

Surname	
Other Names	
Centre Number	
Candidate Number	
Candidate Signature	
I declare this is my own work.	

Level 3 Certificate/Extended Certificate

APPLIED SCIENCE

Unit 3 Science in the Modern World

ASC3

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.



For this paper you must have:

- a clean copy of the pre-releases SOURCES A, B, C and D
- a calculator.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do NOT write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do NOT want to be marked.



INFORMATION

- You will be provided with copies of the pre-release SOURCES A, B, C and D.
- There are two sections in this paper SECTION A and SECTION B.
- You should answer all questions in each section.
 You should spend approximately 1 hour on SECTION A and 30 minutes on SECTION B.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60.

ADVICE

Read each question carefully.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



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This section is based on SOURCES A, B, C and D.

Answer ALL questions in this section.

0 1

SOURCE A describes NASA's celebrations to commemorate the Apollo 11 landing on the moon.

Use SOURCE A to answer Question 01.

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	1		1
U		•	

In what year did Apollo 11 land on the moon? [1 mark]

01.2

Calculate the world population in the year that Apollo 11 landed on the moon. [1 mark]

World population = _____ million



01.3
As part of the celebrations, NASA showed the original moonwalk on NASA TV.
A video of the moonwalk could also be watched on YouTube.
What was the total number of people who had watched the moonwalk on either NASA TV or YouTube? [1 mark]
Use SOURCE A.
Tick (✓) ONE box.
1025500
1255000
1 502 500



01.4	
SOURCE A states that NASA was 'looking forward to next giant leap'.	o its
What was NASA planning as its next giant leap? [1 mark]	
	1



02
SOURCE B describes the difficulties involved in landing on the moon.
Use SOURCE B to answer Question 02.
02.1
How many successful soft-landings have there been on the moon? [1 mark]
Tick (✓) ONE box.
19
22
25
30
[Turn over]



02.2
Give TWO issues that could cause an UNSUCCESSFUL moon landing. [2 marks]
1
2
02.3
It can be argued that moon landings are more successful if they have people on board the spacecraft.
Give TWO pieces of evidence to show how SOURCE B supports this view. [2 marks]
1
2



02.4 Give TWO ways that NASA is planning to increase the chance of successful landings in the future.
Do NOT refer to having people on board the spacecraft. [2 marks]
1
2



03.1
Sport and exercise scientists are some of the many types of scientists employed by NASA.
Suggest the role of a sport and exercise scientist working for NASA. [2 marks]



03.2	
SOURCE B refers to different countries.	spacecraft from several
Give the names of Teach comes from.	WO spacecraft and the country that

Spacecraft 1	
Country	
Spacecraft 2	
Country	
	4



$\lfloor 0 \rfloor 4 \rfloor$
SOURCE C describes a NASA mission to investigate the possibility of life on Europa.
Living organisms require water to survive.
Evidence suggests that there may be oceans below the

crust of Europa.

Use SOURCE C to answer Question 04.

0 4 . 1 Give ONE piece of evidence that NASA has that there may be water on Europa. [1 mark]	



04.2	
Give TWO OTHER conditions required for living organisms that scientists believe may be present on Europa. [2 marks]	
1	
2	
· 	
	3



05
No spacecraft has ever landed on Europa.
Use SOURCE C to answer Question 05.
05.1
What conditions around Jupiter have prevented spacecraft from landing on Europa? [1 mark]
05.2 Why have these conditions prevented spacecraft from landing on Europa? [1 mark]



05.3
Give TWO measurements that Europa Clipper will make during its mission. [2 marks]
1
2
05.4
How will the Europa Clipper take measurements from Europa if it cannot land on Europa? [1 mark]
[Turn over]



SOURCE C states that Europa Clipper is 'not the only
mission heading for Europa'.
Give TWO ways that the Jupiter Icy Moons Explorer mission is different to the Europa Clipper mission. [2 marks]
1
2



06
SOURCE D refers to the space exploration plans of Elon Musk and his company SpaceX.
06.1
Give ONE reason why the author of SOURCE D believes that SpaceX will succeed. [1 mark]



0	6		2
)	•	1

The author of SOURCE D states that 'the risks of contaminating Mars, injuring astronauts and damaging the environment are very real'.

Describe how sending humans to Mars could cause each risk. [3 marks]

Contaminating Mars _	·	 	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 	
·	 	 	
Injuring astronauts			
		 	



Damaging the environment	
	
06.3	
Give TWO actions that the author of SOURCE D be could reduce the risks in Question 06.2. [2 marks]	
1	
2	
	
	
	6



07

You are employed by NASA to promote space exploration and encourage post-16 students towards a career in the space industry.

You have been asked to recommend articles for post-16 students.

The articles should:

- be effective at promoting space exploration and a career in the space industry
- use effective language and structure which is appropriate for the students
- come from valid sources.

Describe the effectiveness and validity of SOURCES A, B, C and D. [9 marks]				







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	·····





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SECTION B

Answer ALL questions in this section.

0 8

TABLE 1 shows data on eight planets in our solar system.

TABLE 1

PLANET	Distance from the Sun / km	Time taken to orbit the Sun / Earth days	Diameter / km
EARTH	149 600 000	365	12756
JUPITER	778 330 000	4328	142984
MARS	227 940 000	687	6805
MERCURY	57910000	88	4879
NEPTUNE	4501000000	60 190	49 528
SATURN	1 424 600 000	10759	116464
URANUS	2873550000	30 687	51 118
VENUS	108 200 000	225	12104



Use the data in TABLE 1 to answer Question 08.

08.1
Give TWO facts about Mercury in comparison to the other planets. [2 marks]
1
2
08.2
Which planet is the closest to the EARTH? [1 mark]
[Turn over]



0	8		3
)	•)

Describe the relationship between the distance from the Sun and the time taken to orbit the Sun. [1 mark]

08.4

One Earth year is the time it takes for the Earth to orbit the Sun.

Calculate how many Earth years it would take for Saturn to orbit the Sun. [2 marks]

Number of Earth years = _____



08		5
----	--	---

There is no relationship between the diameter of the planet and the distance from the Sun.

Give TWO pieces of evidence from TABLE 1 on page 26 to show there is no relationship. [2 marks]

1.	 	 	
2			
_			



Ceres is a dwarf planet in our solar system.

Ceres takes 4.6 Earth years to orbit the Sun.		
08.6 Suggest the position of Ceres in our solar system.		
Use data from TABLE 1 on page 26. [2 marks]		



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0 9

FIGURE 1 shows information published in NOVEMBER 2019 about space telescopes.

FIGURE 1

- One million observations have been made using the Hubble Space Telescope (also known as Hubble) since its launch in 1990.
- Hubble orbits the Earth 550 kilometres above the Earth's surface.
- 16 000 peer-reviewed scientific articles have been written using data from Hubble and these have been referenced 800 000 times in further articles.
- NASA plans to launch the James Webb Space Telescope (known as JWST) in 2021 at a cost of \$10 billion.
- JWST has a circular mirror with a radius of 3.25 metres.
- Hubble has a circular mirror with a radius of 1.20 metres.
- JWST will be 1.5 million kilometres from Earth.



U U I I

Calculate the mean number of observations made using Hubble EACH YEAR between its launch and when the data in FIGURE 1 was published. [2 marks]

Mean number of observations each year = _____

09.2

Calculate the mean number of times each peer-reviewed article has been referenced in a further article. [1 mark]

Mean number = _____



09.3
Give ONE reason why an author would choose to refer to a peer-reviewed article in their own article. [1 mark]



09.4

NASA claims that the mirror used in JWST has an area which is more than 7 times bigger than the mirror used in Hubble.

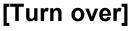
Show that this claim is correct.

Use calculations and data from FIGURE 1 on page 32.

The equation for the area of a circle = πr^2

where π = 3.14 and r = radius of the circle.

[3 marks]





0 9 .[5]	
Suggest ONE reason why a bigger mirror will make JWST a better space telescope than Hubble. [1 mark]	
	-



Scientist who studies planets and the solar system using a space telescope.
Scientist who does tests to determine what space telescopes should be made from.
Give the name of each type of scientist described below [2 marks]
Different types of scientists are involved in constructing and using space telescopes such as Hubble and JWST.
09.6

END OF QUESTIONS



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Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.
	



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For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
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