

Please write clearly in	block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.

Level 3 Certificate/Extended Certificate APPLIED SCIENCE

Unit 1 Key Concepts in Science Section B – Chemistry

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- the Formulae Sheet (enclosed)
- the Periodic Table (enclosed).

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions in each section.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- You will be provided with a copy of the Formulae Sheet and the Periodic Table.
- There are three sections in this paper:
- Section A Biology Section B Chemistry
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60 and the maximum mark for this section is 20.

Advice

Read each question carefully.



Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes. You are advised to spend approximately 30 minutes on this section.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
TOTAL	



	Section B – Chemistry
	Answer all the questions in this section.
0 1	This question is about propane (C_3H_8).
	The carbon and hydrogen atoms in propane are joined by single covalent bonds.
	Figure 1 shows the displayed formula of propane.
	Figure 1
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
0 1.1	Name the type of structure in propane. [1 mark]
0 1.2	How is a covalent bond formed in propane? [2 marks]
0 1.3	Tyurocarbons with small molecules, such as propane, are volatile.



	Question 1 continues on the next page	-
		-
<u>0 1 </u> . <u>4</u>	[2 marks]	-
0 1 4	Define the term onthalow of formation	

0 1.5	Table 1 shows enthalpy of combustion data.

Table 1

	C(s)	H₂(g)	C₃Hଃ(g)
Enthalpy of combustion / kJ mol ⁻¹	-393.5	-285.8	-2220.7

Calculate the enthalpy of formation of propane.

Use the enthalpy changes of combustion shown in **Table 1** and Hess's Law to answer.

Draw a Hess's Law cycle in your answer.

$$3 C(s) + 4 H_2(g) \rightarrow C_3 H_8(g)$$

Enthalpy of formation of propane =

[4 marks]

kJ mol⁻¹

10



0 2 This question is about calcium and calcium compounds. 0 2.1 Give the electron configuration of a calcium atom. Use the Periodic Table. [1 mark] 0 2.2 Describe the metallic bonding in calcium. [2 marks] 0 2.3 Calcium metal reacts with dilute nitric acid to form calcium nitrate and one other product. Identify the other product. [1 mark]
0 2 . 1 Give the electron configuration of a calcium atom. Use the Periodic Table. [1 mark] 0 2 . 2 Describe the metallic bonding in calcium. [2 marks]
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
0 2.2 Describe the metallic bonding in calcium. [2 marks]
0 2.3 Calcium metal reacts with dilute nitric acid to form calcium nitrate and one other product. Identify the other product. [1 mark]
0 2 . 3 Calcium metal reacts with dilute nitric acid to form calcium nitrate and one other product. Identify the other product. [1 mark]
Identify the other product. [1 mark]
0 2 . 4 The formula of the nitrate ion is NO_3^-
What is the formula of calcium nitrate? [1 mark]
Question 2 continues on the next page











Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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