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Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.

A-level **BIOLOGY**

Paper 2

Time allowed: 2 hours

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- · a ruler with millimetre measurements
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Show all your working.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for the questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 91.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
TOTAL		



Answer all questions in the spaces provided.		
0 1.1	Describe the process of glycolysis. [4 marks]	
0 1.2	Malonate inhibits a reaction in the Krebs cycle.	
	Explain why malonate would decrease the uptake of oxygen in a respiring cell. [2 marks]	
		6



0 2 . 1	Explain how a resting potential is maintained across the axon membrane in a neurone.		
	[3 marks]		
0 2 . 2	Explain why the speed of transmission of impulses is faster along a myelinated axon		
	than along a non-myelinated axon.		
	[3 marks]		
	Question 2 continues on the next page		
	. •		



0 2.3	A scientist investigated the effect of inhibitors on neurones. She added a respiratory inhibitor to a neurone. The resting potential of the neurone changed from –70 mV to 0 mV.	O.
	Explain why. [3 marks]	



0 3	Figure 1 shows an investigation into growth factors in plants.				
	Figure 1				
	from shoot c	Then, tip replaced on one side of cut shoot	Then, growth curvature occurred without a directional light source		
0 3 . 1	Use your knowledge of indole in Figure 1 .	eacetic acid (IAA) to expl	ain the growth curvature shown		
			[3 marks]		
	Question 3 continues on the next page				



A bioassay is a method to determine the concentration of a substance by its effect on living tissues.

Figure 2 shows the practical procedure used in a growth curvature bioassay to determine the concentration of IAA in shoot tips.

Figure 2

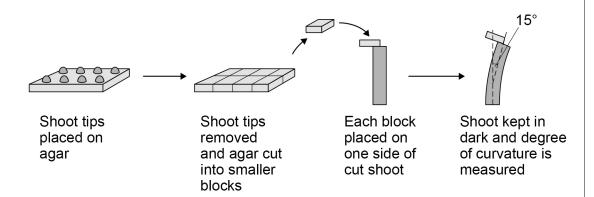
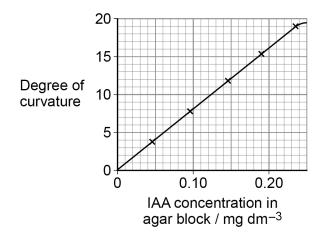


Figure 3 shows the calibration curve for this growth curvature bioassay.





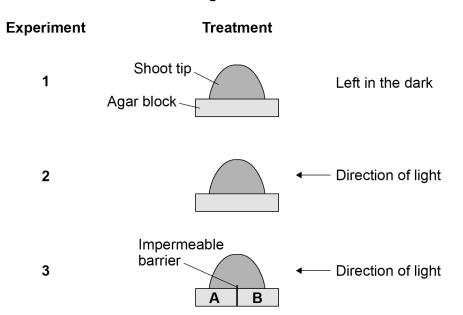


0 3.2	Using the procedure in Figure 2 and the calibration curve in Figure 3 , describe how you could compare the IAA concentration in shoot tips from two different plant species.		
	In your answer you should refer to all the variables that should be controlled to produce a valid comparison.		
	[5 marks]		
	·		
	Question 3 continues on the next page		
	Question 5 continues on the next page		



A scientist investigated the effect of a directional light stimulus on the distribution of IAA in shoot tips. The scientist set up three experiments as shown in **Figure 4**. All variables were controlled apart from exposure to light.

Figure 4



She then used the growth curvature bioassay to compare the IAA concentrations in the agar blocks from:

- experiment 1
- experiment 2
- experiment 3 section A
- experiment 3 section B.

Table 1 shows the scientist's results.

Table 1

Experiment	Degree of curvature in Bioassay / degrees
1	17.69
2	17.61
3 A	11.22
3B	6.50



0 3.3	State two conclusions about IAA that you can make from the results shown in Table 1 .	Do not outside box	e the
	[2 mail	rks]	
	1		
	2		\neg
		10	_

Turn over for the next question



0 4	In fruit flies, males have the sex chromosomes XY and the females have XX. In fruit flies, a gene for eye colour is carried on the X chromosome. The allele for red eyes, R , is dominant to the allele for white eyes, r .			
0 4 . 1	Male fruit flies are more likely than female fruit flies to have white eyes.			
	Explain why.	[2 manusa]		
		[2 marks]		
0 4.2	A female fruit fly with white eyes was crossed with a male fruit fly with red eyes to produce a large number of offspring.			
	Tick (✓) one box next to the statement which oproduced from this cross.			
		[1 mark]		
	All offspring red-eyed			
	All females red-eyed, all males white-eyed			
	All males red-eyed, all females white-eyed			
	All males white-eyed, females red-eyed and females white-eyed			



Do not write outside the

In fruit flies, the genes for body colour and for wing development are ${\bf not}$ on the sex chromosomes. The allele for grey body colour, ${\bf G}$, is dominant to the allele for black body colour, ${\bf g}$. The allele for long wings, ${\bf L}$, is dominant to the allele for short wings, ${\bf l}$.

A geneticist carried out a cross between fruit flies with grey bodies and long wings (heterozygous for both genes) and fruit flies with black bodies and short wings.

Table 2 shows the results of this cross.

Table 2

Phenotype of offspring	Number of offspring	
Grey body and long wings	223	
Black body and short wings	218	

0 4 . 3	Explain the results in Table 2 .	[3 marks]
	Question 4 continues on the next page	



t write le the

	12	
0 4 . 4	The first generation of a population of fruit flies had 50 females.	Do not outsid
	Calculate how many female fruit flies would be produced from this population in the fifth generation.	
	You can assume:	
	 each female produces 400 offspring each generation half the offspring produced each generation are female there is no immigration or emigration no flies die before reproducing. 	
	Show your working.	
	Give your answer in standard form. [3 marks]	
	Answer	9



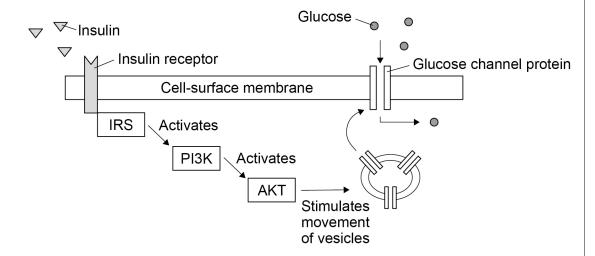
0 5.1	Neonatal diabetes is a disease that affects newly born children. The disease is caused by a change in the amino acid sequence of insulin.
	This change prevents insulin binding to its receptor. Explain why this change prevents insulin binding to its receptor. [2 marks]
	Question 5 continues on the next page



Phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K) is an enzyme in several metabolic processes.

Figure 5 shows the role of PI3K in the control of blood glucose concentration.

Figure 5



0 5 . 2 A decrease in the activity of PI3K can cause type II diabetes.

Use Figure 5 to explain why.	[3 marks]



0 5.3	Using your knowledge of the kidney, explain why glucose is found in the urine of a person with untreated diabetes. [3 marks]	Do not write outside the box
		8

Turn over for the next question

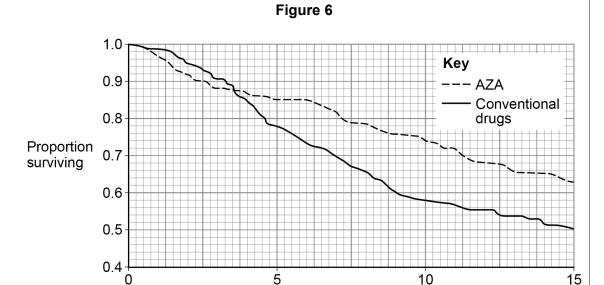


0 6	Myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) are a group of malignant cancers. In MDS, the bone marrow does not produce healthy blood cells.
	Haematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) is one treatment for MDS. In HSCT, the patient receives stem cells from the bone marrow of a person who does not have MDS. Before the treatment starts, the patient's faulty bone marrow is destroyed.
0 6.1	For some patients, HSCT is an effective treatment for MDS.
	Explain how. [3 marks]
0 6.2	MDS can develop from epigenetic changes to tumour suppressor genes. In some patients, the drug AZA has reduced the effects of MDS. AZA is an inhibitor of DNA methyltransferases. These enzymes add methyl groups to cytosine bases.
	Suggest and explain how AZA can reduce the effects of MDS in some patients. [3 marks]



Scientists investigated the effectiveness of AZA in patients with MDS. A total of 360 patients were randomised in the ratio of 1:1 to receive AZA or conventional drugs (control).

Figure 6 shows the scientists' results.



0 6. The control patients were treated with conventional drugs.

Give **two** reasons why.

[2 marks]

1______

Time after treatment / months

2_____

Use **Figure 6** and the information provided to calculate the difference in the number of patients surviving at 10 months after treatment with AZA compared with conventional drugs.

[2 marks]

Answer ____

10



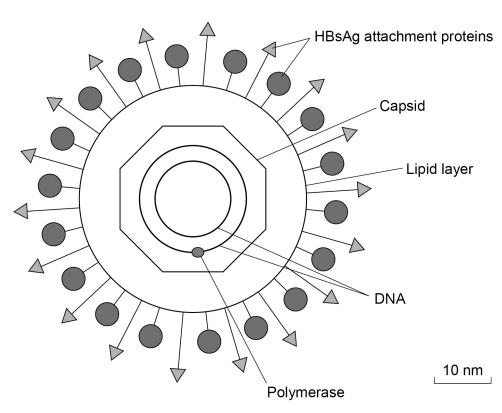


0 7

Hepatitis B is a life-threatening liver infection caused by the hepatitis B virus (HBV).

Figure 7 shows the structure of HBV.

Figure 7



0 7. 1 HBV infects a liver cell. The liver cell is 25 µm in diameter.

Use **Figure 7** to calculate how many times larger in diameter this cell is than HBV. You should use the lipid layer to measure the diameter of HBV.

[2 marks]

Α	ci i
Answer	times large



Scientists investigated the effectiveness of two types of RNA interference (RNAi) molecules on reducing HBV replication. These molecules were:

- short hairpin RNA (shRNA)
- long hairpin RNA (IhRNA).

The scientists infected mouse liver cells with HBV and transferred either shRNA or lhRNA into these cells. Then they determined the concentration of the attachment proteins, HBsAg, in these cells.

The concentration of HBsAg is a measure of HBV replication.

Figure 8 shows the scientists' results.

The error bars represent ±2 standard deviations from the mean, which includes over 95% of the data.

Mean HBsAg concentration / percentage of control

shRNA

Figure 8

0 7 . 2

One method of transferring RNAi molecules into cells involves combining these molecules with a lipid. Suggest why this increases uptake of RNAi molecules into cells.

IhRNA

[1 mark]

Question 7 continues on the next page



7.3	Using all the information provided, evaluate the use of the two types of treating hepatitis B in humans.	RNAi in
	Do not refer in your answer to how RNAi reduces HBV replication.	[5 marks]



Do not write outside the

8 . 1	Describe and explain how the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is used to DNA fragment.	
		[4 marks]
	Figure 9 shows the number of DNA molecules produced using a PCR.	
	Figure 9	
	Number of DNA molecules Number of PCR cycles	
8 . 2	Explain the shape of the curve in Figure 9 .	[2 marks]



0 9	A coral reef is an underwater ecosystem formed as a ridge of mainly calcium carbonate deposits. Algae are photosynthesising organisms. Some algae grow coral reefs. Succession results in a wide variety of fish living on coral reefs.	on
0 9.1	Describe a method that could be used to determine the mean percentage cover algae on a coral reef.	of
	Do not include information on the difficulties of using your method underwater. [3 m	narks]
0 9.2	Explain how succession results in a wide variety of fish living on coral reefs.	
	Do not describe the process of succession in your answer. [2 m	narks]



Ecologists investigated the effect of two fish species, the redband parrotfish and the ocean surgeonfish, on algal growth on an artificial reef. They made this artificial reef by submerging many large concrete blocks at a depth of 16–18 metres off the coast of Florida. They attached four large wire cages, **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**, to each block and populated the cages as shown.

- A No fish
- **B** Two redband parrotfish
- C Two ocean surgeonfish
- **D** One redband parrotfish and one ocean surgeonfish

After 34 weeks, the ecologists measured the mean percentage cover of all algae within each set of wire cages. The ecologists used a statistical test to find out whether the mean for each set of cages was significantly lower than the mean for set **A**.

Table 3 shows the probability (P) values that the ecologists obtained using this statistical test.

Table 3

Set of cages	P value
В	=0.841
С	<0.001
D	=0.634

0 9 . 3	Using all the information, evaluate the effect of the two fish species on algain on coral reefs.	I growth
		[5 marks]



1 0	Read the following passage.	
	Lake Malawi in East Africa has more species of fish than any other lake in the world. Many of these species have evolved from a common ancestor. Lake Malawi is one of the largest lakes in the world and was formed several million years ago. Since then, the water level has fluctuated greatly. As a result, what is now a large lake was at one time many smaller, separate lakes.	5
	The country of Malawi has a total area of 118 000 km². The actual land area is only 94 080 km², because approximately one-fifth of the country is Lake Malawi.	
	In December 1990, forests covered 41.4% of the actual land area of Malawi. In December 2016, forests covered 26.4% of the actual land area of Malawi.	10
	Deforestation and farming along the shores of Lake Malawi have caused increased soil erosion and loss of nutrients into the lake. This has resulted in a decrease in some fish populations. The mark-release-recapture method can be used to estimate the size of a fish population. However, this method can produce unreliable results in very large lakes.	15
	Use the information in the passage and your own knowledge to answer the following questions.	
1 0 1	Lake Malawi in East Africa has more species of fish than any other lake in the v	vorld
-1	(line 1).	Volla
	(line 1). Suggest and explain how this speciation may have occurred.	marks]
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1 0.2	The percentage of forest cover in Malawi decreased between December 1990 and December 2016 (lines 9–10).	
	Calculate the mean loss of forest cover in km² per week during this time period	d. 2 marks]
	Answer km² po	er week
1 0 . 3	Loss of nutrients into Lake Malawi has resulted in a decrease in some fish populations (lines 12–13).	
	Explain why.	4 marks]

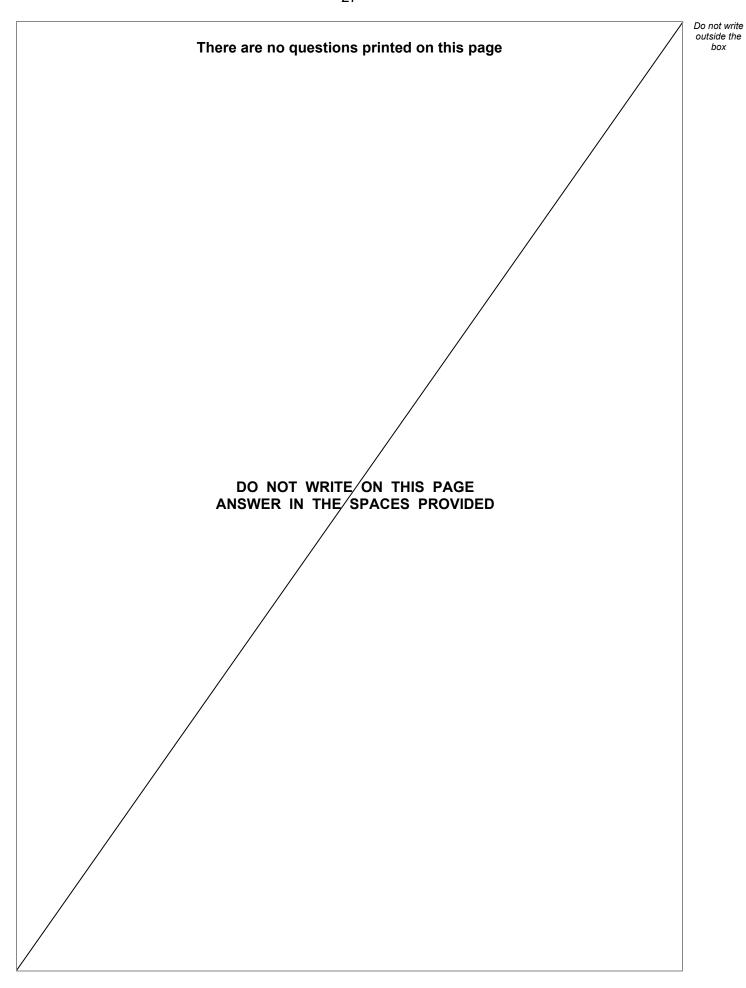




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1 0.4	The mark-release-recapture method can be used to estimate the size of a fish population (lines 13–14).	bo
	Explain how. [4 marks]	
1 0 . 5	Suggest why the mark-release-recapture method can produce unreliable results in very large lakes (lines 14–15). [1 mark]	
		15
	END OF QUESTIONS	







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