# A-level COMPUTER SCIENCE <br> 7517/1 

Paper 1
Mark scheme
June 2020

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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## Level of response marking instructions

Level of response mark schemes are broken down into levels, each of which has a descriptor. The descriptor for the level shows the average performance for the level. There are marks in each level.

Before you apply the mark scheme to a student's answer read through the answer and annotate it (as instructed) to show the qualities that are being looked for. You can then apply the mark scheme.

## Step 1 Determine a level

Start at the lowest level of the mark scheme and use it as a ladder to see whether the answer meets the descriptor for that level. The descriptor for the level indicates the different qualities that might be seen in the student's answer for that level. If it meets the lowest level then go to the next one and decide if it meets this level, and so on, until you have a match between the level descriptor and the answer. With practice and familiarity you will find that for better answers you will be able to quickly skip through the lower levels of the mark scheme.

When assigning a level you should look at the overall quality of the answer and not look to pick holes in small and specific parts of the answer where the student has not performed quite as well as the rest. If the answer covers different aspects of different levels of the mark scheme you should use a best fit approach for defining the level and then use the variability of the response to help decide the mark within the level, ie if the response is predominantly level 3 with a small amount of level 4 material it would be placed in level 3 but be awarded a mark near the top of the level because of the level 4 content.

## Step 2 Determine a mark

Once you have assigned a level you need to decide on the mark. The descriptors on how to allocate marks can help with this. The exemplar materials used during standardisation will help. There will be an answer in the standardising materials which will correspond with each level of the mark scheme. This answer will have been awarded a mark by the Lead Examiner. You can compare the student's answer with the example to determine if it is the same standard, better or worse than the example. You can then use this to allocate a mark for the answer based on the Lead Examiner's mark on the example.

You may well need to read back through the answer as you apply the mark scheme to clarify points and assure yourself that the level and the mark are appropriate.

Indicative content in the mark scheme is provided as a guide for examiners. It is not intended to be exhaustive and you must credit other valid points. Students do not have to cover all of the points mentioned in the Indicative content to reach the highest level of the mark scheme.

An answer which contains nothing of relevance to the question must be awarded no marks.

## A-level Computer Science

## Paper 1 (7517/1) - applicable to all programming languages A, B, C, D and E

June 2020

The following annotation is used in the mark scheme:
; - means a single mark
// - means an alternative response
/ - means an alternative word or sub-phrase
A. - means an acceptable creditworthy answer
R. - means reject answer as not creditworthy

NE. - means not enough
I. - means ignore

DPT. - means "Don't penalise twice". In some questions a specific error made by a candidate, if repeated, could result in the loss of more than one mark. The DPT label indicates that this mistake should only result in a candidate losing one mark, on the first occasion that the error is made. Provided that the answer remains understandable, subsequent marks should be awarded as if the error was not being repeated.

Examiners are required to assign each of the candidate's responses to the most appropriate level according to its overall quality, and then allocate a single mark within the level. When deciding upon a mark in a level examiners should bear in mind the relative weightings of the assessment objectives

## eg

In question 05.1, the marks available for the AO3 elements are as follows:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { AO3 (design) } & 4 \text { marks } \\ \text { AO3 (programming) } & 8 \text { marks }\end{array}$
AO3 (programming) 8 marks
Where a candidate's answer only reflects one element of the AO, the maximum mark they can receive will be restricted accordingly.

| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | 1 | Mark is for AO2 (apply) <br> 4 <br> // <br> $\sqrt{4^{2}+0^{2}} ;$ | 1 |
| 01 | 2 | All marks AO2 (apply) <br> 2 marks: 16 <br> If final answer is incorrect then award a maximum of 1 mark for working: <br> 1 mark: for either multiplying 4 by 4 or multiplying 3 by 0 <br> 1 mark: for adding together the sum of two (incorrect) products | 2 |
| 01 | 3 | All marks AO2 (analyse) <br> The angle will still be the same; A. the direction will not change The magnitude will be doubled // the magnitude will now be 10; | 2 |
| 01 | 4 | All marks AO2 (analyse) <br> The angle will be $180-c / /$ the angle will be $360-180-c / /$ the angle will be 143.13; <br> A. the direction of a will be the opposite of its current direction <br> The magnitude will still be the same; | 2 |


| Question |  |  |  |  | Marks <br> 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02 | 1 | All marks AO1 (understanding) |  |  |  |
|  |  | Statement |  | True or False? |  |
|  |  | All regular languages can be represented using a finite state machine without outputs. |  | True |  |
|  |  | The set of strings defined by a regular language is always finite in size. |  | False |  |
|  |  | There are some languages which can be represented in Backus-Naur Form (BNF) that are not regular languages. |  | True |  |
|  |  | Mark as follows: <br> 1 mark: two rows correct <br> 1 mark: all three rows correct |  |  |  |
| 02 | 2 | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) ```<sentence> ::= <np><v> \| <v><np> // <sentence> ::= <v><np> | <np><v>``` <br> R. any answers that consist of more than one rule |  |  | 1 |
| 02 | 3 | Mark is for AO2 (apply) |  |  | 1 |
|  |  | String | Valid sentence ( $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{N}$ ) ? |  |  |
|  |  | cuddle the cat | Y |  |  |
|  |  | drank a human | Y |  |  |
|  |  | the cat slept | Y |  |  |
|  |  | cat or dog | N |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02 | 4 | Mark is for AO2 (apply) <br> Modify the existing rule for np: <br> <np> : : = <d><n> \| <n> <br> // <br> Modify an existing rule for sentence: <br> <sentence> : : = <np><v> \| <n><v> <br> // <br> Modify an existing rule for sentence: <br> <sentence> : : = <v><np> \| <n><v> <br> // <br> Modify an existing rule for sentence: <br> <sentence> : := <np><v> \| <v><np> \| <n><v> <br> // <br> Create a new rule: <br> <sentence> : := <n><v> <br> // <br> Create a new rule: <br> <np> : : = <n> | 1 |
| 02 | 5 | All marks for AO2 (apply) <br> Mark as follows: <br> 2 marks: <br> $8 \times 4 \times 3 \times 8 \times 4$ <br> // <br> $2 \times 4 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 4 \times 4$ <br> // <br> 3072 <br> If final answer is incorrect then award a maximum of 1 mark for working: <br> 1 mark: for calculating that there are 8 noun phrases // for calculating that there are $4 \times 2$ noun phrases <br> 1 mark: for multiplying an incorrectly calculated number of noun phrases by the number of noun phrases, by 3 , by 4 and by 4 again | 2 |
| 02 | 6 | Mark is for AO2 (apply) Infinitely more; | 1 |


| Que |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03 | 1 | Mark is for AO2 (apply) <br> $4!$ <br> // <br> $4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$ <br> // <br> $4 \times 3 \times 2$ <br> // <br> 24; | 1 |
| 03 | 2 | Mark is for AO2 (apply) <br> n ! // factorial of n ; <br> A. 1 * 2 *... * $n-1$ * $n$ (or similar) | 1 |
| 03 | 3 | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> The string could contain more than one occurrence of a character; <br> Each athlete is unique, each character is not (guaranteed to be) unique; <br> There are $n$ characters in the string but not $n$ distinct characters; <br> Some of the anagrams could be duplicates; <br> Max 1 | 1 |
| 03 | 4 | All marks for AO1 (knowledge) <br> A problem that can be solved; <br> but not in a reasonable amount of time as the problem size increases // but has an exponential (or worse) time complexity // but there is no polynomial (or less) time solution; | 2 |
| 03 | 5 | Mark is for AO1 (understanding) One; | 1 |
| 03 | 6 | One mark is for AO1 (knowledge) and one mark is for AO1 (understanding) <br> AO1 knowledge <br> $\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{n})$; <br> Max 1 for AO1 understanding <br> As the size of the list increases the time taken increases at the same rate; <br> There is a loop that repeats $n$ times; | 2 |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 3}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | One mark is for AO1 (knowledge) and one mark is for AO1 (understanding) <br> AO1 knowledge <br> O(log n); <br> Max 1 for AO1 understanding <br> Each comparison halves the size of the list that has to be searched through; <br> The time taken increases as the size of the list increases but by smaller and <br> smaller amounts; <br> If the size of the list doubles then the number of comparisons needed only <br> increases by 1; | $\mathbf{2}$ |


| Question |  | Marks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | All marks for AO1 (understanding) <br> Max 2 for advantages of dynamic data structures <br> No wasted memory; <br> Can grow as more data is added to the data structure // no limit on number of <br> items that can be added (except due to hardware limitations); <br> Resources only allocated as they are needed (with static data structures they are <br> allocated at creation even if not needed until later); <br> Max 2 for disadvantages of dynamic data structures <br> Additional memory needed for pointers; <br> Can result in memory leak (if memory that is no longer needed is not returned to <br> the heap); <br> Can take longer to access an item directly (for data structures that allow this); <br> A. can take longer to add a new item to the data structure (as memory needs to <br> be allocated) | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | All marks for AO1 (understanding) <br> Check that the queue is not already full; <br> (if it isn't) then add 1 to the value of the rear pointer; <br> then add the new item to the position indicated by the rear pointer; <br> Alternative answer <br> Check that the queue is not already full; <br> (if it isn't) then add the new item to the position indicated by the rear pointer; <br> then add 1 to the value of the rear pointer; <br> Max 2 if any errors <br> Max 1 if circular queue has been described | $\mathbf{3}$ |


| 04 | 3 | All marks for AO1 (understanding) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Starting with the item at the rear of the queue move each item back one place in the array;
Until you (reach the start of the queue or) find an item with the same or higher priority than the item to add;
NE. same priority
NE. higher priority
Add the new item in the position before that item;
A. answers which have the front of the queue as the last item in the array, start at the front and move each item forward one until the correct insertion point is found.
A. answers that start from the front of the queue until position to insert item is found and then start at the back and move each item back one until position to insert item is found.

| Question |  |  |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1 | 4 marks for AO3 (design) and 8 marks for AO3 (programming) Mark Scheme |  |  | 12 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Level | Description | Mark Range |  |
|  |  | 4 | A line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a logically structured working or almost fully working programmed solution that meets most of the requirements. All of the appropriate design decisions have been taken. To award 12 marks, all of the requirements must be met. | 10-12 |  |
|  |  | 3 | There is evidence that a line of reasoning has been followed to produce a logically structured program. The program displays relevant prompts, inputs the required numbers, at least one iterative structure and one selection structure and suitable data structure(s) to store the numbers entered and the frequencies. An attempt has been made to determine the modal frequency, although this may not work correctly under all circumstances. The solution demonstrates good design work as most of the correct design decisions have been made. | 7-9 |  |
|  |  | 2 | A program has been written and some appropriate, syntactically correct programming language statements have been written. There is evidence that a line of reasoning has been partially followed as although the program may not have the required functionality, it can be seen that the response contains some of the statements that would be needed in a working solution. There is evidence of some appropriate design work as the response recognises at least one appropriate technique that could be used by a working solution, regardless of whether this has been implemented correctly. | 4-6 |  |
|  |  | 1 | A program has been written and a few appropriate programming language statements have been written but there is no evidence that a line of reasoning has been followed to arrive at a working solution. The statements written may or may not be syntactically correct. It is unlikely that any of the key design elements of the task have been recognised. | 1-3 |  |


|  |  | Guidance <br> Evidence of AO3 design - 4 points: <br> Evidence of design to look for in responses: <br> 1. Identifying that data structure(s) are needed to store ten frequencies <br> 2. Identifying that a loop is needed that repeats a number of times determined by the first number entered by the user <br> 3. Identifying that a Boolean (or equivalent) variable is needed to store if the data was multimodal <br> 4. Selection structure that either outputs a calculated number (I. incorrectly calculated) or a message saying "Data was multimodal" (A. any suitable message) <br> Note that AO3 (design) points are for selecting appropriate techniques to use to solve the problem, so should be credited whether the syntax of programming language statements is correct or not and regardless of whether the solution works. <br> Evidence for AO3 programming - 8 points: <br> Evidence of programming to look for in response: <br> 5. Suitable prompts asking user to enter the number of digits followed by user inputs being assigned to appropriate variable $\mathbf{R}$. if inside or after iterative structure <br> 6. Correct number of numeric digits obtained from the user <br> 7. Adds one to correct frequency count $\mathbf{R}$. if only works for one digit <br> 8. Selection structure, inside iterative structure, that correctly compares calculated frequency (I. incorrect frequency) of a digit with the highest frequency found so far <br> 9. Boolean (or equivalent) variable that is used to indicate if data is multimodal is set to true under correct circumstances <br> 10. Boolean (or equivalent) variable that is used to indicate if data is multimodal is set to false when new higher frequency is found <br> 11. Program works correctly if the data has more than one modal value $\mathbf{A}$. any sensible message <br> 12. Program displays the correct frequency of the modal value under all circumstances and does not say data is multimodal when it is not I. frequency being displayed when data is multimodal <br> Max 11 if code contains any errors |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 2 | Mark is for AO3 (evaluate) <br> SCREEN CAPTURE <br> Must match code from 05.1, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. <br> Code for 05.1 must be sensible. <br> Screen captures showing: | 1 |



| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> That the company name being searched for does not exist (in the simulation); <br> A. user misspelt the company name | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | Marks are for AO2 (analyse) <br> There is no need for the variable Index // no need to assign the value of -1 to <br> Index; <br> If the loop terminates then can just return (the constant value) $-1 / /$ if the <br> company name is not found then can just return (the constant value) $-1 ;$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 7}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> GetDetails; <br> R. if spelt incorrectly <br> R. if any additional code <br> I. case and spacing | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> Details; <br> OldCapacity; <br> R. if spelt incorrectly <br> R. if any additional code <br> I. case and spacing <br> Max 1 mark | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 7}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | Mark is for AO1 (understanding) <br> Private attributes can only be accessed by the class/object they belong to <br> whereas protected attributes can also be accessed by any classes that inherit <br> from the class they belong to; <br> A. file instead of class/object (Java only) <br> NE. private attribute can only be accessed by the class/object they belong to <br> whereas protected attributes can be accessed by others classes/objects | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 7}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> The calculation of the daily costs will be inconsistent as it will be different in the <br> AlterCapacity method; <br> A. it won't have been updated in other locations which use that constant | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question |  | Marks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 8}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> LargeSett lement; <br> R. if spelt incorrectly <br> R. if any additional code <br> I. case and spacing | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> Household; <br> R. if spelt incorrectly <br> R. if any additional code <br> I. case and spacing | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> Company; <br> R. if spelt incorrectly <br> R. if any additional code <br> l. case and spacing | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | Mark is for AO2 (analyse) <br> Aggregation; | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question |  | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 9}$ | All marks are for AO2 (analyse) <br> It stores the cumulative reputation for the companies in an array/list; <br> It then generates a random number which is less than the total reputation; <br> A. generates a random number based on the total reputation of the companies <br> Finds the first cumulative reputation that the number is less than; <br> The position of this cumulative reputation in the list indicates the company that the <br> household will use; | $\mathbf{4}$ |


| Que | on |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 1 | All marks for AO3 (programming) <br> 1. Indefinite iterative structure contains code that gets the name from the user; <br> 2. One correct condition; <br> 3. Both correct conditions and correct logic for the iterative structure; <br> 4. Displays error message if no name is entered // displays error message if a name that has already been used is entered; <br> 5. Displays error message under all correct circumstances and only under correct circumstances; <br> Max 4 if code contains errors | 5 |
| 10 | 2 | Mark is for AO3 (evaluate) <br> SCREEN CAPTURE <br> Must match code from 10.1, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. <br> Code for 10.1 must be sensible. <br> Screen captures showing error message(s) being shown for the two invalid names and then showing the message asking for the starting balance when a valid name is entered; <br> Enter L for a large settlement, anything else for a normal size settlement: <br> Enter D for default companies, anything else to add your own start companies: D $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> 1. Display details of households <br> 2. Display details of companies <br> . Modify company <br> 4. Add new company <br> 6. Advance to next day <br> Q. Quit <br> Enter your choice: 4 <br> Enter a name for the company: <br> You must enter a name. <br> Enter a name for the company: AQA Burgers <br> That name is already being used. <br> Enter a name for the company: In Jest <br> Enter the starting balance for the company: | 1 |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 1 | All marks for AO3 (programming) <br> 1. Creating a new class called AffluentHousehold; R. other names for class I. case and minor typos <br> 2. New class inherits from Household; <br> 3. Constructor created that overrides base class constructor with call made to base class constructor; R. if incorrect parameters <br> 4. Sets the value of ChanceEatOutPerDay to 1 ; R. if before call to base class constructor $\mathbf{R}$. If not after attempt at call to base class constructor <br> The following all relate to the AddHousehold method: <br> 5. Selection structure with correct condition; <br> 6. Creates an AffluentHousehold object; R. if it also creates a household <br> 7. Creates an AffluentHousehold under the correct circumstances and a Household under the correct circumstances; R. if new household not added to Households <br> Max 6 if code contains errors | 7 |
| 11 | 2 | Mark is for AO3 (evaluate) <br> SCREEN CAPTURE <br> Must match code from 11.1, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. <br> Code for 11.1 must be sensible. <br> Screen capture(s) showing that households with an $X$ value less than 100 have an eat out percentage of 1 ; | 1 |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 1 | All marks for AO3 (programming) <br> Marks for changes to the Simulation class: <br> 1. Two extra options displayed on the modify company menu using appropriate messages; <br> 2. Selection structures for the new menu options with appropriate condition(s); <br> 3. Gets the user to enter the interest rate when getting a loan and the amount to pay back when paying back under the appropriate circumstances; $\mathbf{A}$. done in appropriate places in the Company class; <br> 4. Calls to appropriate methods in Company class in the selection structures; <br> Marks for changes to the Company class: <br> 5. Attributes of appropriate data types created for LoanBalance and InterestRate; <br> 6. Correct calculation of daily interest payment and new balance in ProcessDayEnd; $\mathbf{R}$. if the balance is changed before previous balance concatenated with Details <br> 7. Selection structure to check if LoanBalance is 0 when user chooses to get a loan; A. check for less than or equal to 0 <br> 8. Balance, LoanBalance and InterestRate set to correct values in the selection structure; <br> 9. LoanBalance and Balance changed by the correct amount when user chooses to pay back part of the loan; <br> 10. All attributes in Company are only accessed and modified by methods in Company; R. if no attempt to access or modify the attributes used when getting or paying back a loan. <br> Max 9 marks if code contains errors | 10 |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 2 | Mark is for AO3 (evaluate) <br> SCREEN CAPTURE <br> Must match code from 12.1, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. <br> Code for 12.1 must be sensible. <br> Screen capture(s) showing that the balance for AQA Burgers is approximately 92 000; Note for examiners: due to random numbers in simulation exact balance can vary. $\square$ | 1 |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 1 | All marks for AO3 (programming) <br> 1. Created new method called GetOrderedListOfOutlets; R. other names for method I. case and minor typos <br> 2. Method returns a list/array; <br> 3. Outlet 0 is added to the route first; <br> 4. Iterative structure that repeats until all outlets have been added to the route; <br> 5. Has variable that is used to store shortest distance found between two nodes so far and a variable to store which outlet results in the shortest distance; <br> 6. Iterative structure that looks at each outlet for which distance from previous outlet in route needs to be calculated; A. looks at all outlet except previous outlet <br> 7. No outlet can appear more than once in route created; R. if adds or two or fewer outlets to the list only $\mathbf{R}$. if no attempt to check if outlet has already been added or equivalent <br> 8. Route created contains all the company's outlets; <br> 9. Shortest distance between two nodes variable set to suitable starting value and reset after each outlet (except last one) is added to route; <br> 10. GetOrderedListOfOutlets implements the algorithm described in Figure 6 in the question; <br> 11. Modified CalculateDeliveryCost so that it calls GetOrderedListOfOutlets instead of GetListOfOutlets; A. alternative identifier used as long as match that used for mark point 1 <br> Max 10 if code contains errors or if other parts of the subroutine no longer work correctly | 11 |


| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 2 | Mark is for AO3 (evaluate) <br> SCREEN CAPTURE <br> Must match code from 13.1, including prompts on screen capture matching those in code. <br> Code for 13.1 must be sensible. <br> Screen capture(s) showing that the delivery cost for AQA Burgers is 22.10446; | 1 |

## VB.Net

| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1 | ```Dim Current As Integer Dim Frequencies(9) As Integer Dim ModeFrequency As Integer = 0 Dim Multimodal As Boolean = False Dim NoOfDigits As Integer Console.Write("Enter number of digits: ") NoOfDigits = Console.ReadLine For count = 1 To NoOfDigits Console.Write("Enter a numeric digit: ") Current = Console.ReadLine Frequencies(Current) += 1 Next For Count = 0 To 9 If Frequencies(Count) > ModeFrequency Then ModeFrequency = Frequencies(Count) Multimodal = False ElseIf Frequencies(Count) = ModeFrequency Then Multimodal = True End If Next If Multimodal Then Console.WriteLine("Data was multimodal") Else Console.WriteLine("The modal digit appeared " & ModeFrequency & " times") End If``` | 12 |
| 10 | 1 | ```Public Sub AddCompany() Dim Balance, X, Y As Integer Dim CompanyName, TypeOfCompany As String Do Console.Write("Enter a name for the company: ") CompanyName = Console.ReadLine If CompanyName = "" Then Console.WriteLine("You must enter a name.") End If If GetIndexOfCompany (CompanyName) <> -1 Then Console.WriteLine("That name is already being used.") End If Loop While CompanyName = "" Or GetIndexOfCompany(CompanyName) <> - 1 Console.Write("Enter the starting balance for the company: ")``` <br> Alternative answer ```Public Sub AddCompany() Dim Balance, X, Y As Integer Dim CompanyName, TypeOfCompany As String Console.Write("Enter a name for the company: ") CompanyName = Console.ReadLine While CompanyName = "" Or GetIndexOfCompany(CompanyName) <> -1 If CompanyName = "" Then Console.WriteLine("You have to enter a company name") Else``` | 5 |


|  |  | Console.WriteLine("Company name already exists, it has to be unique") <br> End If <br> Console.Write("Enter a name for the company: ") <br> CompanyName = Console.ReadLine <br> End While <br> Console.Write("Enter the starting balance for the company: ") |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 1 | ```Public Sub AddHousehold() Dim X, Y As Integer GetRandomLocation(X, Y) If X < 100 Then Dim Temp As New AffluentHousehold(X, Y) Households.Add (Temp) Else Dim Temp As New Household(X, Y) Households.Add(Temp) End If End Sub Class AffluentHousehold Inherits Household Public Sub New(ByVal X As Integer, ByVal Y As Integer) MyBase.New (X, Y) ChanceEatOutPerDay = 1 End Sub End Class``` | 7 |
| 12 | 1 | From the simulation class ```Public Sub ModifyCompany(ByVal Index As Integer) Dim Choice As String Dim OutletIndex, X, Y As Integer Dim CloseCompany As Boolean Console.WriteLine(Environment.NewLine & "*************************************") Console.WriteLine("******* MODIFY COMPANY *******") Console.WriteLine("***********************************) Console.WriteLine("1. Open new outlet") Console.WriteLine("2. Close outlet") Console.WriteLine("3. Expand outlet") Console.WriteLine("4. Get Loan") Console.WriteLine("5. Pay back loan") Console.Write(Environment.NewLine & "Enter your choice: ") Choice = Console.ReadLine Console.WriteLine() If Choice = "2" Or Choice = "3" Then ... ElseIf Choice = "1" Then ... ElseIf Choice = "4" Then Console.Write("Enter the interest rate for the loan: ") Dim Rate As Single = Console.ReadLine Companies (Index).GetLoan(Rate) ElseIf Choice = "5" Then Console.Write("Enter the amount to pay back: ") Dim PayBackAmount As Single = Console.ReadLine Companies (Index) . PayBackLoan (PayBackAmount)``` | 10 |



|  |  | Methods in Company Class ```Public Function GetLoanBalance() As Single Return LoanBalance End Function Public Sub TakeOutLoan(ByVal InterestRate As Single) Me.InterestRate = InterestRate LoanBalance = 10000 Balance += 10000 End Sub``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 1 | ```Private Function GetOrderedListOfOutlets() As ArrayList Dim OrderedList As New ArrayList Dim NearestOutlet As Integer OrderedList.Add(0) While OrderedList.Count < Outlets.Count Dim ShortestDistanceSoFar As Single = 1000000 For Count = 1 To Outlets.Count - 1 If Not OrderedList.Contains(Count) Then Dim Temp As Integer = GetDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets (OrderedList(OrderedList.Count - 1), Count) If Temp < ShortestDistanceSoFar Then NearestOutlet = Count ShortestDistanceSoFar = Temp End If End If Next OrderedList.Add (NearestOutlet) End While Return OrderedList End Function Public Function CalculateDeliveryCost() As Single Dim ListOfOutlets As ArrayList = GetOrderedListOfOutlets() Dim TotalDistance As Single = 0 Dim TotalCost As Single = 0 For Count = 0 To ListOfOutlets.Count - 2 TotalDistance += GetDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets(ListOfOutlets (Count), ListOfOutlets(Count + 1)) Next TotalCost += TotalDistance * FuelCostPerUnit Return TotalCost End Function``` | 11 |

## Python 2

| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1 | ```ModeFrequency = 0 Multimodal = False Frequencies = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0] NoOfDigits = int(input("Enter number of digits: ")) for count in range (1, NoOfDigits + 1): Current = int(input("Enter a numeric digit: ")) Frequencies[Current] += 1 for Count in range (0, 10): if Frequencies[Count] > ModeFrequency: ModeFrequency = Frequencies[Count] Multimodal = False elif Frequencies[Count] == ModeFrequency: Multimodal = True if Multimodal: print("Data was multimodal") else: print("The modal digit appeared " + str(ModeFrequency) + " times")``` | 12 |
| 10 | 1 | ```def AddCompany(self): CompanyName = input("Enter a name for the company: ") while CompanyName == "" or self.GetIndexOfCompany(CompanyName) != -1: if CompanyName == "": print("You have to enter a company name") else: print("Company name already exists, it has to be unique") CompanyName = input("Enter a name for the company: ") Balance = int(input("Enter the starting balance for the company: ")) TypeOfCompany = "" while not(TypeOfCompany == "1" or TypeOfCompany == "2" or TypeOfCompany == "3"): TypeOfCompany = input("Enter 1 for a fast food company, 2 for a family company or 3 for a named chef company: ") if TypeOfCompany == "1": TypeOfCompany = "fast food" elif TypeOfCompany == "2": TypeOfCompany = "family" else: TypeOfCompany = "named chef" X, Y = self._SimulationSettlement.GetRandomLocation() NewCompany = Company (CompanyName, TypeOfCompany, Balance, X, Y, self._FuelCostPerUnit, self._BaseCostforDelivery) sel\overline{f}._Companies.append (NewCompany)``` | 5 |
| 11 | 1 | ```def AddHousehold(self): X, Y = self.GetRandomLocation() if X < 100: Temp = AffluentHousehold(X, Y) self._Households.append(Temp) else: Temp = Household(X, Y) self._Households.append (Temp) class AffluentHousehold(Household) :``` | 7 |


|  |  | def $\qquad$ init $\qquad$ (self, X, Y) : super (AffluentHousehold, self).__init__(X, Y) self._ChanceEatOutPerDay = 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 1 | From the simulation class ```def ModifyCompany(self, Index): print("\n************************************") print("******* MODIFY COMPANY *******") print("************************************") print("1. Open new outlet") print("2. Close outlet") print("3. Expand outlet") print("4. Get Loan") print("5. Pay back loan") Choice = input("\nEnter your choice: ") print() if Choice == "2" or Choice == "3": ... elif Choice == "1": ... elif Choice == "4": Rate = float(input("Enter the interest rate for the loan: ")) self._Companies[Index].GetLoan(Rate) elif Choice == "5": PayBackAmount = float(input("Enter the amount to pay back: ")) self._Companies[Index]. PayBackLoan (PayBackAmount) print()``` <br> From the Company class ```class Company: def __init__(self, Name, Category, Balance, X, Y, FuelCostPerUnit, BaseCostOfDelivery): self._Outlets = [] .. self._DailyCosts = 100 self._InterestRate = 0.0 self._LoanBalance = 0.0 if self._Category == "fast food": ... def ProcessDayEnd(self): ... Details += "Previous balance for company: " + str(self._Balance) + "\n" self._Balance += ProfitLossFromOutlets - self._DailyCosts - DeliveryCosts - (self._LoanBalance * self._InterestRate) Details += "New balance for company: " + str(self._Balance) return Details def GetLoan(self, Rate): if self._LoanBalance == 0: self._Balance += 10000 self. LoanBalance = 10000``` | 10 |


|  |  | ```self._InterestRate = Rate def PayBackLoan(self, Amount): self._LoanBalance -= Amount self._Balance -= Amount \\ Alternative answer for taking a loan \\ In ModifyCompany method in Simulation class \\ ... \\ elif Choice == "4": \\ if Companies[Index]. GetLoanBalance() \(<=0\) : \\ Rate \(=\) float(input("Enter the interest rate for the loan: ")) self._Companies[Index].TakeOutLoan (Rate) \\ Methods in Company Class \\ def GetLoanBalance(self): \\ return self._LoanBalance \\ def TakeOutLoan(self, InterestRate): \\ self._InterestRate \(=\) InterestRate \\ self. ._LoanBalance \(=10000\) \\ self.-Balance += 10000``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 1 | ```def __GetOrderedListOfOutlets(self): OrderedList = [0] while len(OrderedList) < len(self._Outlets): ShortestDistanceSoFar = 1000000.0 for Count in range(1, len(self._Outlets)): if not Count in OrderedList: Temp = self.__G GetDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets (OrderedList[len(OrderedList) - 1], Count) if Temp < ShortestDistanceSoFar: NearestOutlet = Count ShortestDistanceSoFar = Temp OrderedList.append (NearestOutlet) return OrderedList def CalculateDeliveryCost(self): ListOfOutlets = self.__GetOrderedListOfOutlets() TotalDistance = 0.0 for Current in range (0, len(ListOfOutlets) - 1): TotalDistance += self.__GetDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets(ListOfOutlets[Current], ListO\overline{fOutlets[Current + 1])} TotalCost = TotalDistance * self._FuelCostPerUnit return TotalCost``` | 11 |

## Python 3

| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1 | ```ModeFrequency = 0 Multimodal = False Frequencies= [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0] NoOfDigits = int(raw_input("Enter number of digits: ")) for count in range ( }\overline{1},\mathrm{ NoOfDigits + 1): Current = int(raw_input("Enter a numeric digit: ")) Frequencies[Current] += 1 for Count in range (0, 10): if Frequencies[Count] > ModeFrequency: ModeFrequency = Frequencies[Count] Multimodal = False elif Frequencies[Count] == ModeFrequency: Multimodal = True if Multimodal: print "Data was multimodal" else: print "The modal digit appeared " + str(ModeFrequency) + " times"``` | 12 |
| 10 | 1 | ```def AddCompany(self): CompanyName = raw_input("Enter a name for the company: ") while CompanyName == "" or self.GetIndexOfCompany(CompanyName) != -1: if CompanyName == "": print "You have to enter a company name" else: print "Company name already exists, it has to be unique" CompanyName = raw_input("Enter a name for the company: ") Balance = int(raw_input("Enter the starting balance for the company: ")) TypeOfCompany = "" while not(TypeOfCompany == "1" or TypeOfCompany == "2" or TypeOfCompany == "3"): TypeOfCompany = raw_input("Enter 1 for a fast food company, 2 for a family company or 3 for a named chef company: ") if TypeOfCompany == "1": TypeOfCompany = "fast food" elif TypeOfCompany == "2": TypeOfCompany = "family" else: TypeOfCompany = "named chef" X, Y = self._SimulationSettlement.GetRandomLocation() NewCompany = Company(CompanyName, TypeOfCompany, Balance, X, Y, self._FuelCostPerUnit, self._BaseCostforDelivery) sel\overline{f._Companies.append (NewCompany)}``` | 5 |
| 11 | 1 | ```def AddHousehold(self): X, Y = self.GetRandomLocation() if x < 100: Temp = AffluentHousehold(X, Y) self._Households.append (Temp) else: Temp = Household(X, Y) self._Households.append(Temp) class AffluentHousehold(Household) :``` | 7 |


|  |  | def $\qquad$ init_(self, X, Y): super (AffluentHousehold, self).__init__(X,Y) self._ChanceEatOutPerDay = 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 1 | From the simulation class ```def ModifyCompany(self, Index): print "\n*************************************" print "******* MODIFY COMPANY ********" print "*************************************" print "1. Open new outlet" print "2. Close outlet" print "3. Expand outlet" print "4. Get Loan" print "5. Pay back loan" Choice = raw_input("\nEnter your choice: ") print if Choice == "2" or Choice == "3": ... elif Choice == "1": ... elif Choice == "4": Rate = float(raw_input("Enter the interest rate for the loan: ")) self._Companies[Index].GetLoan(Rate) elif Choice == "5": PayBackAmount = float(raw_input("Enter the amount to pay back: ")) self._Companies[Index]. PayBackLoan (PayBackAmount) print``` <br> From the Company class ```class Company: def __init__(self, Name, Category, Balance, X, Y, FuelCostPerUnit, BaseCostOfDelivery): self._Outlets = [] self._DailyCosts = 100 self._InterestRate = 0.0 self._LoanBalance = 0.0 if self._Category == "fast food": ... def ProcessDayEnd(self): ... Details += "Previous balance for company: " + str(self._Balance) + "\n" self._Balance += ProfitLossFromOutlets - self._DailyCosts - DeliveryCosts - (self._LoanBalance * self._InterestRate) Details += "New balance for company: " + str(self._Balance) return Details def GetLoan(self, Rate): if self._LoanBalance == 0: self._Balance += 10000 self._LoanBalance = 10000 self._InterestRate = Rate``` | 10 |


|  |  | ```def PayBackLoan(self, Amount): self._LoanBalance -= Amount self._Balance -= Amount \\ Alternative answer for taking a loan \\ In ModifyCompany method in Simulation class \\ elif Choice == "4": \\ if Companies[Index]. GetLoanBalance() \(<=0\) : \\ Rate \(=\) float(raw_input("Enter the interest rate for the loan: \\ ")) \\ self._Companies [Index].TakeOutLoan (Rate) \\ Methods in Company Class \\ def GetLoanBalance (self): \\ return self._LoanBalance \\ def TakeOutLoan(self, InterestRate): \\ self._InterestRate = InterestRate \\ self._LoanBalance = 10000 \\ self. Balance \(+=10000\)``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 1 | ```def __GetOrderedListOfOutlets(self): OrderedList = [0] while len(OrderedList) < len(self._Outlets): ShortestDistanceSoFar = 1000000.0 for Count in range(1, len(self._Outlets)): if not Count in OrderedList: Temp = self.__GetDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets (OrderedList[len(OrderedList) - 1], Count) if Temp < ShortestDistanceSoFar: NearestOutlet = Count ShortestDistanceSoFar = Temp OrderedList.append (NearestOutlet) return OrderedList def CalculateDeliveryCost(self): ListOfOutlets = self.__GetOrderedListOfOutlets() TotalDistance = 0.0 for Current in range (0, len(ListOfOutlets) - 1): TotalDistance += self.__GetDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets(ListOfOutlets[Current], ListO\overline{fOutlets[Current + 1])} TotalCost = TotalDistance * self._FuelCostPerUnit return TotalCost``` | 11 |

## C\#

| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1 | ```int current; int[] frequencies = new int[10]; int modeFrequency = 0; bool multimodal = false; int noOfDigits; Console.Write("Enter number of digits: "); noOfDigits = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine()); for (int i = 0; i < noOfDigits; i++) { Console.Write("Enter a numeric digit: "); current = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine()); frequencies[current] += 1; } for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) { if (frequencies[i] > modeFrequency) { modeFrequency = frequencies[i]; multimodal = false; } else if (frequencies[i] == modeFrequency ) { multimodal = true; } } if (multimodal) { Console.WriteLine("Data was multimodal"); } else { Console.WriteLine("The modal digit appeared " + modeFrequency + " times"); } Console.ReadLine();``` | 12 |
| 10 | 1 | ```private void AddCompany() { int balance, x = 0, y = 0; string companyName, typeOfCompany = "9"; do { Console.Write("Enter a name for the company: "); companyName = Console.ReadLine(); if (companyName == "") { Console.WriteLine("You must enter a name."); } else if (GetIndexOfCompany(companyName) != -1) { Console.WriteLine("That name is already being used."); } } while (companyName == "" \|| GetIndexOfCompany(companyName) != -1); Console.Write("Enter the starting balance for the company: ");``` | 5 |


|  |  | Alternative answer ```private void AddCompany() int balance, x = 0, y = 0; string companyName, typeOfCompany = "9"; Console.Write("Enter a name for the company: "); companyName = Console.ReadLine(); while (companyName == "" \|| GetIndexOfCompany(companyName) != - 1) { if (companyName == "") { Console.WriteLine("You must enter a name."); } else if (GetIndexOfCompany(companyName) != -1) { Console.WriteLine("That name is already being used."); } Console.Write("Enter a name for the company: "); companyName = Console.ReadLine(); } Console.Write("Enter the starting balance for the company: ");``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 1 | ```public void AddHousehold() { int x = 0, y = 0; GetRandomLocation(ref x, ref y); if (x < 100) { AffluentHousehold temp = new AffluentHousehold(x, y); households.Add(temp); } else { Household temp = new Household(x, y); households.Add(temp); } } class AffluentHousehold : Household { public AffluentHousehold(int x, int y) :base(x, y) { chanceEatOutPerDay = 1; } }``` | 7 |
| 12 | 1 | From the simulation class ```public void ModifyCompany(int index) { string choice; int outletIndex, x, y; bool closeCompany; Console.WriteLine("\n************************************"); Console.WriteLine("******* MODIFY COMPANY *******"); Console.WriteLine("************************************");``` | 10 |





## PASCAL/Delphi

| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1 | ```var Current, ModeFrequency, NoOfDigits, Count : Integer; Frequencies : array of Integer; Multimodal : Boolean; begin SetLength(Frequencies, 10); ModeFrequency := 0; MultiModal := False; for Count := 0 to 9 do Frequencies[Count] := 0; write('Enter number of digits: '); readln(NoOfDigits); for Count := 1 to NoOfDigits do begin write('Enter a numberic digit: '); readln(Current); Frequencies[Current] += 1; end; for Count := 0 to 9 do begin if Frequencies[Count] > ModeFrequency then begin ModeFrequency := Frequencies[Count]; MultiModal := False; end else if Frequencies[Count] = ModeFrequency then MultiModal := True; end; if MultiModal = True then writeln('Data was multimodal') else writeln('The modal digit appeared ' + inttostr(ModeFrequency) + times'); readln; end.``` | 12 |
| 10 | 1 | ```procedure Simulation.AddCompany(); var Balance, X, Y : Integer; CompanyName, TypeOfCompany : String; NewCompany : Company; begin repeat write('Enter a name for the company: '); readln(CompanyName); if CompanyName = '' then writeln('You must enter a name'); if GetIndexOfCompany(CompanyName) <> - 1 then writeln('That name is already being used'); until (CompanyName <> '') and (GetIndexOfCompany(CompanyName) = - 1); write('Enter the starting balance for the company: ');``` <br> Alternative Answer <br> write('Enter a name for the company: '); | 5 |


|  |  | ```readln(CompanyName); while (CompanyName = '') or (GetIndexOfCompany (CompanyName) <> -1) do begin if CompanyName = '' then writeln('You have to enter a company name') else writeln('Company name already exists - it has to be unique'); write('Enter a name for the company: '); readln(CompanyName); end;``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 1 | ```type AffluentHousehold = class(Household) constructor New(X : Integer; Y : Integer); end; constructor AffluentHousehold.New(X : Integer; Y : Integer); begin XCoord := X; YCoord := Y; ChanceEatOutPerDay := 1; ID := NextID; inc (NextID); end; procedure Settlement.AddHousehold(); var X, Y : Integer; Temp : Household; TempAff : AffluentHousehold; begin SetLength(Households,length(Households) + 1); GetRandomLocation(X, Y); if X < 100 then begin TempAff := AffluentHousehold.New(X, Y) ; Households[length(Households) - 1] := TempAff; end else begin Temp := Household.New(X, Y); Households[length(Households) - 1] := Temp; end; end;``` | 7 |
| 12 | 1 | From the simulation class ```procedure Simulation.ModifyCompany(Index : Integer); var Choice : String; OutletIndex, CompIndex, X, Y : Integer; CloseCompany : Boolean; Rate, PayBackAmount : Real; begin writeln; writeln('*************************************'); writeln('******* MODIFY COMPANY *******'); writeln('*************************************'); writeln('1. Open new outlet'); writeln('2. Close outlet'); writeln('3. Expand outlet');``` | 10 |

```
writeln('4. Get loan');
writeln('5. Pay back loan');
writeln;
write('Enter your choice: ');
readln(Choice);
writeln;
if (Choice = '2') or (Choice = '3') then
    else if Choice = '1' then
    else if Choice = '4' then
        begin
            write('Enter the interest rate for the loan: ');
            readln(Rate);
        Self.Companies[Index].GetLoan(Rate);
    end
else if Choice = '5' then
    begin
        write('Enter the amount to pay back: ');
        readln(PayBackAmount);
        Companies[Index] . PayBackLoan(PayBackAmount);
    end;
    writeln;
end;
```


## From the Company class

```
type
    Company = class
        protected
            Name, Category : String;
            Balance, ReputationScore, AvgCostPerMeal, AvgPricePerMeal,
DailyCosts, FamilyOutletCost, FastFoodOutletCost,
NamedChefOutletCost, FuelCostPerUnit, BaseCostOfDelivery,
InterestRate, LoanBalance : Real;
            Outlets: TOutletArray;
            function CalculateDeliveryCost() : Real;
            procedure GetLoan(Rate : Real);
            procedure PayBackLoan(Amount : Real);
constructor Company.New (NameInput : String; CategoryInput : String;
BalanceInput : Real; X : Integer; Y : Integer; FuelCostPerUnitInput
: Real; BaseCostOfDeliveryInput : Real);
begin
    Self.FamilyOutletCost := 1000;
    Self.FastFoodOutletCost := 2000;
    Self.NamedChefOutletCost:= 15000;
    Self.FamilyFoodOutletCapacity := 150;
    Self.FastFoodOutletCapacity := 200;
    Self.NamedChefOutletCapacity := 50;
    Self.LoanBalance := 0;
    Self.Name := NameInput;
procedure Company.GetLoan(Rate : Real);
begin
    if Self.LoanBalance = 0 then
        begin
```




## JAVA

| Question |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1 | ```int modeFrequency = 0, input; int[] frequencies = new int[10]; boolean multimodal = false; Console.writeLine("Enter the number of digits you would like to enter:"); int numOfDigits = Integer.parseInt(Console.readLine()); for (int i = 0; i < numOfDigits; i++) { Console.writeLine("Enter a digit:"); input = Integer.parseInt(Console.readLine()); frequencies [input]++; } modeFrequency = frequencies [0]; for (int i = 1; i < 10; i++) { if (modeFrequency == frequencies [i]) { multimodal = true; } else if (frequencies [i] > modeFrequency) { multimodal = false; modeFrequency = frequencies [i]; } } if (multimodal) { Console.writeLine("Data was multimodal"); } else { " times"); Console.writeLine("The modal digit appeared " + modeFrequency +``` | 12 |
| 10 | 1 | ```public void addCompany() { int balance, x, y; String companyName, typeOfCompany; do { Console.write("Enter a name for the company: "); companyName = Console.readLine(); if (companyName.equals("")) { Console.writeLine("You must enter a name."); } else if (getIndexOfCompany(companyName) != -1) { Console.writeLine("That name is already being used."); } } while (companyName.equals("") \|| getIndexOfCompany (companyName) != -1);``` <br> Alternative answer ```public void addCompany() { int balance, x, y; String companyName, typeOfCompany; Console.write("Enter a name for the company: "); companyName = Console.readLine(); while (companyName.equals("") \|| getIndexOfCompany(companyName) != -1) { if (companyName.equals("")) { Console.writeLine("You must enter a name."); } else if (getIndexOfCompany(companyName) != -1) { Console.writeLine("That name is already being used.");``` | 5 |


|  |  | ```Console.write("Enter a name for the company: "); companyName = Console.readLine(); }``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 1 | ```class AffluentHousehold extends Household { public AffluentHousehold(int x, int y) { super(x, y); chanceEatOutPerDay = 1; } } public void addHousehold() { int x, y; int[] tempLocation = getRandomLocation(); x = tempLocation[0]; y = tempLocation[1]; if (x < 100) { AffluentHousehold temp = new AffluentHousehold(x, y); households.add(temp); } else { Household temp = new Household(x, y); households.add(temp); } }``` | 7 |
| 12 | 1 | From the simulation class ```public void modifyCompany(int index) { String choice; int outletIndex, x, y; boolean closeCompany; Console.writeLine(System.lineSeparator() + "************************************"); Console.writeLine("******* MODIFY COMPANY *******"); Console.writeLine("************************************"); Console.writeLine("1. Open new outlet"); Console.writeLine("2. Close outlet"); Console.writeLine("3. Expand outlet"); Console.writeLine("4. Get Loan"); Console.writeLine("5. Pay back loan"); Console.write(System.lineSeparator() + "Enter your choice: "); choice = Console.readLine(); Console.writeLine(); if (choice.equals("2") \|| choice.equals("3")) { ... } else if (choice.equals("1")) { ... } else if (choice.equals("4")) { Console.write("Enter the interest rate for the loan: "); float rate = Float.parseFloat(Console.readLine()); companies.get(index).getLoan(rate); } else if (choice.equals("5")) { Console.write("Enter the amount to pay back: "); float payBackAmount = Float.parseFloat(Console.readLine()); companies.get(index).payBackLoan (payBackAmount); } Console.writeLine();``` | 10 |



|  |  | Methods in Company Class ```public float getLoanBalance() return loanBalance; } public void takeOutLoan(float rate) { balance += 10000; loanBalance = 10000; interestRate = rate; }``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 1 | ```public List<Integer> getOrderedListOfOutlets() { List<Integer> orderedList = new ArrayList(); int nearestOutlet = 0; orderedList.add(nearestOutlet); while (orderedList.size() < outlets.size()) { float shortestDistanceSoFar = 1000000f; for (int count = 1; count < outlets.size(); count++) { if (!orderedList.contains(count)) { float temp = getDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets (orderedList.get(orderedList.size()-1), count); if (temp < shortestDistanceSoFar) { nearestOutlet = count; shortestDistanceSoFar = temp; } } } orderedList.add(nearestOutlet); } return orderedList; } public float calculateDeliveryCost() { List<Integer> listOfOutlets = getOrderedListOfOutlets(); float totalDistance = 0; float totalCost; for (int current = 0; current < listOfOutlets.size() - 1; current++) { totalDistance += getDistanceBetweenTwoOutlets(listOfOutlets.get(current), listOfOutlets.get(current + 1)); } totalCost = totalDistance * fuelCostPerUnit; return totalCost; }``` | 11 |

