

# GCSE BENGALI 8638/LH

Paper 1 Listening Higher

Mark scheme

June 2021

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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# Listening and Reading tests

# General principles of marking

Non-verbal answers

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

## Verbal answers (English or target language)

- 1. The basic principle of assessment is that students should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do; provided their written response communicates the required message without ambiguity, it will get the mark. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
- (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. This applies whether the answer is in English or target language. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.
- (b) Where a student has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied: if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea/make it ambiguous, **accept** if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
- (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
- (d) Where a question has more than one section (eg (i) and (ii)), a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. Eg, in Listening, information required to answer section (ii) might be given as part of the answer to section (i). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (ii), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place on the question paper.
- 2. In questions where students are asked to give for example a list of three items, only the first three items they write down should be considered for assessment purposes.
- 3. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt, look for the key idea.
- 4. Where a student has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be marked. When part of an answer is crossed out, then only what remains should be considered.
- 5. .../.. means that these are acceptable alternative answers in the mark scheme. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks to be awarded.
- 6. In questions which are T/F/? or  $\sqrt{X}$ ? in either Section A or Section B, a mix and match approach should be tolerated and credit given where it is clear and unambiguous (eg consistent use by the candidate). If candidates write 'True' instead of 'স' for সভ্য in Section B, this should also be credited despite the wrong language being used.

- 7. The following general principles should be applied in relation to answers in the target language in Section B:
- (a) Incorrect personal pronouns accept (unless this causes ambiguity).
- (b) Incorrect possessive adjectives accept (unless this causes ambiguity).
- (c) Wrong gender accept (unless this causes ambiguity).
- (d) Infinitive will normally communicate without ambiguity, so should be accepted.
- (e) Wrong tense accept as long as student comprehension is not in question.
- (f) Minor spelling errors accept as long as the answer is understandable with no ambiguity. In Section B, this means that even if the spelling error results in the creation of a word in another language, including English, then provided it is a recognisable attempt at a spelling in the target language, it will be credited.

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
01.1	Advantage: shorter working hours	Advantage: shorter/fewer working hours/no long hour's work	Advantage: part-time	2
	Disadvantage: low income	Disadvantage: low income/less money	Disadvantage: money	

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
		Advantage: relaxing/comforting life/more income/higher income Disadvantage: busy life with work/workload	Advantage: life  Disadvantage: free	2

Question	Accept	Mark
02.1	A (Science fiction)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
02.2	C (Comedy)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
02.3	<b>D</b> (Tragedy)	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
03	Past: walking Future: heavy exercise	Future: heavy exercise	Past: exercising/overweight/jogging Future: weight decrease/walking/jogging/exercise	2

Question	Accept	Mark
04	B (offering him advice)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
05	B (being consoled)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
06	B, D, E (in any order)  B (More and more people are booking through travel agents.)  D (It is expensive to travel with family and friends.)  E (Local attractions are becoming more popular to visit.)	3

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
07	heating houses	warming/heating up houses	travel	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
08	one third	1/3/one-third (of energy consumption)	three times	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
09	using renewable/reusable energy	use of renewable/reusable energy	fuel/factories	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark	
10	reach out for the clouds	reach out for the clouds	fog/sky	1	

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
11	the friendship between the deer and the monkeys	friendship between deer and monkey/deer and monkey	deer/monkey/tiger	1

	Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
Ī	12	unique	unique, a one-off	attractive	1

Question	Accept	Mark
13	P (positive)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
14	P (positive)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
15	P+N (positive and negative)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
16	N (negative)	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
17.1	the use of shampoo	shampooing	restaurant/pain remedy	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
17.2	steam-bath	steam-bath treatment	shampooing	1

Question	•	Accept	Reject	Mark
18.1	Advantage: no need to have pen and paper Disadvantage: fall in handwriting skills	Advantage: pen and paper not used Disadvantage: decreased quality of handwriting skills/loss of handwriting skills	Advantage: computer/laptop/tab and Disadvantage: typing/composing	2

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
18.2	Advantage: suggested word/spelling on the screen Disadvantage: unawareness of how to spell	correction  Disadvantage: unawareness of spelling/do	Advantage: typing/composing other than writing and Disadvantage: selecting the right spelling	2

Accept  A (Elderly people)	Mark
A (Elderly people)	
	1
Accept	Mark
C (Homelessness)	1
Accept	Mark
E (Drug addiction)	1
Accept	Mark
	mark
<b>S</b> (Sadia)	1
Accent	Mark
лосері	Wark
<b>M</b> (Monowar)	1
Accept	Mark
	1
	C (Homelessness)  Accept  E (Drug addiction)  Accept  S (Sadia)  Accept

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
	gain work experience	gaining work experience	unpaid	
21.1	and	and	and	2
	teamwork skills	teamwork skills/teamwork/working in a team	time consuming (commitment)	

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
	it's unpaid	unpaid/don't earn money from it	gaining work experience	
21.2	and	and	and	2
	need to spend a lot of time on it	time consuming (commitment)	teamwork skills	

Question	Accept	Mark
22.1	<b>B</b> (মেলায় সকলেই পিঠা কেনেন।)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
22.2	<b>D</b> (মেলায় কেউ কেউ পোশাক কেনেন।)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
23.1	<b>C</b> (বিয়ের পরেও চালিয়ে নেওয়া যায় <b>।</b> )	1

Question	Accept	Mark
23.2	В (খুব অল্প ব্য়সে।)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
24.1	<b>A</b> (থাবার সহজে হজম হচ্ছে।)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
24.2	<b>B</b> (পরিবেশের জন্য ভালো।)	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
25.1	কোন স্কুলে পড়ছে সেটা না জানানো and কোথায় থাকে/ঠিকানা না জানানো	স্কুলের নাম সেটা না জানানো and কোথায় থাকে/ঠিকানা না জানানো	নাম and জন্ম তারিখ	2

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
	বন্ধুর অনুমতি ছাড়া ছবি শেয়ার না করা	বন্ধুর অনুমতি ছাড়া তার ছবি শেয়ার না করা	বন্ধুর ছবি শেয়ার করা	
25.2	and	and	and	2
	বন্ধুর ব্যক্তিগত বিষয় নিয়ে না লেখা	বন্ধুর ব্যক্তিগত বিষ্য় না জানানো	বন্ধুর কথা লেখা	

Total marks = 50