# 

Surname			
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Centre Number			
Candidate Number			
Candidate Signature			
I declare this is my own work.			
A-level			
PHYSICS			
Paper 3			

Section B Medical physics

# 7408/3BB

Time allowed: The total time for both sections of this paper is 2 hours. You are advised to spend approximately 50 minutes on this section.

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.



For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a Data and Formulae Booklet
- a protractor.

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.



## INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 35.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate.
- A Data and Formulae Booklet is provided as a loose insert.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



## **SECTION B**

Answer ALL questions in this section.

# 0 1

An eye condition is corrected using a +4.0D lens.

# 01.1

Which eye condition could be corrected by using this lens? [1 mark]

Tick (✓) ONE box.



astigmatism

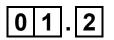


hypermetropia



myopia





Calculate the magnification produced by the +4.0D lens when viewing an object 75 cm from this lens. [3 marks]

magnification =



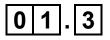
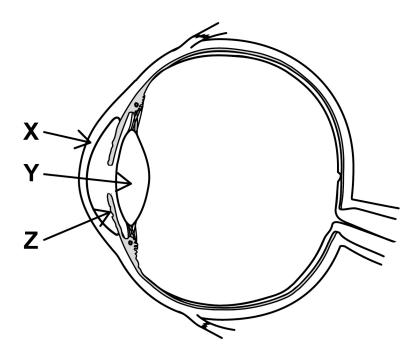


FIGURE 1 shows a diagram of an eye.

**FIGURE 1** 



State the name and primary optical function of X, Y and Z. [4 marks]

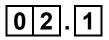
Name of X

Primary optical function of X



Name of Y	
Primary optical function of Y	
Name of Z	
Primary optical function of Z	
[Turn over]	8





An X-ray image is to be made of a broken bone. The image can be formed on

- photographic film
- a flat panel (FTP) detector or
- an intensifying screen using fluoroscopic image intensification.

State and explain which one of these detection methods should be used in this situation.

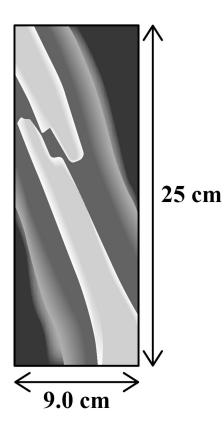
Go on to discuss why the other two methods are less suitable. [4 marks]





FIGURE 2 shows an X-ray of a broken bone.

# **FIGURE 2**



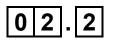
mean diameter of bone = 0.040 m

intensity of incident X-rays = 0.013 W  $m^{-2}$ 

exposure time of X-ray = 0.80 s

linear attenuation coefficient of bone =  $58.3 \text{ m}^{-1}$ 





Calculate an estimate for the X-ray energy that is absorbed by the bone. [5 marks]

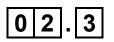
energy absorbed =

J



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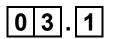




State TWO reasons why the estimate of energy absorption in Question 02.2 may be greater than the actual value. [2 marks]

1	
2	
[Turn over]	
	1

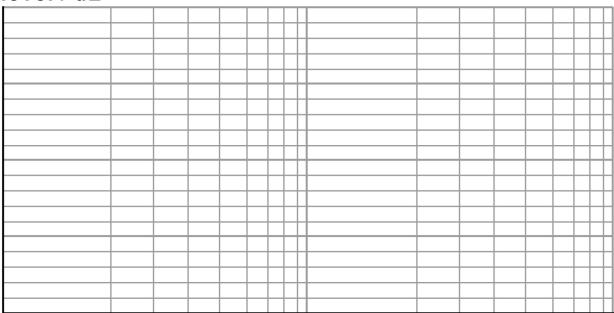




### Sketch an equal loudness curve on FIGURE 3 showing the normal response of a healthy ear. Annotate the FREQUENCY axis with an appropriate scale. [3 marks]

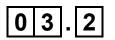
# FIGURE 3

### intensity level / dB



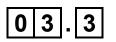
frequency / Hz





# Describe the procedure used to gather the data for an equal loudness curve. [2 marks]





# Calculate the intensity of a sound that produces an intensity level of $30 \ dB$ . [2 marks]







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A patient has calcium kidney stones. Three types of scan are available to investigate the condition:

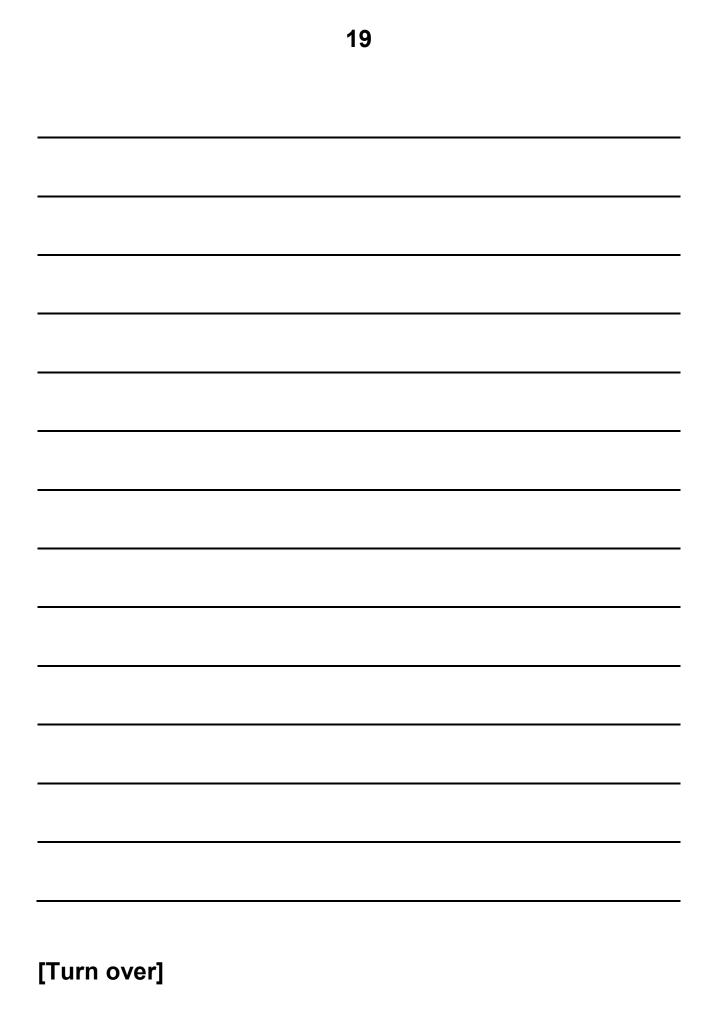
- a magnetic resonance (MR) scan
- a CT scan
- an ultrasound scan.

Calcium kidney stones contain no water and appear similar to bone in each of the scans.

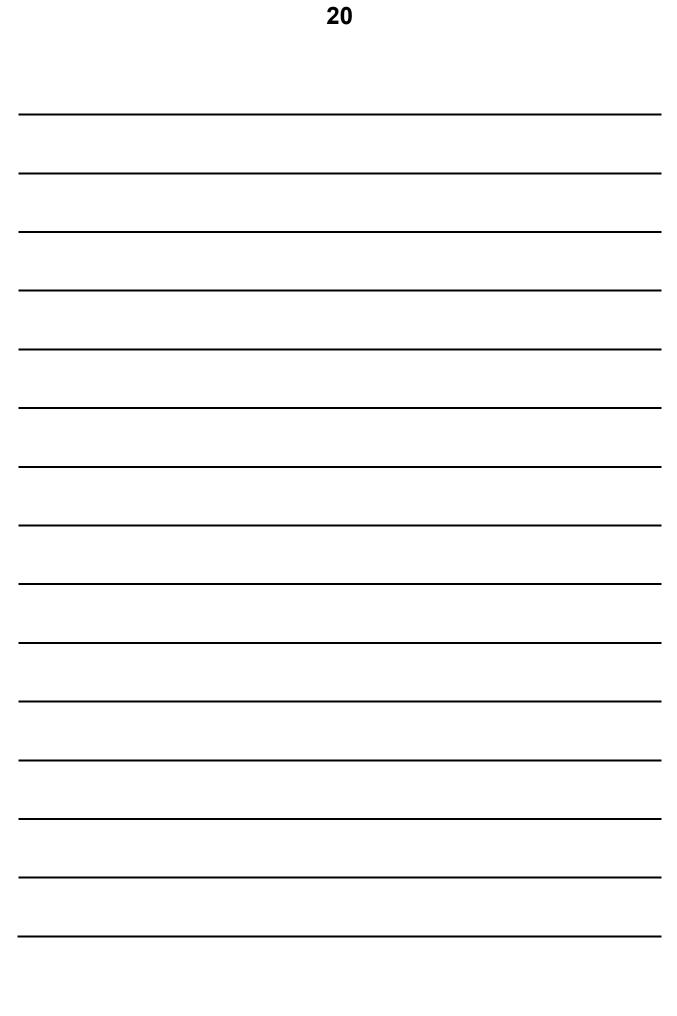
Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each option. In your answer you should

- refer to the relevant quality of the image obtained from each scan
- identify other factors that should be considered
- justify the type of scan you would recommend.
  [6 marks]

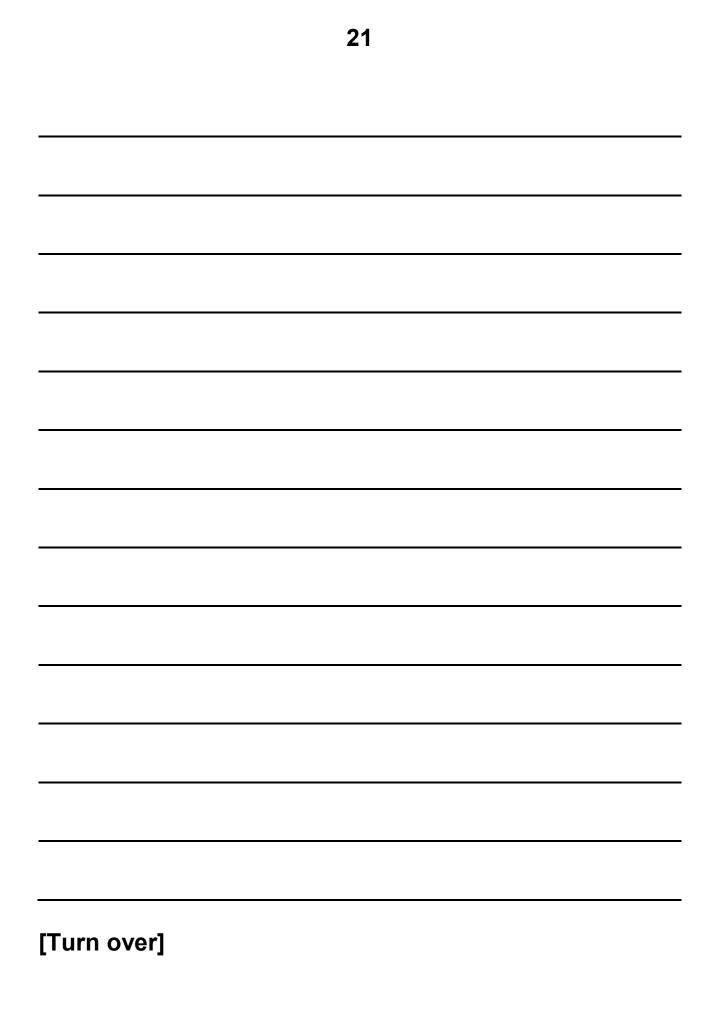




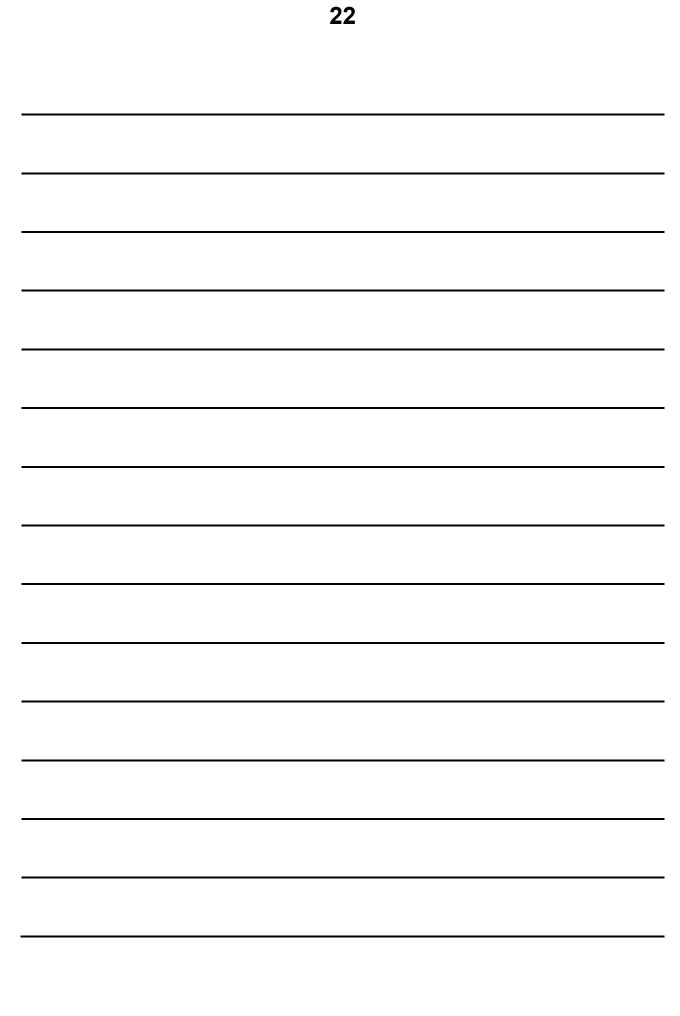




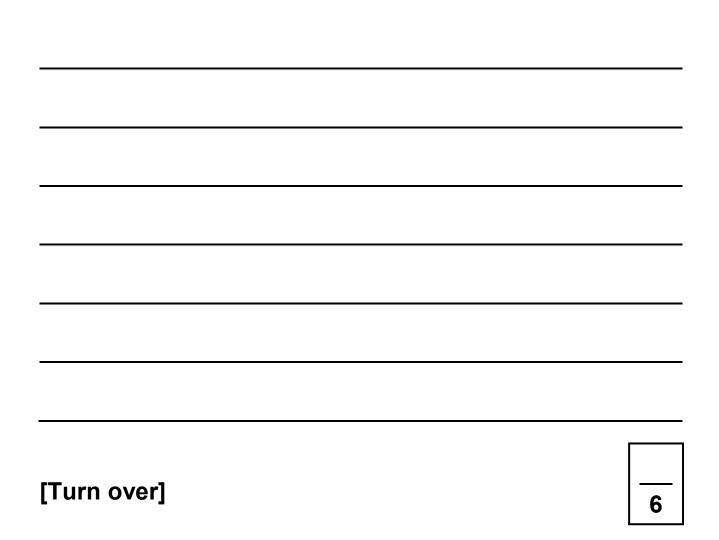




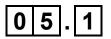












# State the purpose of the magnetic field in a magnetic resonance scanner. [1 mark]





Describe the role of the radio frequency pulses in a magnetic resonance scanner. [2 marks]

## END OF QUESTIONS

3



Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.		



Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.		



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For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
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5		
TOTAL		

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