



Surname _____

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I declare this is my own work.

A-level PSYCHOLOGY

Paper 1 Introductory topics in psychology

7182/1

Monday 18 May 2020

Afternoon

Time allowed: 2 hours

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.

[Turn over]



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For this paper you may use:

- a calculator.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions.
You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do NOT write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 96.
- Questions should be answered in continuous prose. You will be assessed on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



SECTION A

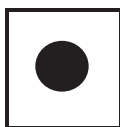
SOCIAL INFLUENCE

Answer ALL questions in this section.

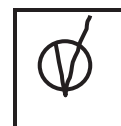
Only ONE answer for each question is allowed.

For each question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

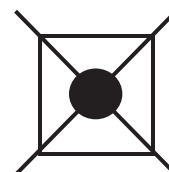
CORRECT METHOD



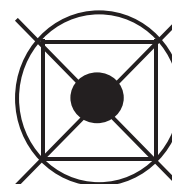
WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



0	1
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Which ONE of the following is most associated with informational social influence?

Shade ONE box only. [1 mark]

☐

A It is an emotional, rather than cognitive, process.

☐

B It is based on a desire to be liked, rather than a desire to be right.

☐

C It is more likely to lead to a permanent, rather than temporary, change in attitude.

☐

D It occurs in unambiguous situations, rather than those where there is no obvious answer.

[Turn over]



- 02** In a sixth form debating society, Samina is the only student in a group of six who does not believe that drugs should be legalised.

Using your knowledge of minority influence processes, explain TWO ways in which Samina could convince the other students in the debating society to agree with her. [4 marks]

[Turn over]



03 Researchers have identified different features of science, including:

- replicability
- theory construction
- hypothesis testing.

**Explain how Asch's conformity research illustrates ONE of these features of science.
[3 marks]**

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[Turn over]



0 4 It is the end of the school day and Freddie is pushing other students in the bus queue.

“Stop it, will you?” protests one of Freddie’s classmates.

“You can’t tell me what to do!” laughs Freddie.

At that moment, Freddie turns to see the deputy head, wearing a high-visibility jacket, staring angrily at him. Without thinking, Freddie stops pushing the other boys and waits quietly in line.

Discuss the legitimacy of authority AND agentic state explanations of obedience.

**Refer to Freddie’s behaviour in your answer.
[16 marks]**

You may use this space to plan your answer.





[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[Turn over]



SECTION B**MEMORY**

Answer ALL questions in this section.

0 5

Which type of long-term memory would be most associated with the following?

Write the correct type of long-term memory in the spaces provided.

0 5 . 1

Stored with reference to contextual information, eg time and place [1 mark]

0 5 . 2

Difficult to describe in words [1 mark]



05.3 Knowing the meaning of a word [1 mark]

[Turn over]



A researcher investigated retrieval failure using an independent groups design.

In CONDITION A, 10 participants learnt 30 words and recalled them in the same room.

In CONDITION B, another 10 participants learnt the same 30 words in one room and recalled them in a different room.

The results for CONDITION B are shown below.

TABLE 1

Participant	Number of words recalled
1	9
2	11
3	8
4	28
5	14
6	13
7	9
8	15
9	10
10	12



The researcher decided to use the mean to analyse the results.

06 State ONE advantage of an independent groups design. [1 mark]

[Turn over]



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- 07** Suggest a more appropriate measure of central tendency for this data set **AND** explain why it would be more appropriate. [3 marks]

[Turn over]



08 Another explanation for forgetting is interference.

Using an example, explain what is meant by retroactive interference. [3 marks]

[illegible]

[Turn over]



09

Danielle was walking down the high street when she witnessed a crime. A young man attacked an elderly woman. After a struggle, the man ran away with the woman's handbag. Danielle and another couple of witnesses stayed with the woman until the police arrived.

**Explain how the police could use the cognitive interview to help Danielle's recall of the event.
[6 marks]**







1	0
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[illegible]

[Turn over]



[illegible]





24



SECTION C**ATTACHMENT**

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1 1

Nine-year-old Annie asks her mother, “What was I like as a toddler?”

“Oh, you could be a bit difficult,” Annie’s mother replies. “You used to scream when I left you at nursery. When I returned to pick you up, you would run towards me and then push me away.”

1 1 . 1

Identify the attachment type that Annie’s mother is describing. [1 mark]



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[Turn over]



11.2 Distinguish between TWO OTHER types of attachment. [4 marks]

[illegible]

[Turn over]



1 2 Studies of attachment often involve naturalistic observations.

Suggest ONE way in which studies of attachment could be improved by using controlled observations. [3 marks]

[illegible]

[Turn over]



- 1 3** Discuss research into caregiver-infant interactions in humans. [16 marks]

You may use this space to plan your answer.



[illegible]

[illegible]



[illegible]

[Turn over]



SECTION D**PSYCHOPATHOLOGY**

Answer ALL questions in this section.

- 1 4** Briefly evaluate the deviation from the ideal mental health definition of abnormality.
[4 marks]



[Turn over]



1	5
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[illegible]

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[Turn over]



Max has a phobia of the sea. On a family holiday as a child, he was carried away by the tide and had to be rescued by a lifeguard. Now he has a family of his own, Max refuses to go on beach holidays.

- 1 6** Discuss the two-process model of phobias. Refer to Max's phobia of the sea in your answer. [16 marks]

You may use this space to plan your answer.







[illegible]



[illegible]

END OF QUESTIONS



Additional page, if required.

Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.

[illegible]

Additional page, if required.

Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.

[illegible]

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For Examiner's Use	
Section	Mark
A	
B	
C	
D	
TOTAL	

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