AQAE

Surname $\qquad$
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I declare this is my own work.

## Level 2 Certificate <br> FURTHER MATHEMATICS

Paper 2 Calculator

## 8365/2

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.
[Turn over]


For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments
- the Formulae Sheet (enclosed).


##  <br> 

## INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.
- The use of a calculator is expected but calculators with a facility for symbolic algebra must NOT be used.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

1 Factorise fully $12 w+18 w^{2}$ [2 marks]

## Answer

$M$ is the midpoint of $P Q$.
The diagram is not drawn accurately.


Work out the value of $a$. [2 marks]

## Answer

[Turn over]

3 (a) Work out $3\left(\begin{array}{ll}4 & 2 \\ 1 & 0\end{array}\right)\left(\begin{array}{cc}2 & 0 \\ -1 & 5\end{array}\right)$
Give your answer as a single matrix. [3 marks]

Answer $\longrightarrow$

3(b) $\quad\left(\begin{array}{cc}7 & a^{2} \\ b & -5\end{array}\right)\binom{2}{a}=\binom{78}{12}$

## Work out the values of $a$ and $b$. [3 marks]

$$
a=\ldots b=
$$

## 8

4 Line A has equation $y+4 x=6$
Line $B$ is parallel to line $A$ and passes through the point $(2,1)$

The point ( $d, 2 d$ ) lies on line B.
Work out the value of $\boldsymbol{d}$. [4 marks]
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Answer $\qquad$

5 Work out all the NEGATIVE integer values of $x$
for which $3 x^{2}<48 \quad$ [3 marks]
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Answer $\qquad$
[Turn over]

6 Prove algebraically that when $\boldsymbol{n}$ is an integer $\frac{(2 n+1)^{2}-(2 n-1)^{2}}{4}$ is always even. [3 marks]
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7 How many integers between 200000 and 400000 can be formed using only the digits

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

with no repetition of any digit? [2 marks]
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Answer $\qquad$
[Turn over]

8 A curve has equation $y=x^{3}-5 x^{2}$
At two points on the curve, the rate of change of $y$ with respect to $x$ is 4

8(a) Work out an equation, in terms of $x$, to represent this information.

Give your answer in the form $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are integers. [2 marks]

Answer $\qquad$

8 (b) Hence, work out the two possible values of $x$.
Give your answers to 3 significant figures. [2 marks]
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Answer $\qquad$
[Turn over]


9 The first three terms of a linear sequence are
$30 \quad 30+4 k \quad 30+8 k$
where $k$ is a constant.
9(a) Work out an expression, in terms of $\boldsymbol{k}$, for the 4th term.

Give your answer in its simplest form. [1 mark]

## Answer



9 (b) The 100th term of the sequence is 525
Work out the value of $\boldsymbol{k}$. [3 marks]
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Answer
[Turn over]

10 There are four sketch graphs below and on the opposite page.

Circle the letter of the sketch graph that represents $y=3 \times 2^{x} \quad$ [1 mark]

A


## B



C


D

[Turn over]


11 Here is a right-angled triangle.
The diagram is not drawn accurately.


You are given that $a>5$
Use trigonometry to work out the range of values of $x$. [2 marks]
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$\qquad$

## Answer

[Turn over]


12 Work out the gradient of the curve $y=\frac{12 x^{3}-8 x+3}{4 x^{2}}$ at the point where $x=-1$

You MUST show your working. [5 marks]
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## Answer

## [Turn over]


$13 \quad A(-2,5)$ and $B(4,13)$ are points on a circle.
$A B$ is a diameter.
Work out the equation of the circle.
Give your answer in the form $(x-a)^{2}+(y-b)^{2}=c$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are integers. [3 marks]

## 23

Answer
[Turn over]
$||||||||||||||||||||||||\mid$
$14 P Q R S$ is a cyclic quadrilateral.
The diagram is not drawn accurately.


Angle $P S R=4\left(x+15^{\circ}\right)$
Angle $P Q R$ is $40^{\circ}$ smaller than angle $P S R$.
Work out the value of $x$. [3 marks]
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$\qquad$
[Turn over]


15 Simplify fully $\left(\frac{x}{2}+\frac{3 x}{5}\right) \div \sqrt{\frac{x^{6}}{4}} \quad$ [5 marks]
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Answer
[Turn over]
$\boxed{ }$

## 28

16 Here is an isosceles triangle.

## All the angles are acute.

The diagram is not drawn accurately.


The area of the triangle is $120 \mathbf{~ c m}^{2}$
Work out the size of angle $y$. [4 marks]
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[Turn over]

17 Solve the simultaneous equations
$a+3 b-2 c=4$
$4 a-3 b+5 c=-5$
$2 a+b+3 c=9$
Do NOT use trial and improvement.
You MUST show your working. [5 marks]
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[Turn over]

$18 \quad A B C D E F G H$ is a cuboid.
$A B=40 \mathrm{~cm} \quad B C=9 \mathrm{~cm} \quad C G=20 \mathrm{~cm}$
$P$ is a point on $H G$ such that $H P: P G=3: 7$
$A P=25 \mathrm{~cm}$


## Work out the size of angle APC. [5 marks]

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[Turn over]

Answer
degrees

19 Expand and simplify fully $(3 x+4)(2 x-3)(5 x-2)$ [3 marks]
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Answer
[Turn over]


$$
f(x)=2 x^{3}+11 x^{2}+12 x-9
$$

20 (a) Use the factor theorem to show that $(2 x-1)$ is a factor of $\mathrm{f}(x)$. [2 marks]

20 (b) Show that $f(x)=0$ has EXACTLY TWO solutions. [4 marks]
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## [Turn over]

Work out the values of $x$ between $0^{\circ}$ and $360^{\circ}$ for which
$2 \tan ^{2} x=3$
Give your answers to 1 decimal place.
You MUST show your working. [4 marks]
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22 Using powers of 2 or otherwise, work out the non-zero value of $\boldsymbol{x}$ for which

$$
\left(16^{x}\right)^{x}=\frac{1}{2^{3 x}}
$$

You MUST show your working. [4 marks]
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Answer

END OF QUESTIONS


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