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Surname _____

Other Names _____

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Candidate Number _____

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I declare this is my own work.

A-level

SOCIOLOGY

**Paper 3 Crime and Deviance with Theory and
Methods**

7192/3

Time allowed: 2 hours

You will need no other materials.

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.

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INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- Questions carrying 10 marks or more should be answered in continuous prose.
In these questions you will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



CRIME AND DEVIANCE

Answer ALL questions.

0 1

**Outline TWO problems in measuring green crime.
[4 marks]**

4



0 2

Outline THREE different ways that crime prevention strategies may reduce crime. [6 marks]

[Turn over]



03

Read ITEM A below and answer the question that follows.

ITEM A

There are differences between social classes in levels of deprivation and access to resources. There are also higher recorded levels of violence committed by people from lower socio-economic backgrounds.

There are reasons for social class differences in becoming a victim of crime.

Applying material from ITEM A, analyse TWO reasons for social class differences in becoming a victim of crime. [10 marks]

10



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Read ITEM B below and answer the question that follows.

ITEM B

Functionalists argue that crime and deviance are inevitable as not everyone can be fully integrated into the norms and values of society. They believe that crime exists in all societies and has many benefits, such as showing people the difference between right and wrong.

However, other sociologists, such as conflict theorists, are more critical of the view that crime and deviance are beneficial for all individuals and for society as a whole. For example, the construction of crime could be seen to serve the interests of powerful groups.

Applying material from ITEM B and your knowledge, evaluate the view that crime and deviance are inevitable and beneficial for individuals and for society as a whole. [30 marks]



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THEORY AND METHODS**0 5**

Outline and explain TWO reasons why some sociologists choose unstructured interviews in their research. [10 marks]

[Turn over]





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Read ITEM C below and answer the question that follows.

ITEM C

Social action theorists take a micro-level approach in focusing on an individual's free will and choice of behaviour. These theorists believe it is important to examine how people interact with others and seek to understand the meanings behind why people behave as they do.

However, structural theorists are critical of social action theories. They argue that sociologists should examine the structural power differences between groups and individuals, which control people's behaviour.

Applying material from ITEM C and your knowledge, evaluate the usefulness of social action theories in explaining human behaviour. [20 marks]



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END OF QUESTIONS

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Question	Mark
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