# 

## GCSE ENGINEERING 8852/W

Unit 1 Written Paper

Mark scheme

June 2021

Version: 0.1 Pre-Standardisation

Note that this mark scheme has not been subject to the standardisation process as no candidates sat the exam.

\*216G8852/W/MS\*

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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### Level of response marking instructions

Level of response mark schemes are broken down into levels, each of which has a descriptor. The descriptor for the level shows the average performance for the level. There are marks in each level.

Before you apply the mark scheme to a student's answer read through the answer and annotate it (as instructed) to show the qualities that are being looked for. You can then apply the mark scheme.

#### Step 1 Determine a level

Start at the lowest level of the mark scheme and use it as a ladder to see whether the answer meets the descriptor for that level. The descriptor for the level indicates the different qualities that might be seen in the student's answer for that level. If it meets the lowest level then go to the next one and decide if it meets this level, and so on, until you have a match between the level descriptor and the answer. With practice and familiarity you will find that for better answers you will be able to quickly skip through the lower levels of the mark scheme.

When assigning a level you should look at the overall quality of the answer and not look to pick holes in small and specific parts of the answer where the student has not performed quite as well as the rest. If the answer covers different aspects of different levels of the mark scheme you should use a best fit approach for defining the level and then use the variability of the response to help decide the mark within the level, ie if the response is predominantly level 3 with a small amount of level 4 material it would be placed in level 3 but be awarded a mark near the top of the level because of the level 4 content.

#### Step 2 Determine a mark

Once you have assigned a level you need to decide on the mark. The descriptors on how to allocate marks can help with this. The exemplar materials used during standardisation will help. There will be an answer in the standardising materials which will correspond with each level of the mark scheme. This answer will have been awarded a mark by the Lead Examiner. You can compare the student's answer with the example to determine if it is the same standard, better or worse than the example. You can then use this to allocate a mark for the answer based on the Lead Examiner's mark on the example.

You may well need to read back through the answer as you apply the mark scheme to clarify points and assure yourself that the level and the mark are appropriate.

Indicative content in the mark scheme is provided as a guide for examiners. It is not intended to be exhaustive and you must credit other valid points. Students do not have to cover all of the points mentioned in the Indicative content to reach the highest level of the mark scheme.

An answer which contains nothing of relevance to the question must be awarded no marks.

#### **Glossary for maths**

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

- [a, b] Accept values between a and b inclusive.
- **For**  $\pi$  Accept values in the range [3.14, 3.142]
- TheirAccept an answer from the candidate if it has been inaccurately calculated<br/>but is subsequently used in a further stage of the question.

#### Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
01	1	c Cast iron	2 marks	AO1 1a
		F Low carbon steel		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
01	2	D Toughness	1 mark	AO1 1a

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
01	3	Award <b>one</b> mark for each correct response as shown in bold.	3 marks	AO1 1b
		Ceramic materials have many engineering applications.		
		They are very good <b>insulators</b> for both electricity and heat.		
		However, a disadvantage is <b>brittleness</b> .		
		Ceramic products are usually made by <b>moulding</b> processes.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
01	4	A Destructive	1 mark	AO1 1a

Qu	Part	Mark	ing Guidance	Total marks	AO
01	5	C Lift		1 mark	AO1 1a

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
01	6	C Normalising	1 mark	AO1 1a

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
01	7	C Resistor	1 mark	AO1 1a

Qu	Part		Total marks	AO		
02	1	Indicative conten	t		3 marks	AO1 1a
		Composite	Property	Application		
		Glass reinforced polymer	Good chemical resistance and thermal insulation	Canoes, boat hulls		
		Medium Density Fibreboard	Smooth surface, easily machined and painted	Furniture and Panelling		
		Structural concrete	Reinforced with steel bars for tensile strength	Bridges and buildings		
		Accept all other va GRP properties: • smooth surface • high strength • low density. MDF applications: • flooring • speaker boxes • cabinets • shelving • mouldings.	lid responses for propert	ies and applications, eg		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
02	2	Award <b>one</b> mark for each reason given.	2 marks	AO3 1b
		Indicative content		
		Reasons: • combination of properties • reinforcement • increase in strength • can be moulded • can be machined. Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
03	1	Award <b>one</b> mark for each correct stage.	4 marks	AO1 1b
		Indicative content		
		Stage 1 Pattern making Pattern made of the shape to be cast.		
		Stage 2 Preparing the mould Pattern set inside and mould filled with sand. Pattern removed to create void.		
		Stage 3 Casting process Heat the metal until molten and pour into the mould.		
		Stage 4 Fettling Removal of excess metal, improve the surface.		
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
03	2	Award <b>one</b> mark for method – pressure die casting.	4 marks	AO3 1a
		Award <b>one</b> mark for reasons given up to <b>three</b> marks.		
		Indicative content		
		<ul> <li>Pressure Die Casting:</li> <li>used for mass production</li> <li>accuracy</li> <li>can reuse the waste metal</li> <li>used for 3D shapes that would not be cost effective to machine</li> <li>initial cost of pressure die casting is high</li> <li>moulds can be used repeatedly.</li> </ul>		
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance		Total marks	AO
03	3	Volume = $L \times W \times H$ 550 × 320 × 350 = 61 600 000 (mm <sup>3</sup> )	1 mark	4 marks	AO2
		Rearrange the formula to:Mass = Density × Volume m = $p × v$ and substitutewith their volume and the given density= their 61 600 000 × 0.0027	1 mark		
		Correct answer only for g = 166 320 (g)	1 mark		
		For conversion to kg: 166.32 kg if correct or their value in g converted correctly to kg Notes :	1 mark		
		Answer 166.32 kg is <b>four</b> marks. 166 320 seen is at least <b>three</b> marks.			

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
04	1	Award <b>one</b> mark for each relevant advantage (maximum two marks) and for each relevant disadvantage (maximum two marks).	4 marks	AO1 1b
		Only award <b>one</b> mark for any flipped answers.		
		Indicative content		
		Advantages of using a thermosetting polymer: insulator, low thermal conductivity tough mouldable hard smooth surface rigid chemical, heat and electrical resistance. Disadvantages of using a thermosetting polymer: brittle cannot be reheated to soften, shape or mould cannot be recycled goes to landfill pollution from manufacturing process and material production made from fossil fuels		
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
04	2	<b>One</b> mark for naming <b>one</b> suitable manufacturing process for thermoplastic polymers.	1 mark 2 marks	AO1 1a AO2
		Up to <b>two</b> marks for correct description of process.		
		Indicative content		
		Injection moulding – Polymer is heated and injected into a mould under pressure.		
		Rapid prototyping (accept fused deposition) – Prints a product layer by layer using CAD.		
		Press moulding – Polymer is heated and pressed between a two- part mould.		
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part		Marking Guidance		
04	3	Award <b>one</b> mark for each relevant property (maximum two marks) and <b>one</b> mark for each relevant explanation (maximum two marks). <b>Indicative content</b>			AO1 1b
		Properties Explanation			
		High strength	Maintains its shape well, will not break if dropped.		
		Tough	Absorbs impact to protect the wearer from injury.		
		Heat resistant	To protect the wearer from extreme heat.		
		Transparent	High visibility for wearer.		
		Lightweight	Comfortable for the user to wear.		
		Low-conductivity	Protects the wearer from heat and electricity.		
		Chemical resistance	Protects the wearer from chemical splashes.		
		Accept all other valid re	sponses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
05	1	Correct answers	2 marks	AO1 1a
		Pneumatic system uses compressed air.		
		Hydraulic system uses fluid.		

Qu	Part		Marking Guidance			AO
05	2				4 marks	AO3 1a
00	Level Marks Description		1 marite	/ 00 14		
		2	3–4	A thorough analysis of the suitability of using either a hydraulic or a pneumatic system. Analysis is valid and covers a range of points.		
		1	1–2	A basic analysis of the suitability of using either a hydraulic or a pneumatic system. Analysis may be limited or contain inaccuracies.		
		0	0	No response or nothing worthy of credit.		
		Indicative Hydraulie high for low ene low cos slow in oil/liquie fluid res can cau high lew Indicative Pneumat fast ope clean, r high co large an Accept all	e content c system: rce ergy required operation d leakage servoir recuse contar vels of ma e content ic system eration/speno to contam st mounts of l other vali	if hydraulic system selected red risk juired mination intenance. if pneumatic system selected : eed of production ination energy required. id responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance		Total marks	AO
05	3	Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}$ (B × H)		3 marks	AO2
		Area of one triangle			
		½ (19 × 16.45) = 156.28	1 mark		
		Total area	4		
		their 156.28 × 35	1 mark		
		Answer = 5469.8 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 mark		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO	
05	4	Total area of aluminium – area of triangles		2 marks	AO2
		$100 \times 100 - $ their 5469.8 or	1 mark		
		10 000 – their 5469.8			
		Aluminium remaining			
		Correct evaluation for their value of 5469.8 or 4530.2 mm <sup>2</sup> if correct.	1 mark		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
05	5	Indicative content Process must be suitable for aluminium. Process: anodising dip coating lacquer painting polishing powder coating. Do not accept any unsuitable finishes such as galvanising, electroplating. Reason To improve: appearance, change colour corrosion resistance durability	2 marks	AO1 1a AO1 1b

	<ul><li> the surface texture</li><li> wear resistance.</li></ul>	
	Accept all other valid responses.	

Qu	Part		Marking Guidance			Total marks	AO
05	6		Tab	le 2		2 marks	AO2
			ltem	Cost each			
			Sheet material	£3.15 per m <sup>2</sup>			
			Rivets	1.5p			
			Surround	£1.87			
		$\begin{array}{c} \pounds 3.15 \times 0.38 \\ 1.5p \times 4 = 6p \\ 1 \times \pounds 1.87 = \pounds \\ Total \ cost \ of \\ \hline Total \ cost \ of \end{array}$	= 1.197 21.87 materials = $\pounds$ 3.13 materials + labour co	ost =	1 mark		
		£3.13 + £2.58	$8 = \pounds 5.71$ total unit c	ost			

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO	
05	7	<b>One</b> mark for recall of the equation		1 mark 3 marks	AO1 1a AO2
		Pressure = Force/Area			
	Three marks for calculation				
		Rearranging the formula:	1 mark		
		Force = Pressure × Area			
		Area calculation:			
		$\pi \times 30 \times 30$ or $3.142 \times 30 \times 30$	1 mark		
		Answer range 2826 <b>to</b> 2827.8mm²			
		Force calculation:			
		1.5 × their 2826	1 mark		
		Answer range 4239 <b>to</b> 4241.7 N			

Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
1	One mark for each correct answer.		AO1 1a
	Correct answers		
	Part <b>A</b> Fixed pivot point.		
	Part <b>B</b> Moving pivot point.		
	Part 1	Part       Marking Guidance         1       One mark for each correct answer.         Correct answers       Correct answers         • Part A Fixed pivot point.         • Part B Moving pivot point.	PartMarking GuidanceTotal marks1One mark for each correct answer.2 marksCorrect answersCorrect answers2 marks• Part A Fixed pivot point.• Part B Moving pivot point.• Part B Moving pivot point.

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance		AO
06	2	Correct answer Oscillating motion	1 mark	AO1 1b

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
06	3	<ul> <li>Identified a suitable mechanism such as rack and pinion, crank and slider (one mark).</li> <li>Shown understanding of conversion of motion from rotary (one mark) to linear (one mark).</li> <li>Notes to indicate how the mechanism works (up to two marks).</li> <li>Indicative content <ul> <li>Sketch of chosen suitable method.</li> <li>Types of motion identified.</li> <li>Explanation of mechanism when operating.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(Note: To add exemplar material at Pre Stand)</li> <li>Accept all other valid responses.</li> </ul>	1 mark 2 marks 2 marks	AO1 1a AO1 1b AO2

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Marking Guidance			
07	1	Area of the rectangles: $52 \times 15 = 780 \text{ mm}^2$ $780 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 = 1560$ and Area of the triangle: $\frac{52 \times 52}{2} = 1352 \text{ mm}^2$	1 mark	2 marks	AO2	
		Total area: 1560 + 1352 = 2912 mm²	1 mark			

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance		Total marks	AO
07	2	$A = \sqrt{B^2 + C^2}$		3 marks	AO2
		52 <sup>2</sup> = 2704	1 Maths mark		
		2704 + 2704 = 5408	1 Maths mark		
		$\sqrt{5408} = 73.5$ cm	1 Maths mark		
		Accept 73.54 or more decimal places			
		Award trigonometric working.			

Qu	Part			Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
08		Level	Marks	Description	4 marks	AO3 1b
		2	3–4	A thorough, accurate, and fully justified evaluation of the risks associated with chemical etching.		
		1	1–2	A limited evaluation of the risks associated with chemical etching. Evaluation may contain a number of inaccuracies.		
		0	0	No response or nothing worthy of credit.		
		Possible r • eye dar • skin bui • environ • inadequ Indicative Could get PPE. Could get Could spla area. Splashed work area Cleaning Environm Machine r in inadequ	risks: mage rns mental po uate manu e content chemical chemical ash chemi ash chemi ash chemi tank. ental pollu not correct uate manu	Illution Ifacturing standard. s on your skin when placing PCB in tank – lack of s in eye – lack of PPE. icals on someone else – m awareness of work may not have been cleaned up – pollution of th chemicals on skin.		
		Accept all	other vali	d responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
09	1	Correct answer	1 mark	AO1 1a
		Output device		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance		Total marks	AO
09	2	<b>One</b> mark for recall of Ohm's law $R = \frac{V}{I}$ or V = IR		1 mark 2 marks	AO1 1a AO2
		Correct substitution: V = 6, $I = 0.02, \frac{6}{0.02}$	1 mark		
		Answer: 300R or 300Ω	1 mark		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
<b>Qu</b> 09	Part	Marking Guidance One mark each for: • temperature is ≥ 30° (decision box) • buzzer on (task box) • drawing line from the no route to the read sensor • labelling and completing all yes routes • labelling all no routes • loop return. Start Turn off fan / turn off buzzer No Ves No Ves Ves	Total marks 6 marks	AO2
		Buzzer on for 30 seconds         Please note: Candidates may draw their loops on either side of the central boxes. Please award marks if the no loop and/or return loop are drawn on the other side from the diagram shown.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
09	4	Correct answer	1 mark	AO2
		Greater than or equal to (one maths mark)		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
09	5	Indicative content	2 marks	AO1 1b
		<ul> <li>Parameters have changed.</li> <li>Equipment has changed.</li> <li>Input/ Output has changed.</li> <li>Developments in technology.</li> <li>The program may not operate as intended.</li> <li>Accept all other valid responses.</li> </ul>		

Qu	Part			Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
10	1	Level	Marks	Description	8 marks	AO3 1a
		4	7–8	Demonstrates a comprehensive knowledge of engineered lifespans and planned obsolescence. Has produced strong evidence of evaluation of engineered lifespans discussing advantages and disadvantages to both the manufacturer and consumer. Has given a clear example of where engineered lifespans may have been used. May show consideration of the use of different materials or components to demonstrate how different quality materials affect the lifespan.		AO3 1b
		3	5–6	Demonstrates a good level of knowledge of engineered lifespans and planned obsolescence. Has evaluated both advantages and disadvantages to the manufacturer and consumer. Has given an example of where engineered lifespans may have been used.		
		2	3–4	Evidence of some analysis, including at least one advantage or disadvantage to either the manufacturer and consumer and there is some evidence of evaluation. Has given an example of where sealed parts may be used.		
		1	1–2	A limited level of detail given. Only <b>one</b> advantage <b>or</b> disadvantage of using engineered lifespans given, with basic		

		analysis or evaluation.			
0	0	No response or nothing worthy of credit.			
Indicativ	e Conten	t			
Engineere designed					
Planned of a	obsolesce product.	nce is a way of manufacturers limiting the life			
Sealed pa repair.	arts enclo	se components that cannot be easily opened for			
Advantag • when p more sa • manufa • product • product initial p	<ul> <li>Advantages:</li> <li>when parts fail consumers need to buy a new product meaning more sales for manufacturers</li> <li>manufacturers may not need to provide replacement parts</li> <li>products will not need to be serviced as frequently</li> <li>products with sealed parts may be cheaper for the consumer at initial purchase</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Disadvar</li> <li>consun</li> <li>addition effectin</li> <li>broken</li> <li>maybe</li> </ul>	ntages: ners may nal materi g the env products difficult fo	not trust the manufacturer for future purchases als will be used for replacement appliances ironment could end up in landfill or consumers to dispose of.			
Accept al	l other val	lid responses.			

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
10	2	Award <b>one</b> mark for <b>each</b> correct point made (maximum <b>two</b> marks).	2 marks	AO1 1b
		<ul> <li>Accept:</li> <li>regular cleaning (to remove materials that can cause abrasion)</li> <li>replacing parts (before they fail)</li> <li>adjust position of part if worn</li> <li>lubricating regularly.</li> </ul> Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
10	3	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each correct point made (maximum two marks).</li> <li>Accept: <ul> <li>for safety – replacing parts before it fails</li> <li>for efficiency</li> <li>to prevent additional damage to other parts</li> <li>to save money by preventing additional damage.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2 marks	AO1 1b
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO	
10	4	Adding the 8 distances together and dividing the total by 8: $\frac{25\ 200}{8} = 3150$	1 mark	2 marks	AO2
		One mark for correct answer 3150	1 mark		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
10	5	Indicative content Any two of the following: exceeding the manufacturers recommended mileage wear and tear on the links/pins signs of the chain stretching chain does not operate smoothly gear change does not operate smoothly slippage breakage. Accept all other valid responses.	2 marks	AO2

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
11	1	Indicative content	1 mark	AO1 1a
1		<ul><li>Any one of the following:</li><li>visual check</li></ul>		
		<ul> <li>measurements of length/width/height</li> <li>weight</li> </ul>		
		<ul><li>fitting/assembly of part</li></ul>		
		<ul><li> application of tolerance</li><li> material quality/defects</li></ul>		
		safety     some structure shock		
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
11	2	Award <b>one</b> mark for a simple, unjustified and relevant statement.	2 marks	AO2
		<ul> <li>Award two marks for a correct and justified or explained statement.</li> <li>For example Parts may not fit together (one mark) meaning they may need to be remade. (one mark)</li> <li>Indicative content</li> <li>Failure to use could lead to parts not fitting together.</li> <li>Parts may need to be remade, wasting time and money.</li> <li>Product must meet standards, fit within set limits.</li> <li>Parts must work/function.</li> </ul>		
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
11	3	Award <b>one</b> mark for each correct tool name.	2 marks	AO1 1a
		Award up to <b>two</b> marks for a correct description of use.	2 11/01/15	AU2
		<b>Note</b> : Marks may be awarded for use without the tool name.		
		Correct answers		
		Tool 1 Micrometer Tool 2 (Digital) Vernier		
		Indicative content		
		<ul> <li>Micrometer:</li> <li>used to check small distances</li> <li>object is placed in the gap in the frame</li> <li>turn the spindle so it is up against the object</li> <li>read the measurement.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>(Digital) Vernier calipers:</li> <li>can be used for internal and external measurements</li> <li>direct reading</li> <li>turn the calipers on and set to zero.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>object is placed in the gap between the jaws</li> <li>turn the screw to close the jaws</li> <li>read the measurement on the display.</li> </ul>		
		Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part	Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
12	1	Indicative content	2 marks	AO1 1a
		Renewable source: • solar power • wind power • tidal power.		
		Non-renewable: • nuclear energy • fossil fuels (gas, coal, petrol, diesel). Accept all other valid responses.		

Qu	Part			Marking Guidance	Total marks	AO
12	2	Level	Marks	Description	8 marks	AO3 1a AO3 1b
		4	7–8	Demonstrates a comprehensive knowledge of biomass and has compared to a range of alternative energies. Evidence of comparison using advantages and disadvantages and evaluated the benefits against other energy production methods.		
		3	5–6	Demonstrates a good level of knowledge of biomass. Evidence of analysis, including several advantages and disadvantages of using biomass and has evaluated some of the benefits against other energy production methods.		
		2	3–4	Demonstrates some knowledge of biomass. Some advantages or disadvantages of using biomass given. Some evidence, even brief, of evaluation against other energy production methods.		
		1	1–2	A limited level of detail given. Only one advantage or disadvantage of using biomass given, with very little analysis or evaluation.		
		0	0	No response or nothing worthy of credit.		
		Indicative Advantag • biomas manure • biomas • most of and end • less exp • reduces • produce Disadvan • less effi • gases of warmin • requires • more ex • biomas	e Content ges: s uses orges s o it sust s is burnt the mater d up in lan pensive the s the use of es less ca tages: icient way can be relea g s a large a xpensive t s is burnt other vali	ganic materials, such as plants, vegetable oil or ainable in same way as fossil fuels rials used for biomass would be waste if not used of fill an fossil fuels of fossil fuels rbon than fossil fuels. of generating energy than using fossil fuels eased during the process that contribute to global amount of space, land and water than other renewable energies in same way as fossil fuels.		