

Surname\_\_\_

Other Names

Centre Number

Candidate Number\_\_\_\_

Candidate Signature\_\_\_\_\_ I declare this is my own work.

Level 3 Certificate/Extended Certificate

### **APPLIED SCIENCE**

Unit 1 Key Concepts in Science Section B – Chemistry

#### ASC1/C

# Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes. You are advised to spend approximately 30 minutes on this section.



At the top of page 1, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- the Formulae Sheet
- the Periodic Table.



#### INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions in each section.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do NOT write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.



#### INFORMATION

- You will be provided with a copy of the Formulae Sheet and the Periodic Table.
- There are three sections in this paper: SECTION A – Biology SECTION B – Chemistry SECTION C – Physics.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60 and the maximum mark for this section is 20.



#### ADVICE

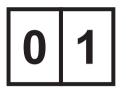
• Read each question carefully.

#### DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



#### **SECTION B – CHEMISTRY**

Answer ALL the questions in this section.



This question is about propane ( $C_3H_8$ ).

The carbon and hydrogen atoms in propane are joined by single covalent bonds.

FIGURE 1 shows the displayed formula of propane.

FIGURE 1 H H H

### H-Ċ-Ċ-Ċ-H | | | H H H



#### Name the type of structure in propane. [1 mark]

7



## How is a covalent bond formed in propane? [2 marks]



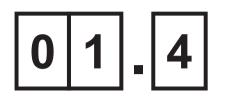
### Hydrocarbons with small molecules, such as propane, are volatile.

9

#### **Define the term VOLATILE. [1 mark]**



#### The enthalpy of formation of propane can be calculated using Hess's Law and enthalpies of combustion.



## Define the term ENTHALPY OF FORMATION. [2 marks]





## **TABLE 1 shows enthalpy of combustion data.**

#### TABLE 1

	C(s)	H <sub>2</sub> (g)	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> (g)
Enthalpy of combustion / kJmol <sup>-1</sup>	-393.5	-285.8	-2220.7

Calculate the enthalpy of formation of propane.

Use the enthalpy changes of combustion shown in TABLE 1 and Hess's Law to answer.



Draw a Hess's Law cycle in your answer.

 $3 C(s) + 4 H_2(g) \longrightarrow C_3 H_8(g)$ 

[4 marks]

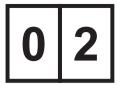


#### **Enthalpy of formation**

### of propane = $kJ mol^{-1}$







This question is about calcium and calcium compounds.



Give the electron configuration of a calcium atom.

Use the Periodic Table. [1 mark]



### Describe the metallic bonding in calcium. [2 marks]



02.3

# Calcium metal reacts with dilute nitric acid to form calcium nitrate and one other product.

Identify the other product. [1 mark]



#### The formula of the nitrate ion is NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>

#### What is the formula of calcium nitrate? [1 mark]



Metal ions in solution are often identified by adding sodium hydroxide solution.

The ionic equation for the reaction of calcium ions with hydroxide ions is:

$$Ca^{2+}(aq) + OH^{-}(aq) \rightarrow Ca(OH)_{2}(s)$$

What type of reaction is this? [1 mark] Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) ONE box.

**Acid-base neutralisation** 

Acid-metal

Combustion



#### **Precipitation**



0266

Calcium hydroxide can react with carbon dioxide to form calcium carbonate.

The equation for the reaction is:

 $Ca(OH)_2 + CO_2 \longrightarrow CaCO_3 + H_2O$ 

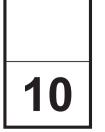


Calculate the number of moles of calcium carbonate formed from 200 kg of calcium hydroxide.

Use the Periodic Table. [4 marks]

### Number of moles of calcium carbonate =

#### **END OF QUESTIONS**





#### 20



	C






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Question	Mark	
1		
2		
TOTAL		

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#### GB/VW/Jun22/ASC1/C/E2



