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## AQAE

AS

## COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 1
7516/1

## INSERT

FIGURE 1 for use in answering Question 1
INFORMATION and FIGURE 2 for use in answering Question 2

FIGURE 3 for use in answering Question 3
FIGURE 4 for use in answering Question 11.4
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## FIGURE 1

```
SUBROUTINE A(S, X, Y)
    P}\leftarrow-
    WHILE P = -1 AND X <= Y
    Z}\leftarrow(X+Y) DIV 2,
    IF List[Z] = S THEN
        P}\leftarrow
    ELSE
            IF List[Z] < S THEN
        X\leftarrowZ + 1
        ELSE
        Y & Z - I
        ENDIF
    ENDIF
    ENDWHILE
    RETURN P
ENDSUBROUTINE
```

The DIV operator calculates the whole number part resulting from an integer division, for example, 10 DIV $3=3$

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The following information is for use in answering Question 2.

A parking meter has an Add hours button (+), an Accept button, a coin slot, a payment card reader, a Cancel button and a number keypad.

The system operates in a specific sequence:

- the system is initially in Idle Mode
- when the user presses the + button the system goes into Select Hours Mode with the parking time set to 1 hour and the payment owed set to $£ 1.00$
- each time the user presses the + button again, the number of hours' parking time increases by 1 and the payment owed increases by $£ 0.50$
- when the user presses the Accept button the system goes into Payment Due Mode and the user is able to make payments using cash or a payment card
- the user can cancel the operation by pressing the Cancel button
- using cash:
- each time the user inserts a coin (except the final coin), the value of it is deducted from the payment owed
- when the final coin that completes the payment is inserted, the system goes into Paid Mode
- using a payment card:
- when the user inserts a payment card into the card reader, the meter goes into a mode that allows the user to enter their PIN
- the user then enters their PIN on the keypad
- if the PIN is correct, the system goes into Paid Mode; otherwise the system goes into Idle Mode
- the system remains in Paid Mode until the time paid for has elapsed.

FIGURE 2, on page 7, shows a partially completed state transition diagram that represents the operation of the parking meter. Four of the states are labelled (W) to (Z) and events are labelled (A) to (I).
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FIGURE 2

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## FIGURE 3

$C \leftarrow 0$
$D \leftarrow 0$
$S \leftarrow 0$
$\mathrm{T} \leftarrow 0$
WHILE $C<3$ AND $\mathrm{D}<3$
$T \leftarrow T+1$
N1 $\leftarrow$ generate random integer between 1 and 6 inclusive
N2 $\leftarrow$ generate random integer between 1 and 6 inclusive OUTPUT N1, N2
$\mathrm{S} \leftarrow \mathrm{S}+\mathrm{N} 1+\mathrm{N} 2$
IF N1 $=6$ OR N2 $=6$ THEN
$C \leftarrow C+1$
ENDIF
IF N1 = N2 THEN
$D \leftarrow D+1$
ENDIF
ENDWHILE
$A \leftarrow S \operatorname{DIV}(T * 2)$
OUTPUT C, D, A

FIGURE 4


END OF SOURCES

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