go on/for + noun \| doing, making, going on/for + noun; (†o) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | doing + -ing, going + -ing, playing + noun |
| $v$ | fais \| fais !; fais de + noun | fais de + noun ! | (I) do, make, go on/for + noun \| (I) am doing, am making, am going on/for + noun | (I) have been doing, have been making, have been going on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) do, make, go on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) have been doing, have been making, have been going on/for + noun | do!, make!, go on/for + noun! (sing informal); (I) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (I) am doing + -ing, am going + -ing, am playing + noun | (I) have been doing + -ing, have been going + -ing, have been playing + noun | (you (sing informal)) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (you (sing informal)) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun | (you (sing informal)) have been doing + -ing, have been going + -ing, have been playing + noun | do |

fait* | (aux) fait; fait de + noun | (aux) fait de + noun
(she, he, it, one) does, makes, goes on/for + noun | (she, he, it, one) is doing, is making, is going on/for + noun | (she, he, it, one) has been doing, has been making, has been going on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) do, make, go on/for + noun I (we (informal, impersonal)) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been doing, have been making, have been going on/for + noun | did, made, went on/for + noun | (have, has) done, (have, has) made, (have, has) gone on/for + noun; (she, he, it, one) does + -ing, goes + -ing, plays + noun | (she, he, it, one) is doing + ing, is going + -ing, is playing + noun | (she, he, it, one) has been doing + -ing, has been going + -ing, has been playing + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been doing + -ing, have been going + -ing, have been playing + noun | did + -ing, went + -ing, played + noun | (have, has) done + -ing, (have, has) gone + -ing, (have, has) played + -ing
$\checkmark \quad$ faisons | faisons !; faisons de + noun | faisons de + noun!
$\checkmark \quad$ faites | faites !; faites de | faites de !
font; font de
$\checkmark \quad$ ferais; ferais de
ferait; ferait de
ferai; ferai de
feras; feras de
fera; fera de
(we) do, make, go on/for + noun | (we) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | (we) have been doing, have been making, have been going on/for + noun \| let's do!, let's make!, let's go on/for + noun!; (we) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (we) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun \| (we) have been doing + -ing, have been going + -ing, have been playing | let's do + -ing!, let's go + ing!, let's play + noun!
you (pl, sing formal) do, make, go on/for + noun | (you (pl, sing formal)) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | (you (pl, sing formal)) have been doing, have been making, have been going on/for + noun | do!, make!, go on/for + noun! (pl, sing formal); you (pl, sing formal) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (you (pl, sing formal)) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun | (you (pl, sing formal)) have been doing + -ing, have been going + -ing, have been playing + noun | do + -ing!, go + ing!, play + noun! (pl, sing formal)
(they) do, make, go on/for + noun | (they) are doing, are making, are going on/for + noun | (they) have been doing, have been making, have been going on/for + noun; (they) do + -ing, go + -ing, play + noun | (they) are doing + -ing, are going + -ing, are playing + noun | (they) have been doing + -ing, have been going + -ing, have been playing + noun
(I) would do, would make, would go on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) would do, would make, would go on/for + noun; (I) would do + -ing, would go +-ing, would play + noun | (you (sing informal)) would do + -ing, would go + -ing, would play + noun
(she, he, it, one) would do, would make, would go on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) would do, would make, would go on/for + noun; (she, he, it, one) would do + -ing, would go + -ing, would play + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) would do +-ing, would go + -ing, would play + noun
(I) will do, will make, will go on/for + noun | (I) am going to do, am going to make, am going to go
H on/for + noun; (I) will do + -ing, will go + -ing, will play + noun | (I) am going to do + -ing, am going to go +-ing, am going to play + noun
(you (sing informal)) will do, will make, will go on/for + noun | (you (sing informal)) are going to do, are going to make, are going to go on/for + noun; (you (sing informal)) will do + -ing, will go + -ing, will play + noun | (you (sing informal)) are going to do + -ing, are going to go + -ing, are going to play + noun
(she, he, it, one) will do, will make, will go on/for + noun | (she, he, it, one) is going to do, is going to make, is going to go on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) will do, will make, will go on/for + noun I (we (informal, impersonal)) are going to do, are going to make, are going to go on/for + noun; (she, he, it, one) will do +-ing, will go + -ing, will play + noun (she, he, it, one) is going to do +-ing, is going to go + -ing, is going to play + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) will do + -ing, will go + -ing, will make + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) are going to do +-ing, are going to go + -ing, are going to play + nni in
doing, making, going on/for + noun; doing + -ing, going + -ing, playing + noun

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{v

v} \& faisais; faisais de <br>
\hline \& \& faisait; faisait de <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{26} \& det \& son* <br>
\hline \& det \& sa <br>
\hline \& det \& ses <br>
\hline \& $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ \& son** <br>
\hline 27 \& v \& mettre; se mettre à (+ noun) (+ infinitive) (aux) mis; se (aux) mis à (+ noun) (+ infinitive) <br>
\hline 28 \& det \& autre(s) <br>
\hline 29 \& pron \& on <br>
\hline 30 \& conj \& mais <br>
\hline 31 \& pron \& nous | (à) nous <br>
\hline 32 \& conj \& comme <br>
\hline 33 \& conj \& ou <br>
\hline 34 \& conj \& si <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{35} \& det \& leur* <br>
\hline \& det \& leurs <br>
\hline \& pron \& leu** <br>
\hline 36 \& pron \& $y$ <br>
\hline 37 \& v \& dire; dire (à ... de + infinitive) dit | (aux) dit <br>
\hline 38 \& pron pron \& elle | (à) elle elles <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{39} \& v \& devoir dois <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& doit <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& devons <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& devez <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& doivent <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& (aux) dû <br>
\hline \& n (mpl) \& devoirs <br>
\hline 40 \& prep \& avant; avant de + infinitive <br>
\hline 41 \& num \& deux <br>
\hline \& adj \& deux <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{42} \& det \& même* ${ }^{\text {s }}$ ) <br>
\hline \& adv \& même** <br>
\hline 43 \& $v$ \& prendre <br>
\hline 44 \& adv \& aussi <br>
\hline 46 \& $v$ \& donner <br>
\hline 47 \& adv \& bien <br>
\hline 48 \& pron \& où | où ? <br>
\hline 49 \& n (f) \& fois <br>
\hline 50 \& pron \& vous | (à) vous <br>
\hline 51 \& adv \& encore <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{52} \& adj \& nouveau <br>
\hline \& adj \& nouvelle <br>
\hline \& adj \& nouveaux <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{10}{*}{53} \& $v$ \& aller <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& vais <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& vas <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& va| va! <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& vont <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& irais <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& irait <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& irai <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& iras <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& ira <br>
\hline 54 \& pron \& cela <br>
\hline \& pron \& ça <br>
\hline 55 \& prep \& entre <br>
\hline 56 \& adj \& premier <br>
\hline \& n (f) \& première <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{57} \& $v$ \& vouloir <br>
\hline \& $v$ \& veux <br>
\hline \& v \& veut <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(I) used to do, used to make, used to go on/for + noun I (I) was doing, was making, was going on/for + were doing, were making, were going on/for + noun; (I) used to do + -ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (I) was doing + ing, was going + -ing, was playing + noun | (you (sing informal)) used to do + ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (you (sing informal)) were doing + -ing, were going + -ing, were playing + noun
(she, he, it, one) used to do, used to make, used to go on/for + noun | (she, he, it, one) was doing, was making, was going on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) used to do, used to make, used to go on/for + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) were doing, were making, were going on/for + noun; (she, he, it, one) used to do + -ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (she, he, it, one) was doing + -ing, was going + -ing, was playing + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) used to do + -ing, used to go + -ing, used to play + noun | (we (informal, impersonal)) were doing + -ing, were going + -ing, were playing + noun
his, her, its ( $m$, $f$ before a vowel or $h$ )
his, her, its (f)
his, her, its, everyone's, one's (pl)
sound
(to) put (on) | putting (on); (to) start, begin (+ noun) (+ verb) | starting, beginning (+ noun) (+ verb)
put (on) | (have, has) put (on); started, began (+ noun) (+ verb) | (have, has) started, begun (+ noun) (+ verb)
other ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) ( pl )
everyone, you, one, (we (informal, impersonal))
but
we (subj) | us (obj) | to us (indirect obj) | ourselves (reflex) | each other (recip) | to us (emph) like, as
or
if, whether
their ( $m, f$ )
their ( pl )
to them ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) (indirect obj)
there
(to) say, tell | saying, telling; (to) tell (someone + verb) | telling (someone + verb)
she, it (f) (subj) | to her, it (f) (emph)
they (f) (subj) | to them (f) (emph)
(to) have to, must | having to
(I) have to, must | (I) have been having to | (you (sing informal)) have to, must | (you (sing informal)) have been having to
(she, he, it, one) has to, must | (she, he, it, one) has been having to | (we (informal, impersonal)) have to, must | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been having to, must
(we) have to, must I (we) have been having to, must
(you (pl, sing formal)) have to, must | (you (pl, sing formal)) have been having to, must
(they) have to, must | (they) have been having to, must
had to I (have, has) had to
homework
before; before + verb
two
two
same (m, f) (pl)
even
(to) take | taking
also, too, as well
(to) give | giving
well
where | where?
time
you (pl, formal) (subj) | (you (pl, sing formal)) (obj) | to you (pl, sing formal) (indirect obj) | yourselves (reflex) | yourself (formal) (reflex) | each other (recip) | to you (pl, sing formal) (emph)
yet, again
new (m)
new (f)
new (mpl, mixed gender pl)
(to) go | going
(I) go | (I) am going | (I) have been going
(you (sing informal)) go | (you (sing informal)) are going | (you (sing informal)) have been going
(she, he, it, one) goes \| (she, he, it, one) is going | (she, he, it, one) has been going | (we (informal impersonal)) go | (we (informal, impersonal)) are going \| (we (informal, impersonal)) have been going | go! (sing informal)
(they) go | (they) are going | (they) have been going
(I) would go | (you (sing informal)) would go
(she, he, it, one) would go | (we (informal, impersonal)) would go
(I) will go | (I) am going to go
(you (sing informal)) will go | (you (sing informal)) are going to go
(she, he, it, one) will go | (she, he, it, one) is going to go | (we (informal, impersonal)) will go | (we (informal, impersonal)) are going to go
that, it[formal]
that, it[informal]
between
first (m)
year 12
(to) want (to) I wanting (to)
(I) want (to) | (I) have been wanting (to) | (you (sing informal)) want (to) | (you (sing informal)) have
(she han (to) (to) । (she he it one) has been wanting (to) । (we (informal impersonal)) want

| v | voulons |
| :---: | :---: |
| v | voulez |
| $v$ | veulent |
| v | voudrais |
| v | voudrait |
| $v$ | (aux) voulu |
| adv | déjà |
| adj | grand |
| det | mon |
| det | ma |
| det | mes |
| pron | $\mathrm{me} / \mathrm{m}^{\prime}$ |
| adv | moins (...que/qu')* |
| adj | moins (...que/qu')**; moins de (+ num) |
| det | ne... aucun(e) |
| pron | lui I (à) lui |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | temps |
| adv | très |
| $v$ | savoir |
| v | sais |
| v | sait |
| v | savons |
| v | savez |
| v | savent |
| v | (aux) su |
| v | voir |
| v | vois \| vois ! |
| v | voit |
| $v$ | (aux) vu |
| det | quelque(s) |
| prep | sans |
| n (f) | raison |
| det | notre |
| det | nos |
| adv | non |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | an |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | monde |
| $n(m)$ | jour |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | monsieur |
| $\checkmark$ | demander; demander à ... (de + infinitive) se demander |
| adv | alors |
| prep | après |
| $\checkmark$ | trouver; se trouver |
| pron | ne... personne* |
| pron | personne ne |
| n (f) | personne** |
| $\checkmark$ | rendre; se rendre |
| adj | dernier |
| $\checkmark$ | venir |
| prep | pendant |
| $\checkmark$ | passer; se passer |
| adv | (un) peu |
| adj | bon |
| adj | bonne |
| $\checkmark$ | comprendre |
| prep | depuis |
| n (f) | heure |
| $\checkmark$ | rester |
| adj | seul |
| n (f) | année |
| adv | toujours |
| $v$ | tenir |
| v | porter |
| $v$ | parler |
| adj | fort |
| $v$ | montrer |
| adv | là |
| adj | certain |
| n (mpl) | certains |
| n (f) | fin |
| pron | tu |
| $\checkmark$ | continuer (à/de + infinitive) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pays |
| num | trois |
| $v$ | penser (à + noun) (à + infinitive) (de + noun) (de + infinitive) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lieu |
| n (f) | partie |
| pron | quand \\| quand? |
| $v$ | suivre |


| (we) want (to) I (we) have been wanting (to) | H | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (you (pl, sing formal)) want (to) \| (you (pl, sing formal)) have been wanting (to) | H | R |
| (they) want (to) \| (they) have been wanting (to) | H | R |
| (I) would like I (you (sing informal)) would like | H | R |
| (she, he, it, one) would like \| (we (informal, impersonal)) would like | H | R |
| wanted \\| (have, has) wanted | H | R |
| already, yet | H | O |
| tall, big, large (m) | H | R |
| $m y$ ( $m$, f before a vowel or h ) | H | R |
| my (f) | H | R |
| my (pl) | H | R |
| me (obj) \| to me (indirect obj) | myself (reflex) | H | R |
| less (...than) | H | R |
| less (...than); less, fewer (than + num) | H | R |
| no, not one, not any (m) (f) | H | R |
| to him, to her, to it (m, f) (indirect obj) \| to him, to her, to it (m, f) (emph) | H | R |
| time, weather | H | R |
| very | H | O |
| (to) know (how to), can \| knowing (how to) | H | R |
| (l) know (how to), can I (you (sing informal)) know (how to), can | H | R |
| (she, he, it, one) knows (how to), can I (we (informal, impersonal)) know (how to), can | H | R |
| (we) know (how to), can | H | R |
| (you (pl, sing formal)) know (how to), can | H | R |
| (they) know (how to), can | H | R |
| knew (how to), could I (have, has) known (how to), (have, has) been able to | H | R |
| (to) see \| seeing | H | R |
| (I) see \| (I) am seeing | (I) have been seeing | (you (sing informal)) see | (you (sing informal)) are seeing | (you (sing informal)) have been seeing | see! (sing informal) | H | R |
| (she, he, it, one) sees \| (she, he, it, one) is seeing | (she, he, it, one) has been seeing | (we (informal, impersonal)) see | (we (informal, impersonal)) are seeing | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been | H | R |
| saw I (have, has) seen | H | R |
| some (m, f) (pl) | H | R |
| without | H | R |
| reason | H | O |
| our (m, f) | H | R |
| our (pl) | H | R |
| no, not | H | R |
| year | H | R |
| world | H | O |
| day | H | R |
| Sir, Mr, (sing), gentleman | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) ask for \| asking for; (to) ask someone (+ verb) | asking someone (+ verb); (to) wonder | wondering | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| so, well, then | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| after | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) find \| finding; (to) be situated | being situated | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| not anyone, no one | H | R |
| nobody (subj) | H | R |
| person | H | O |
| (to) return something, give something back, to make (+ adj) \| returning something, giving something back, making (+adj); (to) get to, go to I getting to, going to | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| last (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) come \| coming | H | R |
| during | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) spend time, pass \| spending time, passing time; (to) happen | happening | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| a bit, (a) little | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| good (m) | H | R |
| good (f) | H | R |
| (†o) understand I understanding | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| for, since | H | R |
| hour, time | H | R |
| (to) stay, remain \| staying, remaining | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| alone (m) | H | R |
| year | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| always | H | 0 |
| (to) hold \| holding | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) wear, carry \| wearing, carrying | H | R |
| (to) speak, talk \| speaking, talking | H | R |
| strong (m), loud | H | R |
| (to) show I showing | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| there, here | H | 0 |
| certain, sure (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| some people | H | 0 |
| end | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| you (sing informal) (subj) | H | R |
| (to) continue (+ verb), carry on (+ verb) \| continuing (+ verb), carrying on (+ verb) | H | R |
| country | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| three | H | 0 |
| (to) think (of + noun) (of + verb) (about + noun) (about + verb) \| thinking (of + noun) (of + verb) (about + noun) (about + verb) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| place | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| part, game, match | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| when \| when? (to) follow | following | H H |  |

(they) want (to) I (they) have been wanting (to)
(I) would like | (you (sing informal)) would like
(she, he, it, one) would like | (we (informal, impersonal)) would like
wanted (have, has) wanted
already, yet
tall, big, large ( m )
$m y$ ( $m$, f before a vowel or h)
my (f)
my (pl)
me (obj) | to me (indirect obj) | myself (reflex)
less (...than)
less (...than); less, fewer (than + num)
no, not one, not any (m) (f)
to him, to her, to it ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) (indirect obj) | to him, to her, to it ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) (emph)
time, weather
very
(to) know (how to), can | knowing (how to)
(I) know (how to), can | (you (sing informal)) know (how to), can
(she, he, it, one) knows (how to), can | (we (informal, impersonal)) know (how to), can
(we) know (how to), can
(you (pl, sing formal)) know (how to), can
(they) know (how to), can
knew (how to), could I (have, has) known (how to), (have, has) been able to
(to) see | seeing
(I) see | (I) am seeing | (I) have been seeing | (you (sing informal)) see | (you (sing informal)) are seeing
| (you (sing informal)) have been seeing | see! (sing informal)
(she, he, it, one) sees \| (she, he, it, one) is seeing | (she, he, it, one) has been seeing | (we (informal,
impersonal)) see | (we (informal, impersonal)) are seeing | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been
saw I (have, has) seen
some (m, f) (pl)
without
reason
our (m, f)
our (pl)
no, not
year
worl
Sir, Mr, (sing), gentleman
H
so, well, then
0
(†o) find | finding; (to) be situated | being situated
not anyone, no one
nobody (subj)
person
(to) return something, give something back, to make (+ adj) | returning something, giving something
back, making (+adj); (to) get to, go to। getting to, going to
last (m)
(to) come | coming
during
$\bigcirc$
(to) spend time, pass | spending time, passing time; (to) happen | happening
a bit, (a) little
good (m)
good (f)
(to) understand | understanding
for, since
hour, time
(to) stay, remain | staying, remaining
alone (m)
year
always
(o) hold holding
(to) wear, carry | wearing, carrying
(to) speak, talk | speaking, talking
strong (m), loud
(to) show | showing
there, here
certain, sure (m)
some people
end
you (sing informal) (subj)
(to) continue (+ verb), carry on (+ verb) | continuing (+ verb), carrying on (+ verb)
R
0
country
O
O
noun) (about + verb)
place
part, game, match
(to) follow | following
R
R

|  | v | suis** \| suis ! | (I) follow \| (I) am following | (I) have been following | (you (sing informal)) follow | (you (sing informal)) are following | (you (sing informal)) have been following | follow! (sing informal) | H | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | v | suit | (she, he, it, one) follows I (she, he, it, one) is following I (she, he, it, one) has been following I (we (informal, impersonal)) follow I (we (informal, impersonal)) are following I (we (informal, impersonal)) have been following | H | R |
|  | $v$ | (aux) suivi | followed I (have, has) followed | H | R |
| 121 | prep | contre | against | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 122 | prep | sous | under | H | R |
| 123 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | côté | side | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 124 | adv | ensemble | together | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 125 | n (f) | chose | thing | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 126 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | enfant | child (m, f) | H | R |
| 127 | n (f) | cause | cause | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 128 | n (f) | politique | politics | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 129 | n (f) | place | room, space, square, place | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 130 | adv | seulement | only | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 131 | pron | (à) moi | to me (emph) | H | R |
| 132 | n (f) | vie | life | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 133 | $\checkmark$ | connaître | (to) know, be familiar with \\| knowing, being familiar with | H | R |
| 134 | prep | jusque | to, up to, until | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 135 | $v$ | croire | (to) believe \| believing | H | R |
|  | $v$ | crois \| crois ! | (I) believe \| (I) am believing | (I) have been believing) | (you (sing informal)) believe | (you (sing informal)) are believing | (you (sing informal)) have been believing | believe! (sing informal) | H | R |
|  | v | croit | (she, he, it, one) believes I (she, he, it, one) is believing \\| (she, he, it, one) has been believing I (we (informal, impersonal)) believe | (we (informal, impersonal)) are believing I (we (informal, impersonal)) have been believing | H | R |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) cru | believed I (have, has) believed | H | R |
| 136 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | homme | man | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 137 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cas | case, scenario | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 138 | adj | petit | short, small, little (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 139 | $v$ | commencer ( a + infinitive) | (to) start (+ verb), begin (+ verb) \| starting (+ verb), beginning (+ verb) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 140 | $v$ | compter | (to) count \| counting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 141 | n (m) | fait** | fact | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 143 | adj | droit | right (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 144 | n (f) | question | question | H | R |
| 145 | conj | donc | so, therefore | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 146 | det | quel(le)(s) ? | which? (m) (f) (pl) | H | R |
| 147 | adj | général | general (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 148 | n (m) | moment | moment | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 149 | $v$ | entendre; s'entendre (avec ...) | (to) hear \| hearing; (to) get on, get along (with someone) | getting on, getting along (with someone) | H | R |
| 150 | adv | beaucoup | a lot | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 151 | det | chaque | each, every | H | R |
| 152 | adj | jeune | young ( m , f) | H | R |
| 153 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | travail | work (sing), job, task | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 154 | n (f) | femme | woman, wife | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 155 | $v$ | attendre | (to) wait (for), expect \| waiting (for), expecting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 157 | $v$ | appeler; s'appeler | (to) call \| calling; (to) be named | being named | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 158 | $v$ | permettre (à ... de + infinitive) | (to) allow (someone + verb), allowing (someone + verb) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $v$ | (aux) permis (à ... de + infinitive) | allowed, permitted (someone + verb) \| (have, has) allowed, permitted (someone + verb) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 159 | $v$ | occuper; s'occuper de + noun | (to) fill, keep busy \| filling, keeping busy; take care of + noun | taking care of + noun | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 160 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | gouvernement | government | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 161 | pron | (à) eux | to them ( m , mixed gender) (emph) | H | R |
| 162 | $v$ | devenir | (to) become \| becoming | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 163 | $v$ | partir | (to) leave \| leaving | H | R |
| 165 | $v$ | décider (de + infinitive); se décider (à + infinitive) | (to) decide (+ verb) \| deciding (+ verb); (to) make the decision (+ verb) | making the decision (+ verb) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 167 | adv | ici | here | H | R |
| 168 | pron | ne... rien | not anything, nothing | H | R |
|  | pron | rien ne | nothing (subj) | H | R |
| 169 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cours* | course, lessons | H | 0 |
| 170 | $n(f p l)$ | affaires | business, matters | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 171 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | nom | full name, surname, name | H | R |
| 172 | n (f) | famille | family | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 173 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | effet | effect | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 174 | $v$ | arriver; arriver à + infinitive | (to) arrive \| arriving; (to) manage + verb, succeed in + verb | managing + verb, succeeding in + verb | H | R |
| 175 | adj | possible | possible ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H | R |
| 176 | conj | car | because, for | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 177 | $v$ | servir; se servir de | (to) serve \| serving; (to) use, make use of | using, making use of | H | R |
| 178 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mois | month | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 179 | adv | ne... jamais | never, not ever | H | R |
| 180 | $v$ | sembler | (to) seem \| seeming | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 182 | prep | vers | towards | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 183 | n (m) | besoin | need | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 184 | $\checkmark$ | revenir | (to) come back, return \| coming back, returning | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 185 | prep | dès | from, as soon as | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 186 | $n(m)$ | moyen | means, way | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 187 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | groupe | group | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 188 | $n(m)$ | problème | problem | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 189 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | rapport | relationship, report | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 190 | adv | peut-être | maybe, perhaps | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 191 | n (f) | vue | view | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 192 | adv | maintenant | now | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 193 | pron | pourquoi? | why? | H | R |
| 194 | adj | meilleur(e)(s) | better, best (m) (f) (pl) | H | R |
|  | adj | le meilleur/la meilleure/les meilleur(e)s | the best (m/f/(f)pl) | H | R |
| 195 | adv | trop | too much, too many, too | H | $\bigcirc$ |


| 196 | $v$ | laisser | (to) leave, (to) let \|leaving, letting | H | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 197 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | ordre | order | H | 0 |
| 198 | prep | devant | in front of | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 199 | $v$ | recevoir | (to) receive \| receiving | H | R |
|  | $v$ | reçois \| reçois ! | (I) receive \| (I) am receiving | (I) have been receiving | (you (sing informal)) receive | (you (sing informal)) are receiving | (you (sing informal)) have been receiving | receive! (sing informal) | H | R |
|  | v | reçoit | (she, he, it, one) receives \\| (she, he, it, one) is receiving \| (she, he, it, one) has been receiving | (we (informal, impersonal)) receive | (we (informal, impersonal)) are receiving | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been receiving | H | R |
|  | $v$ | (aux) reçu | received । (have, has) received | H | R |
| 200 | $v$ | répondre (à + noun) | (to) answer (+ noun), reply to (+ noun) \| answering (+ noun), replying to (+ noun) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 201 | $v$ | vivre | (to) live I living | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | v | vis \\| vis! | (I) live \| (I) am living | (I) have been living | (you (sing informal)) live | (you (sing informal)) are living | (you (sing informal)) have been living | live! (sing informal) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | v | vit | (she, he, it, one) lives \| (she, he, it, one) is living | (she, he, it, one) has been living | (we (informal, impersonal)) live | (we (informal, impersonal)) are living | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been living | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) vécu | lived \| (have, has) lived | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 202 | adj | long | long (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | adj | longue | long (f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 203 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | service | service | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 204 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | ministre | minister | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 206 | prep | chez | (to) (the place of), at (the place of), at, with | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 207 | pron | te/t' | you (sing informal) (obj) \| to you (sing informal) (indirect obj), yourself (sing informal) (reflex) | H | R |
| 208 | $v$ | rappeler; rappeler (à ... de + infinitive); se rappeler | to call back \| calling back; (to) remind (someone + verb), reminding (someone + verb); (to) remember; remembering | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 209 | $v$ | présenter; présenter ... à | (to) present, show I presenting, showing; (to) introduce someone to \| introducing someone to | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 210 | $v$ | accepter | (to) accept, admit \| accepting, admitting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 212 | adj | simple | simple ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 213 | det | plusieurs | several, many | H | R |
| 214 | det | votre | your (formal) (m, f) | H | R |
|  | det | vos | your (formal) (pl) | H | R |
| 215 | adj | important | important (m) | H | O |
| 216 | n (m) | présent | present | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 217 | adv | mieux | better | H | R |
|  | adv | le mieux | (the) best | H | R |
| 218 | v | poser | (†o) put, ask \| putting, asking | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 219 | $v$ | jover (à/de + noun) | (to) play (+ noun) I playing (+ noun) | H | R |
| 220 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mot | word | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 221 | $v$ | reconnaître | (to) recognise \| recognising | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 223 | n (f) | situation | situation | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 224 | $v$ | offrir à ... | (to) give someone, offer someone \| giving someone, offering someone | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 225 | adv | près | nearby, close by, near | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 226 | $v$ | choisir | (to) choose \| choosing | H | R |
| 227 | adj | national | national (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 228 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | projet | plan | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 230 | adv | puis | then, so | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 231 | $v$ | toucher | (to) touch \| touching | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 232 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | train | train | H | R |
| 233 | adv | aujourd'hui | today | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 234 | pron | comment? | how? | H | R |
| 235 | adv | surtout | especially, above all | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 236 | n (mpl) | gens | people | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 237 | adj | propre | clean, proper, own (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 239 | n (f) | idée | idea | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 240 | prep | selon | according to | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 241 | n (f) | région | region, area | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 242 | $\checkmark$ | aimer | (to) like, love \| liking, loving | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 243 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sens | sense, meaning | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 245 | n (f) | semaine | week | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 246 | adv | également | also, too, as well, equally | H | R |
| 248 | n (f) | façon | way, manner | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 249 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | nombre | number | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 250 | $v$ | perdre; se perdre | (to) lose \| losing; (to) get lost | getting lost | H | R |
| 251 | adj | français | French (m) | H | R |
| 252 | $v$ | expliquer | (to) explain \| explaining | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 253 | adj | quatre | four | H | R |
|  | num | quatre | four | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 254 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | compte | account, count | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 257 | $v$ | ouvrir | (to) open \| opening | H | R |
| 258 | $\checkmark$ | gagner | (to) win, earn, gain I winning, earning, gaining | H | R |
| 259 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | exemple | example | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 260 | n (f) | ville | town | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 261 | adj | économique | economic (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 263 | n (f) | histoire | history, story | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 264 | adj | haut | high (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 265 | adv | ensuite | next | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 266 | n (f) | guerre | war | H | O |
| 267 | n (f) | loi | law | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 268 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | président | president (m) | H | R |
| 269 | $v$ | exister | (to) exist \| existing | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 270 | adj | sûr | safe, sure (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 271 | $\checkmark$ | refuser (de + infinitive) | (to) refuse (+ verb) \| refusing (+ verb) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 272 | adv | plutôt | rather | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 273 | n (m) | bureau | desk, office | H | R |
| 274 | adj | mauvais | bad, wrong (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |


| adj | mort* | dead (m) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n (f) | mort** | death |
| adv | mal* | badly |
| adj | ma\|** | bad (m, f) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mal*** | ache |
| $v$ | lire | (to) read \| reading |
| $v$ | (aux) lu | read \\| (have, has) read |
| $v$ | réussir (à + infinitive) (à + noun) | (to) succeed (in + verb), pass (an exam) \| succeeding (in + verb), passing (an exam) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | marché | market |
| n (f) | condition | condition |
| adj | international | international (m) |
| $v$ | changer; se changer | (to) change \| changing; (to) get changed | getting changed |
| adv | oui | yes |
| adj | public* | public (m) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | public** | public, audience |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | humain | human |
| adv | souvent | often |
| num | cinq | five |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | système | system |
| $v$ | travailler | (to) work I working |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | jeu | game |
| adj | vrai | true ( m ) |
| $v$ | représenter | (to) represent \| representing |
| n (f) | madame | Mrs, Ms, (sing), madam, lady |
| n (f) | société | society |
| adj | difficile | difficult (m, f) |
| pron | quoi? | what? |
| n (f) | entreprise | company |
| adj | social | social (m) |
| $v$ | essayer (de + infinitive) | (to) try (+ verb), attempt (+verb) \| trying (+ verb), attempting (+ verb) |
| adj | juste | right, true, correct, fair ( m , f) |
| adj | étranger* | foreign ( m ) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | étranger** | foreigner, stranger, abroad |
| $\checkmark$ | empêcher (... de + infinitive) | (to) prevent (someone from + verb) \| preventing (someone from + verb) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | million | million |
| n (f) | manière | manner, way |
| $\checkmark$ | sortir | (to) go out, exit, take out, release \| going out, exiting, taking out, releasing |
| n (m) | prix | price, prize |
| adv | longtemps | a long time, a long while |
| adj | courant | current, common (m) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | intérêt | interest |
| $\checkmark$ | mener | (to) lead \\| leading |
| n (f) | information | information |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | détail | detail |
| $v$ | appartenir | (to) belong \| belonging |
| n (f) | liberté | liberty, freedom |
| adv | assez | quite |
| $v$ | risquer (de + infinitive) | (to) risk (+ verb) \| risking (+ verb) |
| pron | chacun | each person |
| $v$ | concerner | (to) affect, concern, relate to \| affecting, concerning, relating to |
| n (f) | maison | house, home |
| adv | d'abord | first of all, firstly, to start with |
| $v$ | apprendre; apprendre à ... | (to) learn \| learning; (to) teach someone | teaching someone |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | niveau | level |
| $\checkmark$ | rencontrer | (to) meet, run into \| meeting, running into |
| det | ton | your (sing informal) ( m , f before a vowel or h ) |
| det | ta | your (sing informal) (f) |
| det | tes | your (sing informal) (pl) |
| $v$ | créer | (to) create I creating |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | état | state |
| $\checkmark$ | obtenir | (to) get, obtain \| getting, obtaining |
| adj | clair | clear (m) |
| $v$ | chercher | (to) look for I looking for |
| $v$ | entrer | (to) enter, go in, come in \| entering, going in, coming in |
| $v$ | proposer; proposer de + infinitive | (to) propose, offer \| proposing, offering; (to) suggest + verb | suggesting + verb |
| $v$ | apporter | (to) bring (something) \| bringing (something) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | programme | schedule |
| adv | loin | far |
| n (f) | ligne | line |
| n (f) | tête | head |
| adj | libre | free (m) |
| $v$ | utiliser | (to) use I using |
| adv | tard | late (something) |
| adv | enfin | finally |
| adj | différent | different (m) |
| n (f) | sorte | sort, kind |
| conj | cependant | however |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sujet | subject, topic |
| n (f) | action | action |
| n (f) | relation | relationship |
| n (f) | recherche | research, search |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ (f) | livre | book, pound |
| $v$ | ajouter | (to) add \| adding |
| adv | ailleurs | elsewhere, somewhere else |
| adv | vraiment | truly, really, very |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | doute | doubt |


| 363 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | reste |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 364 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | début |
| 366 | adj | nombreux |
| 367 | $v$ | produire |
| 368 | , | préparer; se préparer |
| 369 | n (f) | forme |
| 370 | n (f) | décision |
| 371 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | rôle |
| 372 | num | dix |
| 373 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | produit |
| 374 | adj | américain |
| 375 | n (f) | minute |
| 380 | adj | prochain |
| 382 | $\checkmark$ | écrire |
| 383 | n (f) | position |
| 384 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | développement |
| 385 | $\checkmark$ | défendre |
| 386 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chef |
|  | n (f) | cheffe |
| 387 | n (f) | économie |
| 388 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | effort |
| 389 | prep | parmi |
| 390 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | membre |
| 392 | adj | ancien |
| 393 | adj | beau/bel |
|  | adj | belle |
|  | adj | beaux |
| 394 | adj | plein |
| 396 | $\checkmark$ | éviter (de + infinitive) |
| 397 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | soir |
| 399 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | titre |
| 401 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | objet |
| 402 | adj | unique |
| 403 | , | souhaiter |
| 406 | prep | malgré |
| 409 | $\checkmark$ | réaliser |
| 410 | adv | parfois |
| 412 | adj | sérieux |
| 413 | $v$ | aider (... à + infinitive) |
| 414 | n (f) | voix |
| 415 | $\checkmark$ | terminer (de + infinitive) |
| 417 | $v$ | espérer |
| 418 | n (f) | main |
| 420 | $\checkmark$ | arrêter (de + infinitive) |
| 421 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | retour |
| 422 | adj | prêt |
| 423 | n (f) | occasion |
| 425 | $\checkmark$ | regarder |
| 426 | n (f) | plupart (de) |
| 428 | n (m) | résultat |
| 429 | $\checkmark$ | écouter |
| 430 | n (f) | terre |
| 435 | n (f) | confiance |
| 436 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | choix |
| 438 | n (f) | chance |
| 439 | adv | notamment |
| 440 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | type |
| 441 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | but |
| 442 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | matin |
| 443 | adj | grave |
| 445 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | Européen |
| 446 | n (f) | étude |
| 448 | $\checkmark$ | remplacer (par + noun) |
| 450 | num | six |
| 451 | adj | nécessaire |
| 452 | n (f) | activité |
| 455 | adj | entier |
| 456 | n (f) | réponse |
| 457 | n (f) | aide |
| 458 | adj | principal |
| 460 | adv | pourtant |
| 465 | n (f) | époque |
| 466 | $\checkmark$ | exprimer |
| 467 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | ami |
| 470 | n (f) | moitié |
| 471 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | avenir |
| 472 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | argent |
| 474 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | œil |
|  | n (mpl) | yeux |
| 475 | n (f) | eau |
| 476 | prep | sauf |
| 477 | n (f) | école |
| 478 | n (f) | sécurité |
| 479 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | milieu |
| 480 | n (f) | lettre |
| 481 | adv | presque |


beginning
0 $\bigcirc$ 0
(to) produce, make | producing, making
prepare | preparing; (to) get ready | getting ready
shape
decion
product
minute
(to) write I writing
position
(to) defend, stand up for, forbid | defending, standing up for, forbidding
boss, cook (m)
boss, cook
economy
among
member
former, ancient (m)
beautiful (f)
beautiful (mpl, mixed gender pl)
full (m)
title
object, subiect line
(to) wish | wishing
despite, in spite of
| realising, achieving
sometimes
(to) help (someone + verb) | helping (someone + verb)
(to) hope (for) | hoping (for)
(to) stop (+ verb) | stopping (+ verb)
chance, opportunity
(to) watch, look at | watching, looking at
t, the majority (of
(to) listen to | listening to
earth, world, soil, land
confidence, trust
choice
notably
type, guy
goal, aim, objective, purpose
morning
European
study
(with + noun) | replacing (with + noun)
necessary, required ( $m, f$ )
activity
reply, response, answer
help
yet, nonetheless, nevertheless
era, period, time
express | expressing
friend (m)
future
money
eye
water
except
school
middle
letter
almost, nearly

| n (f) | attention* | attention |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| intj | attention!** | watch out! |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | futur | future |
| $\checkmark$ | conduire | (to) drive I driving |
| n (f) | règle | rule, ruler |
| n (f) | poste | post office |
| n (f) | demande | request, demand |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | centre | centre |
| $v$ | disparaître | (to) disappear I disappearing |
| n (m) | accord | agreement |
| $\checkmark$ | obliger | (to) require, force, oblige \| requiring, forcing, obliging |
| $n(m)$ | passé | past |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | âge | age |
| $v$ | déclarer | (to) announce, report \| announcing, reporting |
| $v$ | oublier (de + infinitive) | (to) forget (+ verb) \| forgetting (+ verb) |
| n (f) | troisième | year 10 |
| $\checkmark$ | quitter; se quitter | (to) leave somewhere, take off \| leaving somewhere, taking off; (to) leave each other | leaving each other |
| n (f) | population | population |
| pron | (à) toi | to you (sing informal) (emph) |
| adj | responsable | responsible ( m , f) |
| n (f) | route | road |
| adv | tôt | early |
| $v$ | lancer | (to) throw, launch \| throwing, launching |
| n (f) | limite | limit |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | emploi | job |
| $n(m)$ | objectif | objective, aim, goal |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | journal | newspaper |
| n (mpl) | journaux | newspapers |
| $\checkmark$ | annoncer | (to) announce, make public \| announcing, making public |
| pron | lui-même | himself |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ (f) | tour | turn, tour, tower |
| prep | voilà | right, there, here |
| n (f) | volonté | will |
| $v$ | envoyer | (to) send I sending |
| $\checkmark$ | partager | (to) share \| sharing |
| conj | puisque | as, because |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | changement | change |
| $v$ | garder | (to) keep, take care of, look after \| keeping, taking care of, looking after |
| n (f) | réalité | reality |
| $v$ | interdire (à ...) | (†o) forbid, ban (from someone) \| forbidding, banning (from someone) |
| $v$ | finir (de + infinitive) | (to) end, finish \| ending, finishing; (to) finish (+ verb) | finishing (+ verb) |
| $v$ | placer; se placer | (to) put, place \| putting, placing; (to) position yourself | positioning yourself |
| $v$ | sentir; se sentir | (to) smell \| smelling; (to) feel | feeling |
| $v$ | payer | (to) pay (for) \| paying (for) |
| n (m) | esprit | mind, spirit |
| $v$ | diriger; se diriger | (to) direct, guide \| directing, guiding; to make one's way | making one's way |
| $v$ | noter | (to) mark, write down, notice \| marking, writing down, noticing |
| n (f) | nature | nature |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | régime | diet |
| adj | court* | short (m) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | parent | parent |
| $v$ | tomber | (to) fall \| falling |
| n (m) | départ | departure |
| adj | mondial | worldwide, global (m) |
| n (fpl) | paroles | lyrics |
| adj | publique | public (f) |
| adj | faux | false (m) |
| adj | fausse | false (f) |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | genre | type, kind, sort |
| n (f) | communauté | community |
| $\checkmark$ | intéresser + s/o inversion; s'intéresser (à + noun) | (to) find interesting \| finding interesting; (to) be interested (in + noun) | being interested (in + noun) |
| adv | c'est-ò-dire | in other words, that is to say |
| n (m) | corps | body |
| n (f) | matière | subject |
| n (f) | difficulté | difficulty |
| $n(m)$ | appel | call |
| $n(m)$ | cœur | heart |
| $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | père | father |
| n (f) | organisation | organisation |
| adj | noir | black (m) |
| $n(m)$ | événement | event |
| n (m) | conseil | advice, counsel, council |
| $v$ | soutenir | (to) support \| supporting |
| n (f) | paix | peace |
| n (f) | nuit | night |
| adv | partout | everywhere |
| n (f) | direction | direction, management |
| $\checkmark$ | manquer; manquer à $+\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{o}$ inversion | (to) fail to catch, be missing, miss \| failing to catch, being missing, missing; to miss | missing |
| adj | actuel | current (m) |
| $v$ | signifier | (to) mean \| meaning |
| n (f) | journée | day |
| $v$ | indiquer | (to) indicate, show \| indicating, showing |
| $v$ | tuer | (to) kill \| killing |
| adj | technique | technical ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) |


| 593 | adv | rapidement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 594 | adv | autour |
| 595 | v | réduire |
| 597 | $v$ | préférer |
|  | adj | préféré |
| 598 | n (f) | rue |
| 599 | adj | riche |
| 602 | n (f) | violence |
| 603 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | siècle |
| 604 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | article |
| 605 | $v$ | durer |
| 606 | n (f) | qualité |
| 607 | adj | gauche |
| 608 | n (f) | solution |
| 609 | n (f) | voie |
| 610 | adj | capable |
| 611 | adj | canadien |
| 612 | n (f) | erreur |
| 613 | $v$ | livrer |
| 615 | adv | simplement |
| 616 | , | se souvenir (de + noun) |
| 617 | n (f) | conséquence |
| 619 | $n$ (f) | contraire |
| 620 | n (m) | succès |
| 622 | adj | local |
| 623 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | été |
| 624 | $\checkmark$ | inviter |
| 626 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pied |
| 628 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | débat |
| 629 | n (f) | fille |
| 630 | $\checkmark$ | répéter |
| 631 | n (m) | texte |
| 632 | $v$ | profiter de + noun |
| 633 | n (f) | chambre |
| 636 | $v$ | acheter |
| 638 | n (f) | production |
| 640 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | directeur |
| 641 | n (f) | santé |
| 642 | $\checkmark$ | souffrir |
| 643 | adj | précis |
| 645 | n (f) | mère |
| 647 | $n(m)$ | risque |
| 648 | $n(m)$ | arme |
| 650 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | endroit |
| 652 | adj | impossible |
| 655 | $\checkmark$ | amener |
| 659 | n (f) | image |
| 660 | n (f) | date |
| 662 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | contrôle |
| 663 | adj | énorme |
| 665 | adj | réel |
| 666 | n (f) | campagne |
| 667 | $v$ | (aux) né |
| 669 | $v$ | tourner |
| 670 | $\checkmark$ | participer à + noun |
| 671 | adj | vieux/vieil |
|  | adj | vieille |
| 672 | adj | rapide |
| 673 | $v$ | respecter |
| 675 | adj | essentiel |
| 678 | adv | environ |
| 679 | n (f) | expérience |
| 680 | $v$ | admettre |
| 681 | $v$ | découvrir |
| 683 | $v$ | assister; assister à + noun |
| 691 | adj | frais |
|  | adj | fraîche |
| 692 | n (f) | industrie |
| 694 | n (f) | responsabilité |
| 695 | $\checkmark$ | réserver |
| 696 | n (f) | porte |
| 697 | n (f) | victime |
| 699 | adj | pauvre |
| 700 | n (m) | taux |
| 701 | $v$ | organiser; s'organiser |
| 704 | num | cent |
| 706 | $v$ | prononcer |
| 708 | adj | blanc |
|  | adj | blanche |
| 709 | n (f) | origine |
| 710 | $v$ | vendre |
| 711 | adv | vite |
| 712 | n (f) | langue |
| 713 | adj | dangereux |
| 715 | $n$ (f) | importance |
| 717 | n (m) | espoir |



| 720 | n (f) | énergie | energy | H O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 721 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | réseau | network | H O |
| 722 | $v$ | mourir | (to) die \| dying | H O |
|  | $v$ | (aux) mort | died I (have, has) died | H O |
| 723 | adj | faible | weak ( m , f ) | H O |
| 724 | $v$ | employer | (to) use, employ I using, employing | H O |
| 725 | n (f) | possibilité | possibility | H O |
| 726 | adj | spécial | special (m) | H O |
| 727 | $v$ | accompagner | (to) accompany \| accompanying | H O |
| 728 | adv | actuellement | at present, at the moment | H O |
| 732 | pron | ceci | this | H O |
| 735 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | fils | son | H O |
| 736 | intj | d'accord | okay, alright | H O |
| 737 | $v$ | discuter (de + noun) | (to) discuss, talk about (+ noun) \| discussing, talking about (+ noun) | H O |
| 738 | n (f) | différence | difference | H O |
| 739 | $v$ | protéger | (to) protect \| protecting | H O |
| 740 | $v$ | abandonner | (to) give up, abandon \| giving up, abandoning | H O |
| 741 | n (m) | avis | opinion, mind | H O |
| 742 | $\checkmark$ | battre; se battre | (to) beat, hit \| beating, hitting; (to) fight, fighting | H O |
| 743 | adj | pire* ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) | worse, worst (m, f) (pl) | H R |
|  | adv | pire** | worse, less well | H O |
|  | adj | le pire*/la pire/les pires | the worst ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{pl}$ ) | H R |
|  | adv | le pire** | the worst, the least well | H O |
| 749 | n (m) | chiffre | figure, number | H O |
| 751 | $\checkmark$ | remplir | (to) fill (up), (in) \| filling (up) (in) | H O |
| 752 | adj | divers | varied, diverse (m) | H O |
| 754 | $v$ | frapper | (to) hit, knock \| hitting, knocking | H O |
| 755 | n (f) | peur | fear | H R |
| 756 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | parlement | parliament | H O |
| 757 | $v$ | fermer | (to) close, shut \| closing, shutting | H O |
| 759 | n (f) | lutte | struggle, fight, conflict | H O |
| 760 | adj | naturel | natural (m) | H O |
| 761 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | air | air, appearance | H O |
| 762 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | auteur | author | H O |
| 764 | adj | heureux | happy (m) | H O |
| 765 | n (f) | crise | crisis | H O |
| 766 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | numéro | number | H O |
| 769 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | instant | instant, moment | H O |
| 772 | pron | quelqu'un | somebody, someone | H O |
| 774 | n (f) | banque | bank | H O |
| 776 | $v$ | reposer; se reposer | (to) put down \| putting down; (to) rest | resting | H O |
| 777 | n (f) | opinion | opinion | H O |
| 778 | n (f) | classe | class | H O |
| 779 | adv | particulièrement | particularly | H O |
| 780 | adj | commun | common (m, f) | H O |
| 782 | n (f) | intention | intention | H O |
| 784 | adj | anglais | English (m) | H R |
| 785 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | échange | exchange | H O |
| 786 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | feu | fire | H O |
| 787 | num | neuf | nine | H O |
| 791 | $v$ | dépendre de | (to) depend on + noun, depending on + noun | H O |
| 792 | n (m) | message | message | H O |
| 793 | $v$ | construire | (to) build, construct \| building, constructing | H O |
| 794 | n (f) | scène | stage, scene | H O |
| 796 | adj | secret | secret (m) | H O |
|  | adj | secrète | secret (f) | H O |
| 797 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | plaisir | pleasure | H O |
| 800 | pron | combien? | how many?, how much? | H R |
| 801 | adj | nul | rubbish (m) | H O |
|  | adj | nulle | rubbish (f) | H O |
| 802 | n (f) | absence | absence | H O |
| 803 | adj | cher | expensive (m) | H O |
| 805 | prep | derrière | behind | H O |
| 806 | n (f) | connaissance | knowledge, acquaintance | H O |
| 807 | adv | immédiatement | immediately | H O |
| 808 | n (f) | entrée | entrance, starter | H O |
| 811 | $\checkmark$ | couper | (to) cut \| cutting | H O |
| 812 | n (f) | salle | room | H O |
| 813 | n (f) | pièce | piece, room, play | H O |
| 814 | n (f) | équipe | team | H O |
| 815 | $v$ | situer; se situer | (to) place, put, situate \| placing, putting, situating; (to) be situated, take place | being situated, taking place | H O |
| 816 | $\checkmark$ | souligner | (to) underline, stress \| underlining, stressing | H O |
| 818 | $n(m)$ | respect | respect | H O |
| 819 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | crime | crime | H O |
| 822 | adj | facile | easy (m, f) | H O |
| 823 | $v$ | augmenter; s'augmenter | (to) increase, raise \| increasing, raising; (to) grow, expand | growing, expanding | H O |
| 826 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | octobre | October | H O |
| 827 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | médecin | doctor (m, f) | H O |
| 829 | n (f) | police | police | H O |
| 830 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | coût | cost | H O |
| 831 | n (f) | formation | training | H O |
| 833 | adj | normal | normal (m) | H R |
| 834 | n (f) | attitude | attitude | H O |
| 835 | n (f) | faute | mistake, error, fault | H O |
| 836 | n (f) | série | series | H O |


| 837 | $\checkmark$ | lever; se lever | (†o) lift, raise \| lifting, raising; (to) get up, stand up, rise (sun) | getting up, standing up, rising (sun) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 838 | prep | proche | nearby, close |
| 839 | adj | direct | direct (m) |
| 840 | $v$ | imaginer | (to) invent, imagine \| inventing, imagining |
| 842 | adj | pratique | practical (m, f) |
| 843 | adv | finalement | finally, eventually |
| 844 | adj | allemand | German (m) |
| 847 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | champ | field, realm |
| 848 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | film | film |
| 852 | n (f) | ressource | resource |
| 853 | $v$ | monter; monter (à + noun) | (to) go up \| going up; (to) climb (up + noun) | climbing (up + noun) |
| 854 | $v$ | promettre (à ...) (de + infinitive) | (to) promise (someone) (+ verb) \| promising (someone) (+ verb) |
| 856 | $v$ | concentrer | (to) concentrate \| concentrating |
| 857 | adv | exactement | exactly |
| 859 | n (m) | chemin | way, path |
| 861 | n (f) | province | province |
| 862 | $n(f)$ | élection | election |
| 864 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | conflit | conflict |
| 866 | n (f) | enquête | survey, investigation |
| 867 | $n(m)$ | terrain | ground, terrain |
| 868 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mars | March |
| 869 | adv | tellement | so much |
| 870 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | espace | space |
| 871 | adv | demain; à demain ! | tomorrow; see you tomorrow! |
| 872 | adv | hier | yesterday |
| 874 | $v$ | remarquer | (to) remark, notice \| remarking, noticing |
| 877 | num | huit | eight |
| 880 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lien | link, bond |
| 881 | n (f) | voiture | car |
| 882 | n (f) | discussion | discussion |
| 886 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sentiment | feeling |
| 887 | n (f) | tâche | task, chore |
| 888 | adv | directement | directly |
| 889 | intj | euh | er, um, uh |
| 890 | $v$ | raconter | (to) tell, narrate \| telling, narrating |
| 891 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | décembre | December |
| 892 | $v$ | développer | (to) develop \| developing |
| 896 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | fruit | fruit |
| 897 | adj | ouvert | open (m) |
| 900 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | avantage | advantage |
| 902 | adj | historique | historic ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) |
| 903 | adv | probablement | probably |
| 904 | n (m) | voyage | trip, journey |
| 905 | num | sept | seven |
| 907 | n (f) | vérité | truth |
| 908 | adj | commercial | commercial, shopping (m) |
| 909 | $n$ (f) | critique | criticism, critic |
| 913 | n (f) | culture | culture |
| 914 | $v$ | cacher | (to) hide I hiding |
| 915 | $v$ | prêter | (to) lend \| lending |
| 916 | $v$ | définir | (to) define, defining |
| 917 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | client | customer, client |
| 919 | $n(m)$ | progrès | progress |
| 920 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | secrétaire | secretary |
| 921 | $n$ (f) | mer | sea |
| 924 | n (f) | liste | list |
| 925 | $v$ | rentrer | (to) go in, come in, come back (in), go back (in) \| going in, coming in, coming back (in), going back (in) |
| 926 | n (f) | mémoire | memory |
| 928 | $v$ | détruire | (†o) destroy I destroying |
| 930 | n (f) | nécessité | necessity, need |
| 931 | $n(m)$ | juin | June |
| 932 | $n(m)$ | danger | danger |
| 934 | $n(m)$ | commerce | trade, commerce |
| 935 | $n(m)$ | transport | transportation |
| 936 | $n$ (f) | attente | wait |
| 939 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | janvier | January |
| 943 | $n(m)$ | mai | May |
| 944 | $n(m)$ | septembre | September |
| 945 | $n(m)$ | environnement | environment |
| 946 | $v$ | séparer; se séparer | (to) separate \| separating; (to) break up | breaking up |
| 949 | adj | positif | positive (m) |
| 950 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | scientifique | scientist |
| 951 | $n(m)$ | papier | paper |
| 953 | n (f) | protection | protection |
| 954 | adj | indépendant | independent (m) |
| 955 | n (f) | carte | menu, map, card |
| 956 | n (f) | association | association |
| 959 | $\checkmark$ | commander; commander à ... de + infinitive | (to) order \| ordering; (to) tell someone + verb | telling someone + verb |
| 960 | $v$ | étudier | (to) study \| studying |
| 965 | adj | complet | full, complete (m) |
|  | adj | complète | full, complete (f) |
| 967 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | amour | love |
| 968 | $v$ | manifester | (to) protest, demonstrate \| protesting, demonstrating |
| 969 | $v$ | menacer (de + infinitive) | (to) threaten (+ verb) \| threatening (+ verb) |


| $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |


| 970 | $v$ | conseiller (à ... de + infinitive) | (to) advise, recommend (to someone + verb) \| advising, recommending (to someone + verb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 971 | n (f) | réunion | meeting |
| 973 | n (f) | maladie | illness |
| 976 | n (f) | construction | construction, building |
| 979 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | voisin | neighbour |
| 982 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | novembre | November |
| 984 | $\checkmark$ | coûter | (to) cost \| costing |
| 986 | n (f) | presse | press |
| 987 | adj | rouge | red (m, f) |
| 988 | n (f) | majorité | majority |
| 991 | n (m) | bord | edge, side |
| 992 | adj | central | central (m) |
| 995 | n (f) | éducation | education |
| 996 | adj | officiel | official (m) |
| 997 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | document | document |
| 999 | $v$ | retourner | (†o) return, go back, turn over, turn around \| returning, going back, turning over, turning around |
| 1000 | adj | professionnel | professional (m) |
| 1002 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | animal | animal, pet |
|  | n (mpl) | animaux | animals, pets |
| 1003 | adj | utile | useful (m, f) |
| 1004 | $v$ | inscrire; s'inscrire à + noun | (to) write down \| writing down; (to) join + noun, enrol in + noun | joining + noun, enrolling in + noun |
| 1005 | n (f) | concurrence | competition |
| 1008 | num | mille | thousand |
| 1009 | adv | absolument | absolutely |
| 1013 | adv | complètement | completely |
| 1015 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | salaire | salary, wage |
| 1016 | n (f) | lecture | reading |
| 1017 | $v$ | contribuer | (to) contribute \| contributing |
| 1018 | $v$ | attaquer | (to) attack \| attacking |
| 1019 | n (f) | table | table |
| 1022 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | avril | April |
| 1023 | adv | autrement | differently, another way |
| 1024 | n (f) | ferme | farm, firm |
| 1026 | adj | lourd | heavy (m) |
| 1028 | n (f) | république | republic |
| 1029 | adj | dur* | hard (m) |
|  | adv | du** | hard |
| 1030 | n (f) | application/appli | application/app |
| 1031 | $v$ | lutter | (to) fight, struggle \| fighting, struggling |
| 1033 | $v$ | contenir | (to) contain, include \| containing, including |
| 1036 | n (f) | communication | communication |
| 1038 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | manque | lack |
| 1039 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | échec | failure |
| 1040 | $v$ | traverser | (to) cross I crossing |
| 1041 | $v$ | transformer (en + noun) | (to) transform (into + noun) \| transforming (into + noun) |
| 1043 | n (m) | frère | brother |
| 1044 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mardi; à mardi ! | Tuesday; see you on Tuesday! |
| 1046 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vote | vote |
| 1047 | $v$ | renvoyer | (to) send back, resend I sending back, resending |
| 1048 | $v$ | regretter | (to) be sorry, regret \| being sorry, regretting |
| 1049 | n (f) | espèce | species |
| 1052 | $v$ | réagir | (to) react \| reacting |
| 1053 | $v$ | surprendre | (†o) surprise \| surprising |
| 1056 | $v$ | améliorer | (to) improve \| improving |
| 1058 | $v$ | réfléchir (à + noun) | (to) reflect (on), think (about) \| reflecting (on), thinking (about) |
| 1059 | n (f) | lumière | light |
| 1060 | adj | vert | green (m) |
| 1061 | $v$ | apprécier | (to) appreciate, like \| appreciating, liking |
| 1063 | adj | sensible | sensitive (m, f) |
| 1064 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | étudiant | student |
| 1065 | n (f) | vitesse | speed |
| 1066 | adj | malade | ill ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) |
| 1068 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | élève | pupil, student (m, f) |
| 1069 | $v$ | contrôler | (to) check, inspect, control \| checking, inspecting, controlling |
| 1070 | intj | merci | thank you |
| 1071 | adv | certainement | certainly |
| 1072 | n (f) | visite | visit, tour |
| 1074 | n (f) | émission | TV programme |
| 1075 | n (f) | arrivée | arrival |
| 1076 | n (f) | puissance | power |
| 1077 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | partenaire | partner |
| 1079 | n (f) | perte | loss |
| 1080 | adj | libéral | liberal (m) |
| 1081 | n (m) | citoyen | citizen |
| 1083 | n (f) | influence | influence |
| 1085 | $n(m)$ | établissement | establishment, organisation |
| 1086 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vendredi; à vendredi ! | Friday; see you on Friday! |
| 1089 | $v$ | causer | (to) cause \| causing |
| 1090 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | nord | north |
| 1091 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | Iundi; à lundi ! | Monday; see you on Monday! |
| 1096 | n (f) | vente | sale |
| 1098 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | soldat | soldier |
| 1099 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | collègue | colleague |
| 1103 | prep | voici | here is |
| 1108 | $\checkmark$ | examiner | (to) examine \| examining |
| 1109 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | soin | care |

[^1]| 1111 | $n(m)$ | traitement | treatment | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1112 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | jeudi; à jeudi ! | Thursday; see you on Thursday! | H | 0 |
| 1114 | n (f) | science | science | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1115 | n (m) | individu | individual | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1117 | adj | demi | half | H | 0 |
| 1122 | $v$ | mériter (de + infinitive); se mériter | (to) deserve (+ verb), deserving (+ verb); have earned \| having earned | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1123 | $v$ | emprunter (à ...) | (to) borrow (from someone) \| borrowing (from someone) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1125 | $v$ | traduire | (to) translate \| translating | H | R |
| 1126 | $n(m)$ | sang | blood | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1127 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | millier | thousand | H | 0 |
| 1128 | $v$ | emporter | (to) take with, take away I taking with, taking away | H | 0 |
| 1130 | adj | nucléaire | nuclear ( m , f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1131 | adj | industriel | industrial (m) | H | 0 |
| 1132 | adj | vif | lively ( m ) | H | 0 |
| 1133 | adj | exact | exact, correct (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1136 | n (m) | février | February | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1137 | n (f) | mode | way, fashion | H | 0 |
| 1139 | n (f) | musique | music | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1145 | n (f) | étape | stage, step | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1146 | n (f) | physique | physics | H | 0 |
| 1148 | adv | parfaitement | perfectly | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1150 | n (m) | professeur/prof | teacher (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1152 | $v$ | distribuer | (to) hand out, give out I handing out, giving out | H | 0 |
| 1155 | adj | global | global (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1156 | intj | dommage! | what a shame! | H | 0 |
| 1161 | n (f) | note | mark, grade | H | 0 |
| 1166 | $n(m)$ | règlement | rule, regulation | H | 0 |
| 1167 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | couple | couple | H | 0 |
| 1168 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mercredi; à mercredi ! | Wednesday; see you on Wednesday! | H | 0 |
| 1169 | adj | régional | regional (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1174 | n (f) | sortie | exit | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1176 | $v$ | décrire | (to) describe \| describing | H | R |
| 1178 | adj | récent | recent (m) | H | R |
| 1179 | n (f) | télévision/télé | television/TV | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1181 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | art | art | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1182 | n (f) | frontière | border | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1183 | adj | égal | equal (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1184 | n (f) | promesse | promise | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1186 | $v$ | habiter | (to) live (somewhere) \| living (somewhere) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1187 | $n(m)$ | quartier | district, quarter | H | 0 |
| 1188 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | avocat | lawyer (m) | H | 0 |
| 1191 | adj | vivant | alive, living ( $m$ ) | H | 0 |
| 1192 | n (f) | université | university | H | 0 |
| 1193 | $v$ | rire | (to) laugh \| laughing | H | R |
|  | $v$ | ris \| ris ! | (I) laugh \| (I) am laughing | (I) have been laughing | (you (sing informal)) laugh | (you (sing informal)) are laughing | (you (sing informal)) have been laughing | laugh! (sing informal) | H | R |
|  | v | rit | (she, he, it, one) laughs \| (she, he, it, one) is laughing | (she, he, it, one) has been laughing | (we (informal, impersonal)) laugh | (we (informal, impersonal)) are laughing I (we (informal, impersonal)) have been laughing | H | R |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) ri | laughed I (have, has) laughed | H | R |
| 1194 | adv | facilement | easily | H | 0 |
| 1198 | n (m) | soutien | support | H | 0 |
| 1199 | n (f) | urgence | emergency | H | 0 |
| 1200 | n (f) | clé | key | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1202 | $v$ | jeter | (to) throw I throwing | H | R |
| 1203 | adj | religieux | religious ( m ) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1205 | adj | disponible | available ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H | 0 |
| 1207 | $v$ | prévenir | (to) let know, warn \| letting know, warning | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1208 | adv | bientôt; à bientôt ! | soon; see you soon! | H | R |
| 1210 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mariage | marriage, wedding | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1211 | n (f) | couleur | colour | H | 0 |
| 1213 | $v$ | sauver; se sauver | (†o) rescue, save \| rescuing, saving; (to) escape, get away | escaping, getting away | H | 0 |
| 1216 | adj | bleu | blue (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1217 | adv | dehors | outside | H | 0 |
| 1218 | $v$ | remercier | (†o) thank I thanking | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1219 | adj | actif | active, energetic (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1221 | n (f) | habitude | habit | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1222 | adv | récemment | recently | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1225 | adj | excellent | excellent (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1226 | adj | moral | moral (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1227 | n (m) | accident | accident | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1229 | adj | puissant | powerful (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1231 | $v$ | fabriquer | (to) manufacture, produce, make \| manufacturing, producing, making | H | 0 |
| 1233 | adj | rare | rare (m, f) | H | 0 |
| 1234 | adj | extraordinaire | extraordinary (m, f ) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1235 | n (m) | dimanche; à dimanche ! | Sunday; see you on Sunday! | H | 0 |
| 1238 | $\checkmark$ | enregistrer | (to) record, save \| recording, saving | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1239 | adj | moderne | modern (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1240 | $n(m)$ | parc | park | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1241 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | impôt | tax | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1242 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sud | south | H | 0 |
| 1243 | adj | efficace | efficient, effective (m, f) | H | 0 |
| 1244 | adj | intéressant | interesting (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1245 | n (f) | ile | island | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1246 | n (f) | cité | council estate | H | 0 |
| 1247 | $n$ (f) | carrière | career | H | $\bigcirc$ |


| 1248 | $v$ | voter | (to) vote \| voting | H | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1250 | n (f) | libération | liberation | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1251 | $v$ | nourrir | (to) feed \\| feeding | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1253 | n (m) | bras | arm | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1256 | $v$ | rechercher | (to) look for, collect \| looking for, collecting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1258 | $n(m)$ | lendemain | next day | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1262 | $n(m)$ | roman | novel | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1264 | $n(m)$ | facteur | postman | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1265 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | policier | policeman | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $n(f)$ | policière | policewoman | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1266 | n (f) | échelle | ladder, scale | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1268 | $v$ | pratiquer | (to) do, play, practise (a language) \| doing, playing, practising (a language) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1269 | n (f) | pensée | thought | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1272 | $\checkmark$ | bénéficier de + noun | (to) get, receive, benefit from + noun \| getting, receiving, benefitting from + noun | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1273 | num | vingt | twenty | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1278 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | retard | delay | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1279 | n (f) | démocratie | democracy | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1281 | $n(m)$ | silence | silence | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1287 | $n(m)$ | bateau | boat, ship | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1288 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | printemps | spring | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1289 | n (f) | course | race, shopping | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $n$ (fpl) | courses | food shopping | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1290 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | exercice | written exercise, physical exercise | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1292 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | visage | face | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1293 | $n(f)$ | droite | right | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1295 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | village | village | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1296 | adj | britannique | British (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1300 | n (f) | leçon | lesson | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1302 | $v$ | décevoir | (to) disappoint \| disappointing | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $v$ | déçois \| déçois! | (I) disappoint \| (I) am disappointing | (I) have been disappointing | (you (sing informal)) disappoint | (you (sing informal)) are disappointing | (you (sing informal)) have been disappointing | disappoint! (sing informal) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $v$ | déçoit | (she, he, it, one) disappoints \| (she, he, it, one) is disappointing | (she, he, it, one) has been disappointing | (we (informal, impersonal)) disappoint | (we (informal, impersonal)) are disappointing | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been disappointing | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) déçu | disappointed I (have, has) disappointed | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1303 | n (f) | bataille | battle | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1305 | n (f) | naissance | birth | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1307 | adj | froid | cold (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1308 | $n(m)$ | hôpital | hospital | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | n (mpl) | hôpitaux | hospitals | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1310 | adj | terrible | terrible, dreadful (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1313 | n (m) | rêve | dream | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1314 | $v$ | inspirer; s'inspirer de + noun | (to) inspire \| inspiring; (to) be inspired by + noun | being inspired by + noun | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1316 | adv | entièrement | entirely, completely | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1317 | n (m) | chapitre | chapter | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1318 | adj | quotidien | daily (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1324 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | après-midi | afternoon | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1326 | $n(m)$ | juillet | July | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1327 | adj | ordinaire | ordinary (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1328 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | candidat | candidate | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1331 | adj | fier | proud (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1333 | $n(m)$ | habitant | resident (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1335 | $n(m)$ | mur | wall | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1337 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | journaliste | journalist | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1338 | $\checkmark$ | manger | (to) eat \| eating | H | R |
| 1340 | adv | évidemment | obviously | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1341 | adj | travailleur | hard-working (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | adj | travailleuse | hard-working (f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1344 | n (f) | marque | brand, mark | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1345 | n (f) | utilisation | use | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1349 | adj | populaire | popular (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1351 | $n$ (f) | participation | participation | H | R |
| 1352 | n (f) | évolution | evolution | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1354 | $\checkmark$ | gérer | (to) manage, handle, deal with \| managing, handling, dealing with | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1355 | n (m) | samedi; à samedi ! | Saturday; see you on Saturday! | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1357 | adj | fou | crazy (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | adj | folle | crazy (f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1360 | $v$ | asseoir; s'asseoir | (to) sit \| sitting; (to) sit down | sitting down | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $v$ | assieds/assois \| assieds !/assois !; m'assieds/m'assois | t'assieds/t'assois | t'assieds !/t'assois ! | (I) sit \| (I) am sitting | (I) have been sitting | (you (sing informal)) sit | (you (sing informal)) are sitting | (you (sing informal)) have been sitting | sit! (sing informal); (I) sit down | (I) am sitting down | (I) have been sitting down | (you (sing informal)) sit down | (you (sing informal)) are sitting down | (you (sing informal)) have been sitting down | sit down! (sing informal) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | v | assied/assoit; s'assied/s'assoit | (she, he, it, one) sits \| (she, he, it, one) is sitting | (she, he, it, one) has been sitting | (we (informal, impersonal)) sit | (we (informal, impersonal)) are sitting | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been sitting; (she, he, it, one) sits down | (she, he, it, one) is sitting down | (she, he, it, one) has been sitting down | (we (informal, impersonal)) sit down | (we (informal, impersonal)) are sitting down | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been sitting down | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $v$ | (aux) assis \\| s'(aux) assis | sat \| (have, has) sat; sat down | (have, has) sat down | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1364 | $n(m)$ | roi | king | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1366 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | téléphone | telephone | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1368 | n (f) | foi | faith | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1371 | $n$ (f) | tradition | tradition | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1373 | n (f) | victoire | victory | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1374 | $n(m)$ | arrêt | stop | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1375 | $n(m)$ | concours | entrance exam, competition | H | $\bigcirc$ |


| 1378 | $\checkmark$ | visiter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1379 | pron | elle-même |
| 1380 | adj | démocratique |
| 1382 | adv | largement |
| 1384 | $\checkmark$ | désirer |
| 1385 | n (f) | côte |
| 1386 | n (f) | génération |
| 1387 | $n(m)$ | vent |
| 1388 | n (f) | technologie |
| 1389 | $\checkmark$ | inquiéter; s'inquiéter (de + noun) |
| 1392 | adj | inquiet |
|  | adj | inquiète |
| 1398 | $\checkmark$ | ressembler à + noun; se ressembler |
| 1399 | n (f) | station |
| 1400 | $\checkmark$ | supporter |
| 1406 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | propriétaire |
| 1409 | $n(m)$ | avion |
| 1412 | n (f) | photo |
| 1417 | n (f) | centaine |
| 1418 | n (f) | explication |
| 1420 | $n(m)$ | appareil |
| 1425 | $n(m)$ | bois* |
| 1429 | adj | idéal |
| 1430 | $n(m)$ | chômage |
| 1431 | $n(m)$ | courage |
| 1433 | $n(m)$ | entretien |
| 1434 | $\checkmark$ | encourager (à + infinitive) |
| 1435 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | kilomètre |
| 1437 | n (f) | identité |
| 1441 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | contexte |
| 1445 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | août |
| 1447 | $\checkmark$ | courir |
|  | v | cours** \| cours !** |
|  | v | court** |


| (to) visit \| visiting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| herself | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| democratic (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| widely | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) want, desire \| wanting, desiring | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| coast | H | 0 |
| generation | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| wind | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| technology | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) bother, disturb \| bothering, disturbing; (to) be worried (about + noun) | being worried (about + noun) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| worried, anxious (m) | H | 0 |
| worried, anxious (f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (†o) look like + noun \| looking like + noun; (to) look alike | looking alike | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| station | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) tolerate, bear, put up with \| tolerating, bearing, putting up with | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| owner | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| aeroplane | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| photo | H | R |
| hundred | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| explanation | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| apparatus, device | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| wood | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| ideal (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| unemployment | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| courage | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| interview, maintenance | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) encourage (+ verb), encouraging (+ verb) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| kilometre | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| identity | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| context | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| August | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) run \| running | H | R |
| (I) run \| (I) am running | (I) have been running | (you (sing informal)) run | (you (sing informal)) are running | (you (sing informal)) have been running | run! (sing informal) | H | R |
| (she, he, it, one) runs \| (she, he, it, one) is running | (she, he, it, one) has been running | (we (informal, impersonal)) run | (we (informal, impersonal)) are running | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been running | H | R |
| ran \| (have, has) run | H | R |
| exam | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| character, individual, person | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| opening | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| board, picture, painting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| site | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| length, duration | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) elect \| electing | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| elected I (have, has) elected | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| worry, anxiety | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| the same (m) | H | 0 |
| the same (f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| fifteen | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| empty (m, f) | H | 0 |
| attempt, try, test | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (to) smile \| smiling | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| (I) smile \| (I) am smiling | (I) have been smiling | (you (sing informal)) smile | (you (sing informal)) are smiling | (you (sing informal)) have been smiling | smile! (sing informal) | H | 0 |
| (she, he, it, one) smiles \| (she, he, it, one) is smiling | (she, he, it, one) has been smiling (we (informal, | H | $\bigcirc$ |

smiled | (have, has) smiled
(to) interrupt, halt | interrupting | halting
factory
(to) unite, join | uniting, joining
employee, worker
obvious (m)
behaviour
party, festival
floor, ground
wave
reduction
cultural (m)
cooperation
leader
size, height
contents
distance
autumn
(to) lower, decrease | lowering, decreasing
Jewish (m)
(†o) pass on, communicate | passing on, communicating
(to) demonstrate | demonstrating
negative ( m )
noise
humanity
radio
myself

| 1530 | $n$ (f) | soirée | evening | H O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1531 | n (m) | vol | flight, theft | H O |
| 1532 | $v$ | marcher | (to) walk, work \| walking, working | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1534 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mètre | metre | H O |
| 1536 | adj | occidental | western (m) | H O |
| 1537 | adj | suffisant | sufficient (m) | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1538 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | ciel | sky | H O |
| 1539 | $v$ | tromper; se tromper | (to) cheat, deceive \| cheating, deceiving; to make a mistake | making a mistake | H O |
| 1542 | n (f) | seconde | second, year 11 | 0 |
| 1543 | adv | malheureusement | unfortunately | H O |
| 1545 | adv | extrêmement | extremely | H O |
| 1550 | adv | effectivement | effectively | H O |
| 1551 | $n(m)$ | gaz | gas | H O |
| 1552 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | acteur | actor (m) | H O |
| 1553 | $v$ | adapter; s'adapter | (to) adapt, adjust \| adapting, adjusting; (to) get used to | getting used to | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1554 | n (f) | cour | courtyard, playground | H R |
| 1556 | $n(m)$ | souci | worry, concern | H O |
| 1557 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | expert | expert | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1558 | n (f) | sœur | sister | H O |
| 1559 | adv | relativement | relatively | H O |
| 1560 | $v$ | comparer | (to) compare \| comparing | H O |
| 1564 | adj | conscient | conscious, aware (m) | H O |
| 1566 | adj | médical | medical (m) | H O |
| 1568 | n (f) | colère | anger | H O |
| 1569 | adj | patient | patient (m) | H O |
| 1571 | n (m) | siège | seat, bench | H O |
| 1574 | adj | traditionnel | traditional (m) | H R |
| 1575 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | quart | quarter | H O |
| 1578 | adj | catholique | Catholic (m, f) | H O |
| 1580 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | adulte | adult | H O |
| 1582 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | métier | job, occupation | H O |
| 1584 | $v$ | peser | (to) weigh \| weighing | H O |
| 1585 | n (mpl) | médias | media | H O |
| 1586 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | hiver | winter | H O |
| 1587 | n (f) | définition | definition | H O |
| 1589 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mari | husband | H O |
| 1599 | $n(m)$ | garçon | boy, waiter | H O |
| 1600 | adj | parfait | perfect (m) | H O |
| 1603 | n (f) | quatrième | year 9 | H O |
| 1604 | n (f) | fenêtre | window | H O |
| 1606 | $v$ | hésiter | (to) be unsure, hesitate \| being unsure, hesitating | H O |
| 1607 | n (f) | menace | threat | H O |
| 1609 | $n$ (f) | jeunesse | youth | H O |
| 1610 | $v$ | voler (à ...) | (to) fly, steal (from someone) \| flying, stealing (from someone) | H O |
| 1614 | adj | inutile | useless ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H O |
| 1616 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | poisson | fish | H O |
| 1617 | n (f) | révolution | revolution | H O |
| 1619 | $v$ | avouer | (to) admit to, confess to \| admitting to, confessing to | H O |
| 1622 | adj | familial | family (m) | H O |
| 1623 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cinéma | cinema | H O |
| 1626 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | enseignement | education, teaching | H O |
| 1627 | adj | étonnant | surprising, amazing, incredible (m) | H O |
| 1628 | n (f) | dizaine | approximately ten | H O |
| 1632 | n (f) | instruction | instruction, direction | H O |
| 1634 | $v$ | oser | (to) dare I daring | H O |
| 1639 | $v$ | corriger | (to) correct, mark \| correcting, marking | H O |
| 1642 | n (m) | désir | desire | H O |
| 1645 | $v$ | prier | (to) pray I praying | H O |
| 1646 | num | trente | thirty | H O |
| 1650 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | instrument | instrument | H O |
| 1651 | n (f) | indépendance | independence | H O |
| 1652 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | tort | wrong | H O |
| 1654 | $v$ | critiquer | (to) criticise \| criticising | H O |
| 1655 | n (f) | attaque | attack | H O |
| 1659 | n (f) | drogue | drug | H O |
| 1662 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | rythme | rhythm, rate | H O |
| 1664 | num | douze | twelve | H O |
| 1666 | adj | espagnol | Spanish (m) | H O |
| 1667 | $n$ (f) | saison | season | H O |
| 1672 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | dos | back | H O |
| 1673 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | consommateur | consumer, customer | H O |
| 1678 | $v$ | rêver (à/de + noun) | (to) dream (about + noun), dreaming (about + noun) | H O |
| 1680 | n (f) | quantité | quantity | H O |
| 1682 | $v$ | persuader de + infinitive | (to) persuade + verb \| persuading + verb | H O |
| 1684 | adj | annuel | annual, yearly (m) | H O |
| 1685 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | commentaire | comment, remark | H O |
| 1686 | $v$ | marier; se marier (avec) | (to) marry \| marrying; (to) get married (to) | getting married (to) | H O |
| 1687 | n (m) | spectacle | sight, show | H O |
| 1689 | adj | célèbre | famous (m) | H O |
| 1690 | $n(m)$ | ouest | west | H O |
| 1691 | $n(m)$ | sexe | sex | H O |
| 1694 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | accent | accent | H O |
| 1697 | $n(m)$ | concert | concert | H O |
| 1699 | n (f) | religion | religion | H O |
| 1701 | $n(m)$ | théâtre | theatre, drama | H O |
| 1704 | $n(m)$ | équipement | equipment | H O |


| 1705 | v | descendre; descendre de + noun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1706 | $n(m)$ | patron |
| 1708 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | abri |
| 1709 | n (f) | recette |
| 1710 | adv | généralement |
| 1713 | $n(m)$ | soleil |
| 1715 | $n(m)$ | ennemi |
| 1719 | $n(m)$ | dialogue |
| 1720 | $n(m)$ | thème |
| 1722 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | porte-parole |
| 1724 | n (f) | forêt |
| 1725 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | outil |
| 1726 | n (f) | vacances |
| 1727 | adv | suffisamment |
| 1728 | n (m) | défi |
| 1731 | adj | calme |
| 1732 | n (f) | montagne |
| 1734 | adv | apparemment |
| 1736 | $n(m)$ | magasin |
| 1738 | $n(m)$ | écrivain |
| 1744 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chien |
| 1746 | adj | indispensable |
| 1747 | n (f) | conversation |
| 1749 | $v$ | féliciter |
| 1753 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | euro |
| 1757 | n (f) | compétence |
| 1763 | adj | sain |
| 1764 | v | intégrer; s'intégrer |
| 1767 | n (f) | pierre |
| 1770 | adj | régulier |
| 1771 | n (f) | boite |
| 1774 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | hôtel |
| 1777 | adv | là-bas |
| 1782 | n (f) | église |
| 1791 | $n$ (f) | découverte |
| 1797 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ | artiste |
| 1798 | $n(m)$ | coin |
| 1801 | $n(m)$ | uniforme |
| 1803 | n (f) | grève |
| 1804 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | achat |
| 1814 | adj | original |
| 1815 | n (f) | surprise |
| 1818 | n (f) | capitale |
| 1820 | $\checkmark$ | chanter |
| 1824 | n (f) | neige |
| 1828 | adj | étroit |
| 1829 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | goût |
| 1832 | n (f) | catastrophe |
| 1835 | n (f) | manifestation |
| 1836 | $v$ | dormir |
| 1837 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lit |
| 1838 | n (f) | bouche |
| 1841 | adj | content |
| 1843 | adj | triste |
| 1849 | n (m) | logement |
| 1851 | n (f) | plainte |
| 1852 | adj | chaud |
| 1854 | n (f) | émotion |
| 1856 | $v$ | progresser |
| 1859 | adj | strict |
| 1860 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | club |
| 1862 | n (f) | souffrance |
| 1866 | n (f) | passion |
| 1873 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | rendez-vous |
| 1874 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | argument |
| 1875 | n (f) | planète |
| 1878 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | attentat |
| 1879 | $v$ | boire |
|  | $v$ | bois** \| bois ! |
|  | $\checkmark$ | boit |
|  | $\checkmark$ | (aux) bu |
| 1880 | n (f) | richesse |
| 1881 | n (f) | caisse |
| 1883 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | héros |
|  | n (f) | héroïne |
| 1884 | $n$ (f) | oreille |
| 1885 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | incident |
| 1886 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | café |
| 1887 | n (f) | annonce |
| 1888 | adv | régulièrement |
| 1889 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pont |

(to) go down, ride down, drive down | going down, riding down, driving down; (to) get off + noun, get out of + noun | getting off + noun, getting out of + noun
boss
shelter
recipe
generally
sun
enemy
dialogue
theme, topic
spokesperson, spokeswoman, spokesman
forest
tool
holiday
sufficiently
challenge
calm, quiet ( $m, f$ )
mountain
apparently
shop
writer
dog
essential (m, f)
conversation
(to) congratulate | congratulating
euro
competence, skill
healthy ( m )
( incorporating, integrating, including; (to) become integrated, fit in | H becoming integrated, fitting in
stone
regular (m)
box
hotel
over there, out there
church
discovery
artist
corner
uniform
strike
purchase
original (m)
surprise
capital city
(to) sing | singing
snow
narrow, tight (m)
taste, flavour
catastrophe, disaster
demonstration, event
(to) sleep | sleeping
bed
mouth
glad, pleased (m)
sad (m, f)
accommodation
moan, complaint
hot, warm (m)
emotion, feeling
(†o) progress | progressing
strict (m)
club
suffering
passion
appointmen
argument
planet
attack, assassination attempt
(†o) drink | drinking
(I) drink | (I) am drinking | (I) have been drinking | (you (sing informal)) drink | (you (sing informal)) are drinking I (you (sing informal)) have been drinking | drink! (sing informal)
(she, he, it, one) drinks \| (she, he, it, one) is drinking | (she, he, it, one) has been drinking I (we (informal,
impersonal)) drink | (we (informal, impersonal)) are drinking | (we (informal, impersonal)) have been
drinking
drank | (have, has) drunk
wealth
checkout
hero ( m )
hero (f)
ear
incident
café, coffee
announcement
regularly
bridge

| 1893 | $v$ | bouger | (to) move / moving | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1895 | adj | chrétien | Christian (m) | H | R |
| 1898 | n (f) | égalité | equality | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1903 | $\checkmark$ | préserver | (to) preserve, protect \| preserving, protecting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1906 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | match | match | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1910 | n (f) | tragédie | tragedy | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1912 | n (m) | scandale | scandal, uproar | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1914 | adj | chinois | Chinese ( m ) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1916 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | billet | ticket | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1917 | $n(m)$ | choc | shock, clash | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1921 | n (f) | destruction | destruction | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1925 | n (f) | adresse | address | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1926 | n (f) | réception | reception | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1930 | $v$ | brûler | (to) burn, be on fire \| burning, being on fire | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1936 | $v$ | grandir | (to) get bigger, get taller, grow \| getting bigger, getting taller, growing | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1940 | n (f) | poche | pocket | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1943 | n (f) | honte | shame | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1948 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bonheur | happiness | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1950 | $\checkmark$ | crier | (to) shout, scream, cry out \| shouting, screaming, crying out | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1951 | n (f) | pauvreté | poverty | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1952 | $n(m)$ | bâtiment | building | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1954 | $n(m)$ | médicament | medicine, drug | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1957 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | électeur | elector, voter | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1959 | $n(m)$ | véhicule | vehicle | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1961 | $n(m)$ | chercheur | researcher (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1963 | n (f) | personnalité | personality | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1964 | $\checkmark$ | inventer | (to) invent, make up \| inventing, making up | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1967 | n (m) | stade | stadium, stage | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1970 | adj | québécois | from Quebec (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1972 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bonjour | hello, good morning | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1983 | n (f) | dame | lady | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1984 | n (f) | joie | joy | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1986 | n (f) | faim | hunger | H | R |
| 1987 | $v$ | excuser (de/pour + noun); s'excuser (de/pour + noun) | (to) excuse (for + noun), forgive (for + noun) \| excusing (for + noun), forgiving (for + noun); (to) apologise (for + noun) | apologising (for + noun) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1988 | $\checkmark$ | recommander | (to) recommend \| recommending | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1993 | adj | scolaire | school (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1994 | adj | arabe | Arabic, Arab (m, f) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1995 | $v$ | diffuser | (to) diffuse, broadcast \| diffusing, broadcasting | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1997 | adj | inquiétant | worrying, disturbing (m) | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1998 | $v$ | inclure | (to) include \| including | H | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | $v$ | (aux) inclus | included I (have, has) included | H | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1999 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | style | style | H | R |
| 2002 | $\checkmark$ | annuler | (to) cancel, undo \| cancelling, undoing | H | O> |
| 2006 | $n(m)$ | climat | climate | H | O> |
| 2007 | $n(m)$ | séjour | stay | H | O> |
| 2011 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | sport | sport | H | O> |
| 2018 | adv | normalement | normally | H | O> |
| 2024 | $v$ | blesser | (to) hurt, injure \| hurting, injuring | H | O> |
| 2043 | n (f) | anniversaire | birthday | H | O> |
| 2085 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | adolescent/ado | teenager, adolescent | H | O> |
| 2086 | $\checkmark$ | dessiner | (to) draw I drawing | H | O> |
| 2110 | n (f) | publicité/pub | advert | H | O> |
| 2111 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | arbre | tree | H | O> |
| 2113 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | aéroport | airport | H | O> |
| 2116 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | collège | secondary school | H | O> |
| 2122 | n (f) | peau | skin | H | O> |
| 2134 | $v$ | enseigner (à ... à + infinitive) | (to) teach (someone + verb) \| teaching (someone + verb) | H | O> |
| 2142 | n (f) | chanson | song | H | O> |
| 2160 | $\checkmark$ | coucher; se coucher | (to) lie down; sleep \| Iying down, sleeping; (to) go to bed, set (sun) | going to bed, setting (sun) | H | O> |
| 2166 | adj | drôle | funny (m, f) | H | O> |
| 2167 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | plat | dish | H | O> |
| 2168 | n (f) | maman | mum, mummy | H | O> |
| 2170 | $\checkmark$ | célébrer | (to) celebrate \| celebrating | H | O> |
| 2174 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | verre | glass | H | O> |
| 2185 | $\checkmark$ | casser; se casser | (to) break \| breaking; (to) break a body part | breaking a body part | H | O> |
| 2191 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | plastique | plastic | H | O> |
| 2194 | $\checkmark$ | voyager | (to) travel (around) \| travelling (around) | H | O> |
| 2201 | $n(m)$ | ordinateur | computer | H | O> |
| 2205 | intj | salut | hi, bye | H | O> |
| 2207 | n (f) | enfance | childhood | H | O> |
| 2216 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | musée | museum | H | O> |
| 2217 | n (f) | pluie | rain | H | O> |
| 2223 | n (f) | rivière | river | H | O> |
| 2241 | adj | suisse | Swiss (m, f) | H | O> |
| 2245 | adj | musulman | Muslim (m) | H | O> |
| 2262 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | dieu | god | H | O> |
| 2269 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | étage | floor | H | O> |
| 2273 | num | cinquante | fifty | H | O> |
| 2284 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | jardin | garden | H | O> |
| 2285 | n (f) | nourriture | food | H | O> |
| 2289 | adj | africain | African (m) | H | O> |
| 2293 | n (f) | circulation | traffic | H | O> |
| 2296 | n (mpl) | cheveux | hair | H | O> |
| 2298 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cadeau | present, gift | H | O> |
| 2305 | $n$ (f) | fleur | flower | H |  |


| 2309 | $n(m)$ | vin | wine | H | O> |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2322 | $\checkmark$ | adorer | (to) really like, love, adore \| really liking, loving, adoring | H | O> |
| 2323 | $n(m)$ | appartement | apartment, flat | H | O> |
| 2336 | $n(m)$ | restaurant | restaurant | H | O> |
| 2343 | $n(m)$ | sac | bag, sack | H | O> |
| 2365 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | dîner | dinner | H | O> |
| 2373 | adj | numérique | digital ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H | O> |
| 2383 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vêtement | garment, item or article of clothing | H | O> |
| 2390 | adv | heureusement | fortunately, luckily | H | O> |
| 2393 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | tabac | tobacco | H | O> |
| 2398 | adj | joli | pretty, attractive (m) | H | O> |
| 2421 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | écran | screen | H | O> |
| 2435 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | oiseau | bird | H | O> |
| 2436 | num | quarante | forty | H | O> |
| 2440 | n (f) | feuille | leaf, sheet | H | O> |
| 2447 | num | onze | eleven | H | O> |
| 2465 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | alcool | alcohol | H | O> |
| 2470 | adj | gratuit | free (of charge) (m) | H | O> |
| 2472 | n (f) | jambe | leg | H | O> |
| 2475 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | week-end | weekend | H | O> |
| 2483 | $n(m)$ | midi | noon | H | R |
| 2507 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lait | milk | H | O> |
| 2509 | adj | intelligent | intelligent (m) | H | O> |
| 2511 | n (f) | bibliothèque | library | H | O> |
| 2537 | n (f) | diversité | diversity | H | O> |
| 2541 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | accueil | welcome, reception | H | O> |
| 2555 | adj | tranquille | quiet ( $m$, f) | H | O> |
| 2580 | n (f) | glace | ice cream, ice | H | O> |
| 2581 | n (f) | gare | station, railway station | H | O> |
| 2588 | n (f) | informatique | computer science, computing | H | O> |
| 2602 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | foot(ball) | football, soccer | H | O> |
| 2611 | n (f) | vidéo | video | H | O> |
| 2618 | n (f) | cuisine | cooking, kitchen | H | O> |
| 2623 | $v$ | fumer | (to) smoke \| smoking | H | O> |
| 2625 | n (f) | viande | meat | H | O> |
| 2634 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | paysage | landscape, scenery, countryside | H | O> |
| 2637 | adv | lentement | slowly | H | O> |
| 2653 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | touriste | tourist | H | O> |
| 2670 | adj | sportif | athletic, competitive, sporty, sporting (m) | H | O> |
| 2683 | $v$ | mentir | (to) lie \| lying | H | O> |
| 2691 | n (f) | tournée | tour, round | H | O> |
| 2693 | n (f) | plage | beach | H | O> |
| 2702 | n (f) | plante | plant | H | O> |
| 2722 | adj | formidable | terrific, astounding (m,f) | H | O> |
| 2724 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | déjeuner | lunch | H | O> |
| 2725 | $\checkmark$ | disputer; se disputer | (to) scold, tell off \| scolding, telling off; (to) argue | arguing | H | O> |
| 2729 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | salon | lounge, living room | H | O> |
| 2769 | adj | gris | grey (m,f) | H | O> |
| 2774 | $v$ | ranger | (to) tidy, put away I tidying, putting away | H | O> |
| 2776 | n (f) | étoile | star | H | O> |
| 2795 | adj | belge | Belgian (m, f) | H | O> |
| 2802 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pain | bread | H | O> |
| 2816 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lycée | college, sixth form | H | O> |
| 2832 | adj | gentil | kind (m) | H | O> |
| 2841 | adj | agréable | pleasant, nice, agreeable (m, f) | H | O> |
| 2855 | n (f) | cigarette | cigarette | H | O> |
| 2882 | $n(m)$ | déchets | rubbish | H | O> |
| 2886 | n (f) | affiche | poster | H | O> |
| 2898 | $v$ | détester | (to) hate, detest \| hating, detesting | H | O> |
| 2906 | adj | sale | dirty ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H | O> |
| 2908 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chapeau | hat | H | O> |
| 2929 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | boulot | work, job | H | O> |
| 2934 | $\checkmark$ | danser | (to) dance \| dancing | H | O> |
| 2944 | n (f) | banlieue | suburbs, outskirts | H | O> |
| 2948 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | repas | meal | H | O> |
| 2972 | n (f) | rentrée | reopening, return, start of the school year | H | O> |
| 2993 | adj | super | great | H | O> |
| 3011 | $v$ | poster | (to) post \| posting | H | O> |
| 3020 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | copain | friend (m), boyfriend | H | O> |
|  | n (f) | copine | friend, girlfriend | H | O> |
| 3031 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | poème | poem | H | O> |
| 3073 | n (f) | pollution | pollution | H | O> |
| 3117 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | légume | vegetable | H | O> |
| 3118 | adj | francophone | French-speaking (m, f) | H | O> |
| 3121 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | lac | lake | H | O> |
| 3148 | n (f) | Mademoiselle | Miss, Ms, (sing), miss | H | O> |
| 3151 | num | soixante | sixty | H | O> |
| 3169 | $\checkmark$ | allumer | (to) turn on \| turning on | H | O> |
| 3227 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | métro | underground, metro | H | O> |
| 3229 | adj | fatigué | tired (m) | H | O> |
| 3245 | num | treize | thirteen | H | O> |
| 3251 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | chanteur | singer | H | R |
| 3285 | num | seize | sixteen | H | O> |
| 3322 | n (f) | star | star, celebrity | H | O> |
| 3359 | num | quatorze | fourteen | H | O> |
| 3362 | adj | célibataire | single, unmarried (m, f) | H | O> |


| 3387 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cousin | cousin | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3399 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | inconvénient | snag, drawback, disadvantage, inconvenience | H |
| 3419 | n (f) | chaise | chair | H |
| 3438 | n (fpl) | maths | mathematics/maths | H |
| 3441 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | temple | temple | H |
| 3453 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | minuit | midnight | H |
| 3458 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bain | bath, bathing | H |
| 3469 | adj | marocain | Moroccan (m) | H |
| 3503 | $\checkmark$ | laver; se laver | (to) wash (something) \| washing (something); (to) get washed | getting washed | H |
| 3510 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | château | castle, palace | H |
| 3517 | $n(m)$ | thé | tea | H |
| 3566 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | bagage | luggage, baggage | H |
| 3613 | adj | handicapé | disabled (m) | H |
| 3614 | n (f) | boisson | drink, beverage | H |
| 3628 | $n(m)$ | oncle | uncle | H |
| 3636 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | apprentissage | apprenticeship | H |
| 3714 | intj | bienvenue! | welcome | H |
| 3737 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | couteau | knife | H |
| 3746 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | manteau | coat | H |
| 3835 | adj | timide | timid, shy, bashful (m, f) | H |
| 3858 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | festival | festival | H |
| 3872 | adj | génial | great, brilliant (m) | H |
| 3887 | $v$ | nettoyer | (to) clean \| cleaning | H |
| 3891 | n (f) | tante | aunt | H |
| 3937 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | handicap | disability | H |
| 3938 | intj | bonsoir | good evening | H |
| 3987 | adj | joyeux | merry, joyful, happy (m) | H |
| 3999 | $v$ | harceler | (to) bully, harass \| bullying, harassing | H |
| 4001 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | cahier | exercise book | H |
| 4002 | $n(m)$ | portable | mobile phone, laptop | H |
| 4007 | $n(m)$ | stage | work experience | H |
| 4094 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | dictionnaire | dictionary | H |
| 4164 | adj | sympathique/sympa | nice, kind, friendly ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ ) | H |
| 4215 | n (f) | toilette | washing, toilet, lavatory, bathroom, restroom | H |
| 4216 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | autobus/bus | bus | H |
| 4222 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | poulet | chicken | H |
| 4308 | n (f) | valise | suitcase | H |
| 4369 | adj | affreux | dreadful, awful, horrible (m) | H |
| 4377 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | serveur | waiter, server | H |
| 4451 | adj | interdit | prohibited, banned (m) | H |
| 4452 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | brovillard | fog, mist, haze | H |
| 4475 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | fromage | cheese | H |
| 4506 | $n(m, f)$ | bénévole | volunteer | H |
| 4574 | n (f) | météo | weather forecast | H |
| 4594 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | vélo | bike, bicycle | H |
| 4603 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | est** | east | H |
| 4659 | $n$ (f) | soif | thirst | H |
| 4670 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | pantalon | trousers | H |
| 4805 | adj | raciste | racist (m, f) | H |
| 4822 | n (f) | blague | joke | H |
| 4845 | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | gâteau | cake | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | addition | bill | H |
| n/a | n (f) | Afrique | Africa | H |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | aidant | carer | H |
| n/a | adj | amusant | funny, fun, enjoyable, amusing (m) | H |
| n/a | n (f) | Angleterre | England | H |
| n/a | n (f) | Asie | Asia | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | bavard | chatty, talkative (m) | H |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | beau-père | step-father, father-in-law | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | belle-mère | step-mother, mother-in-law | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | bi(sexuel) | bi(sexual) (m) | H |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | blog | blog | H |
| n/a | adj | bouddhiste | Buddhist (m, f) | H |
| n/a | n (f) | boulangerie | bakery | H |
| n/a | adj | brun | brown (m) | H |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | camping | camping | H |
| n/a | n (f) | célébrité | celebrity | H |
| n/a | $v$ | chatter/tchatter | (to) chat \| chatting | H |
| n/a | $v$ | cliquer | (to) click \| clicking | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | Corse | Corsica | H |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | défié | parade, procession | H |
| n/a | adj | désolé | sorry (m) | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | embêtant | annoying (m) | H |
| n/a | intj | enchanté! | pleased to meet you! | H |
| n/a | adj | ennuyeux | boring (m) | H |
| n/a | adj | équilibré | balanced (m) | H |
| n/a | n (f) | Europe | Europe | H |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | fast-food | fast food | H |
| n/a | intj | félicitations | congratulations | H |
| n/a | adj | férié | public holiday (m) | H |
| n/a | n (fpl) | frites | chips | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | gay | gay ( m , f) | H |
| n/a | n (f) | géographie | geography | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | hétéro | straight, heterosexual (m, f) | H |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | influenceur | influencer | H |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | internet | internet | H |


| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | Londres | London | H O> |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | mail/e-mail | e-mail | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | méchant | nasty, naughty, mean (m) | H O> |
| n/a | n (f) | mosquée | mosque | H O> |
| n/a | $\checkmark$ | nager | (to) swim \| swimming | H O> |
| n/a | n (f) | natation | swimming | H O> |
| n/a | adj | non-binaire | non-binary (m, f) | H O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | PACS | civil partnership | H O> |
| n/a | adv | parce que/qu' | because | H O> |
| n/a | adj | paresseux | lazy (m) (mpl, mixed gender pl) | H O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | passe-temps | hobby | H O> |
| $n / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | passionnant | exciting, thrilling (m) | H O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | petit-déjeuner | breakfast | H O> |
| n/a | n (f) | piscine | swimming pool | H O> |
| n/a | $v$ | polluer | (to) pollute \| polluting | H O> |
| n/a | n (f) | poubelle | rubbish bin | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | promenade | walk | H O> |
| n/a | adj | queer | queer ( m , f) | H O> |
| n/a | $\checkmark$ | recharger | (to) charge (an appliance) \| charging (an appliance) | H O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | réchauffement | warming | H O> |
| n/a | n (f) | récré(ation) | break (time) | H O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | recyclage | recycling | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $v$ | recycler | (to) recycle \| recycling | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | sabbatique | sabbatical, gap (m, f) | H O> |
| n/a | $\checkmark$ | se relaxer | (to) relax \| relaxing | H O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | selfie | selfie | H O> |
| $n / \mathrm{a}$ | $n(m)$ | shopping | shopping | H O> |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | SMS | SMS | H O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | streaming | streaming | H O> |
| n/a | $n(m)$ | stylo | pen | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | supermarché | supermarket | H O> |
| n/a | n (f) | synagogue | synagogue | H O> |
| n/a | $\checkmark$ | télécharger | (to) download \| downloading | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | ticket | ticket | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | pron | toi-même | yourself [singular] | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | transgenre | trans (m, f) | H O> |
| $n / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | Tunisie | Tunisia | H O> |
| n/a | $v$ | vapoter | (to) vape \| vaping | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | adj | végan | vegan (m) | H O> |
| n/a | adj | végétarien | vegetarian (m) | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | à cause de | because of | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | à gauche | on the left | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | au revoir | goodbye | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | aussi...que/qu' | as....as | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | ça m'est égal | I'm not bothered | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | ça va/ çava? | It's fine, I'm fine, it's OK/how's it going?, how are you? | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | en ce moment | at the moment | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | en retard | late | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | est-ce que/est-ce qu' ? | questioning device | H R |
| n/a | mwp | feu d'artifice | firework display | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | il est + time | it is/it's + time | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il fait (beau) | it is/it's (nice) | H R |
| n/a | mwp | il faut + infinitive | it is/it's necessary + verb, must + verb | H R |
| n/a | mwp | il pleut | it rains \| it's raining | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | mariage du même sexe | same sex marriage | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | par contre | on the other hand | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | s'il te plaît/s'l vous plaît | please (informal)/please (formal) | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | tout le monde | everyone, everybody | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | après avoir + pp | after having + pp | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | en plus | in addition, also | H O> |
| n/a | mwp | être en train de + infinitive | (to) be in the middle of + verb \| being in the middle of + verb | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il est (difficile) de + infinitive | it is/it's (difficult) + verb | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il manque... | ...is missing | H R |
| n/a | mwp | il vaut la peine de + infinitive | it is/it's worth + verb | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il vaut mieux + infinitive | it is/it's better + verb | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il y a \| il y avait | il y aura | there is \| there are | there was | there were | there used to be | there is going to be | there will be | H O> |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | il y (en) a \| il y (en) avait | il y (en) aura | there is (of it $(m, f)) \mid$ there are (of them $(m, f)$ ) \| there was (of it ( $m, f$ )) \| there were (of them ( $m, f$ )) \| there used to be (of it ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ )) \| there used to be (of them ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ )) \| there was (of it ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ )) \| there were (of them $(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ ) \| there is going to be (of it $(\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f})$ ) \| there are going to be (of them ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ )) \| there will be (of it $(m, f)$ \| there will be (of them ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{f}$ )) | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | ne... ni | neither...nor | H R |
| n/a | mwp | ne... plus | not anymore, no longer | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | mwp | venir de + infinitive | (to) have just + pp | H R |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | Fête Nationale | Bastille Day, French national holiday | H C |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (fpl) | Pyrénées | the Pyrenees | H C |
| n/a | n (f) | Méditerranée | the Mediterranean | H C |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | Aïd | Eid | H C |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (fpl) | Alpes | Alps | H C |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | baccalauréat/bac | high school final exam (like A levels) | H C |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n (f) | Belgique | Belgium | H C |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | Canada | Canada | H C |
| $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $n(f)$ | France | France | H C |
| n/a | n (f) | La Réunion | Reunion Island | H C |
| n/a | $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{m})$ | le Tour de France | Tour de France | H C |
| n/a | n (f) | Manche | English Channel | H C |


$R=$ Required

    O> = Optional outside the top 2000 words
[^0]:    $R=$ Required
    O = Optional within the top 2000 words O> = Optional outside the top 2000 words

[^1]:    | H |  |
    | :--- | :--- |
    | H |  |

    H O
    $\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{H} & \mathrm{O} \\ \mathrm{H} & \mathrm{O}\end{array}$
    H O
    H O
    0
    H O
    H O
    H O
    H O
    $\mathrm{H} O$
    H O

    | $\mathrm{H} O$ |
    | :--- |
    | $\mathrm{H} O$ |

    $\mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{O}$
    H O
    O
    R
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    O
    $\mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{O}$
    H O
    H O

