

# AS Physics data and formulae

## For use in exams from the June 2016 Series onwards

## DATA - FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANTS AND VALUES

Quantity	Symbol	Value	Units
speed of light in vacuo	С	$3.00\times10^8$	m s <sup>-1</sup>
permeability of free space	$\mu_0$	$4\pi\times10^{-7}$	H m <sup>-1</sup>
permittivity of free space	$\mathcal{E}_0$	$8.85 \times 10^{-12}$	F m <sup>-1</sup>
magnitude of the charge of electron	e	$1.60\times10^{-19}$	С
the Planck constant	h	$6.63\times10^{-34}$	J s
gravitational constant	G	$6.67\times10^{-11}$	${\rm N~m^2~kg^{-2}}$
the Avogadro constant	$N_{\mathrm{A}}$	$6.02\times10^{23}$	$\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
molar gas constant	R	8.31	$\rm J~K^{-1}~mol^{-1}$
the Boltzmann constant	k	$1.38\times10^{-23}$	J K <sup>-1</sup>
the Stefan constant	$\sigma$	$5.67\times10^{-8}$	$W\ m^{-2}\ K^{-4}$
the Wien constant	$\alpha$	$2.90\times10^{-3}$	m K
electron rest mass (equivalent to $5.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ u}$ )	$m_{ m e}$	$9.11 \times 10^{-31}$	kg
electron charge/mass ratio	$rac{e}{m_{ m e}}$	$1.76\times10^{11}$	$\rm C~kg^{-1}$
proton rest mass (equivalent to 1.00728 u)	$m_{ m p}$	$1.67(3) \times 10^{-27}$	kg
proton charge/mass ratio	$rac{e}{m_{ m p}}$	$9.58\times10^7$	$ m C~kg^{-1}$
neutron rest mass (equivalent to 1.00867 u)	$m_{ m n}$	$1.67(5) \times 10^{-27}$	kg
gravitational field strength	g	9.81	${ m N~kg^{-1}}$
acceleration due to gravity	g	9.81	$\mathrm{m}\;\mathrm{s}^{-2}$
atomic mass unit (1u is equivalent to 931.5 MeV)	u	$1.661 \times 10^{-27}$	kg

#### ALGEBRAIC EQUATION

quadratic equation  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ 

#### **ASTRONOMICAL DATA**

Body	Mass/kg	Mean radius/m
Sun	$1.99 \times 10^{30}$	$6.96 \times 10^{8}$
Earth	$5.97 \times 10^{24}$	$6.37 \times 10^6$

#### **GEOMETRICAL EQUATIONS**

arc length	$= r\theta$
circumference of circle	$=2\pi r$
area of circle	$=\pi r^2$
curved surface area of cylinder	$=2\pi rh$
area of sphere	$=4\pi r^2$
volume of sphere	$=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Version 1.2



## Particle Physics

Class	Name	Symbol	Rest energy/MeV
photon	photon	γ	0
lepton	neutrino	$v_{ m e}$	0
		$v_{\mu}$	0
	electron	$e^{\pm}$	0.510999
	muon	$\mu^{\pm}$	105.659
mesons	$\pi$ meson	$\pi^{\pm}$	139.576
		$\pi^0$	134.972
	K meson	K <sup>±</sup>	493.821
		K <sup>0</sup>	497.762
baryons	proton	p	938.257
	neutron	n	939.551

## Properties of quarks

antiquarks have opposite signs

Type	Charge	Baryon number	Strangeness
u	$+\frac{2}{3}e$	$+\frac{1}{3}$	0
d	$-\frac{1}{3}e$	$+\frac{1}{3}$	0
S	$-\frac{1}{3}e$	$+\frac{1}{3}$	- 1

## Properties of Leptons

_		Lepton number
Particles:	e-, $\nu_e$ ; $\mu$ -, $\nu_\mu$	+ 1
Antiparticles:	$e^+, \overline{\nu_e}, \mu^+, \overline{\nu_\mu}$	- 1

## Photons and energy levels

photon energy 
$$E = hf = hc / \lambda$$
  
photoelectricity  $hf = \phi + E_{k \text{ (max)}}$   
energy levels  $hf = E_1 - E_2$   
de Broglie wavelength  $\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{h}{mv}$ 

#### Waves

wave speed 
$$c = f\lambda$$
 period  $f = \frac{1}{T}$ 

first harmonic  $f = \frac{1}{2l} \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}}$ 

fringe spacing  $w = \frac{\lambda D}{s}$  diffraction grating  $d\sin\theta = n\lambda$ 

refractive index of a substance s,  $n = \frac{c}{c_s}$ 

for two different substances of refractive indices  $n_1$  and  $n_2$ , law of refraction  $n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$  critical angle  $\sin \theta_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1} \text{for } n_1 > n_2$ 

### Mechanics

moments	moment = Fd	
velocity and acceleration	$v = \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta t}$	$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$
equations of motion	v = u + at	$s = \left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) t$
	$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$	$s = ut + \frac{at^2}{2}$
force	F = ma	
force	$F = \frac{\Delta(mv)}{\Delta t}$	
impulse	$F \Delta t = \Delta(mv)$	
work, energy	$W = F s \cos \theta$	
and power	$E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$	$\Delta E_{\rm p} = mg\Delta h$
	$P = \frac{\Delta W}{\Delta t}, P = Fv$	
	$efficiency = \frac{usef}{i}$	ul output power
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#### Materials

density 
$$\rho = \frac{m}{v}$$
 Hooke's law  $F = k \Delta L$ 

Young modulus =  $\frac{tensile\ stress}{tensile\ strain}$   $tensile\ stress = \frac{F}{A}$ 
 $tensile\ strain = \frac{\Delta L}{L}$ 

energy stored  $E = \frac{1}{2}F\Delta L$ 

input power

## Electricity

current and pd 
$$I = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t} \qquad V = \frac{W}{O} \qquad R = \frac{V}{I}$$

resistivity 
$$\rho = \frac{RA}{L}$$

resistors in series 
$$R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + \dots$$

resistors in parallel 
$$\frac{1}{R_{\rm T}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \cdots$$

power 
$$P = VI = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

emf 
$$\varepsilon = \frac{E}{Q} \qquad \varepsilon = I(R + r)$$

