



GCSE

Spanish

8698/LF

Foundation Tier Paper 1 Listening

Mark scheme

June 2019

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Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Listening and Reading tests

General principles of marking

Non-verbal answers

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

Verbal answers (English or target language)

1. The basic principle of assessment is that students should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do; provided their written response communicates the required message without ambiguity, it will get the mark. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.

- (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. This applies whether the answer is in English or target language. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.

- (b) Where a student has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied: - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea/make it ambiguous, **accept** - If the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
- (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
- (d) Where a question has more than one **section (eg (i) and (ii))**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. Eg, in Listening, information required to answer section (ii) might be given as part of the answer to section (i). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (ii), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place on the question paper.
2. In questions where students are asked to give for example a list of three items, only the first three items they write down should be considered for assessment purposes.
3. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt, look for the key idea.
4. Where a student has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be marked. When part of an answer is crossed out, then only what remains should be considered.
5. .../. means that these are acceptable alternative answers in the mark scheme. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks to be awarded.
6. In questions which are T/F/? or √/X/? in either Section A or Section B, a mix and match approach should be tolerated and credit given where it is clear and unambiguous (eg consistent use by the candidate). If candidates write 'True' instead of 'V' for Verdad in Section B, this should also be credited despite the wrong language being used.
7. The following general principles should be applied in relation to answers in the target language in Section B:
- Incorrect personal pronouns – accept (unless this causes ambiguity)
 - Incorrect possessive adjectives – accept (unless this causes ambiguity)
 - Wrong gender – accept (unless this causes ambiguity)
 - Infinitive – will normally communicate without ambiguity, so should be accepted
 - Wrong tense – accept as long as student comprehension is not in question
 - Minor spelling errors – accept as long as the answer is understandable with no ambiguity. In Section B, this means that even if the spelling error results in the creation of a word in another language, including English, then provided it is a recognisable attempt at a spelling in the target language, it will be credited.

Question	Accept	Mark
01	C, D (in any order)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
02	A, B (in any order)	2

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
03	kitchen	the kitchen is pretty/new/nice/fancy her kitchen kitchen-diner	cooking lounge living room everything but the living room the rooms dining room /area	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
04	sports centre	Leisure centre Sports Hall Sports Complex Sports centre facilities Sports centre is good Gym/sports centre Installations of sport centre sport centre's installations/facilities	shopping centre good sports facilities sports pitch sports ground Sports Leisure/sports places	1

		Installations/equipment in the sports centre Sports centre/leisure centre has great installations The sports centre (installations) Sports centre installation		
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Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
05	river(s)		transport the outdoors the countryside	1

Question	Accept		Mark
06	P+N	N	2
07	P	P+N	2

Question	Accept	Mark
08	A, E (in any order)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
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09	B, C (in any order)	2
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Question	Accept	Mark
10	F, H (in any order)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
11.1	D	1
11.2	A	1
11.3	C	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
12	old toys sick children	unwanted toys/games used toys/games old games ill/poorly/unwell children/kids	toys (<i>on its own</i>) board games children (<i>on its own</i>) children in need children in hospital	2

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
13	second hand uniform(s) old people's home	old uniforms residence for the elderly nursing home	uniform(s) (<i>on its own</i>) secondary school uniforms home hospice	2

		(elderly) care home elderly residence	old residents	
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Question	Accept		Mark
14	Person: D	Character: 1	2
15	Person: A	Character: 4	2

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
16	(they are) too young	very young	young	1

Question	Accept		Mark
17	C		1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
18	learn 20 words	learn (some) words learn vocabulary revise/study vocab	learn sentences learn (wrong number of) words practise/understand/list vocab	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
19	buy (him) a (new/another) pencil case	get (him) a (new/another) pencil case	he wants a pencil case buy him pencils/pens	1

Question	Accept	Mark
20	In this order Pasado = B, Ahora = F	2
21	In this order Pasado = H, Futuro = E	2

Question	Accept	Mark
22	A, B, D, H (in any order)	4