



Surname _____

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I declare this is my own work.

A-level

MATHEMATICS

Paper 3

7357/3

Tuesday 20 June 2023 Afternoon

Time allowed: 2 hours

At the top of the page, write your surname and forename(s), your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.

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J U N 2 3 7 3 5 7 3 0 1

MATERIALS

For this paper you must have:

- **the AQA Formulae for A-level Mathematics booklet**
- **a graphical or scientific calculator that meets the requirements of the specification.**

INSTRUCTIONS

- **Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.**
- **Answer ALL questions.**
- **You must answer each question in the space provided for that question.**
- **If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).**
- **Do NOT write on blank pages.**



- **Show all necessary working; otherwise, marks for method may be lost.**
- **Do all rough work in this book.
Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.**

INFORMATION

- **The marks for questions are shown in brackets.**
- **The maximum mark for this paper is 100.**

ADVICE

- **Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.**
- **You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.**

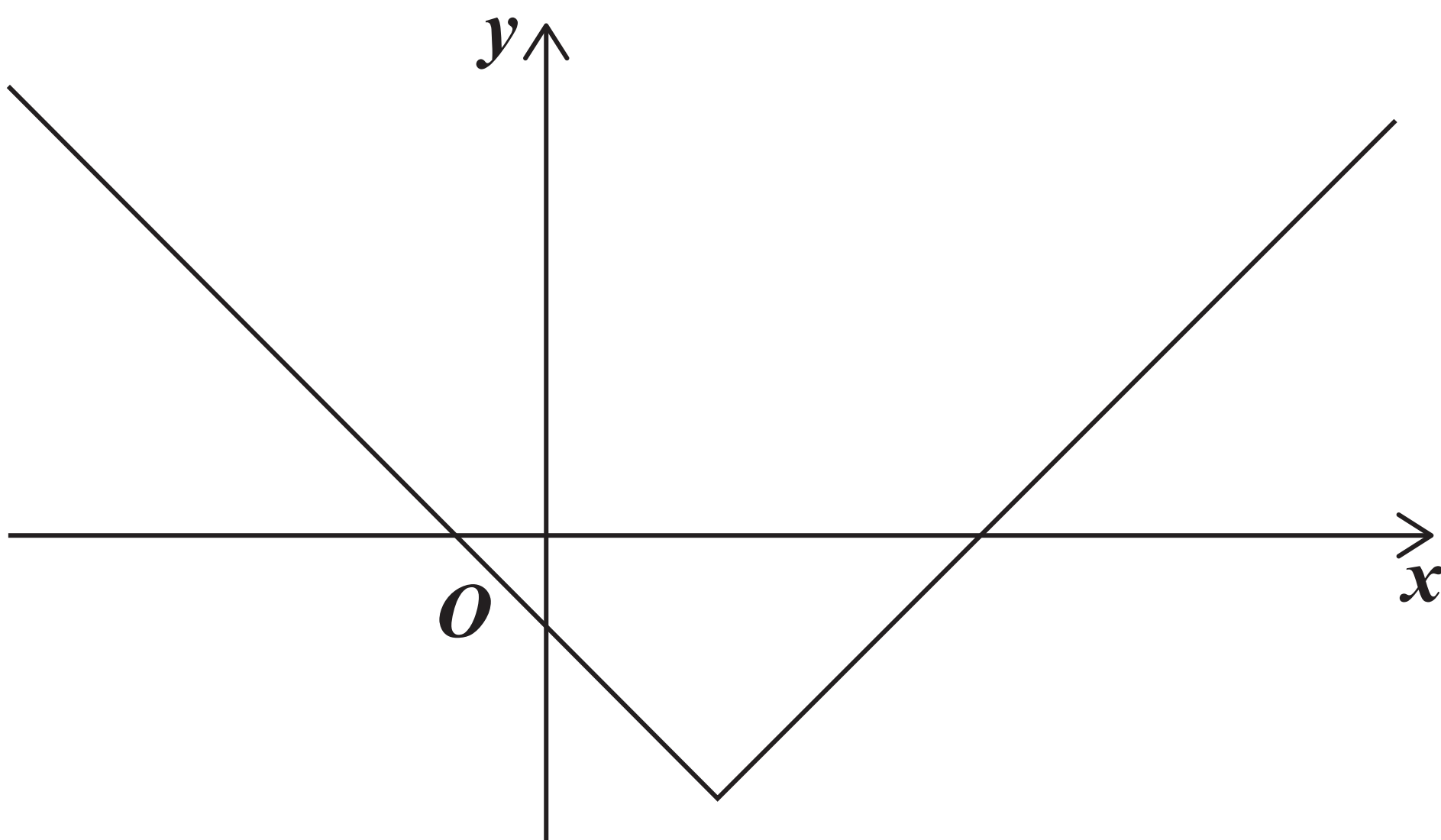
DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



SECTION A

Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** **The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown below.**



One of the four equations listed below is the equation of the graph $y = f(x)$

Identify which one is the correct equation of the graph.

Tick (✓) ONE box. [1 mark]

☐

$$y = |x + 2| + 3$$

☐

$$y = |x + 2| - 3$$

☐

$$y = |x - 2| + 3$$

☐

$$y = |x - 2| - 3$$

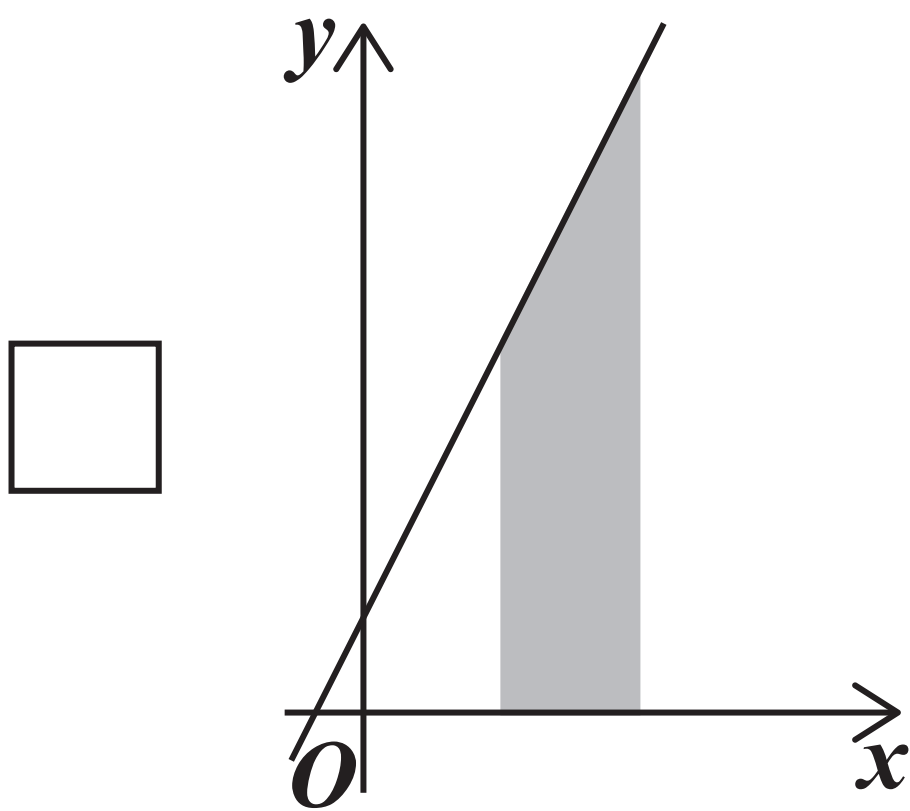
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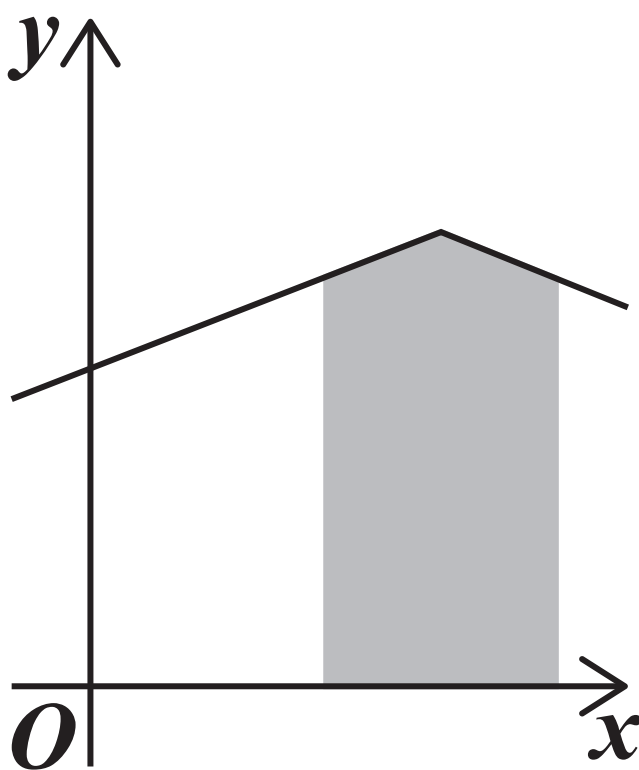
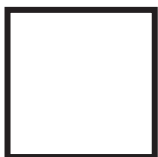
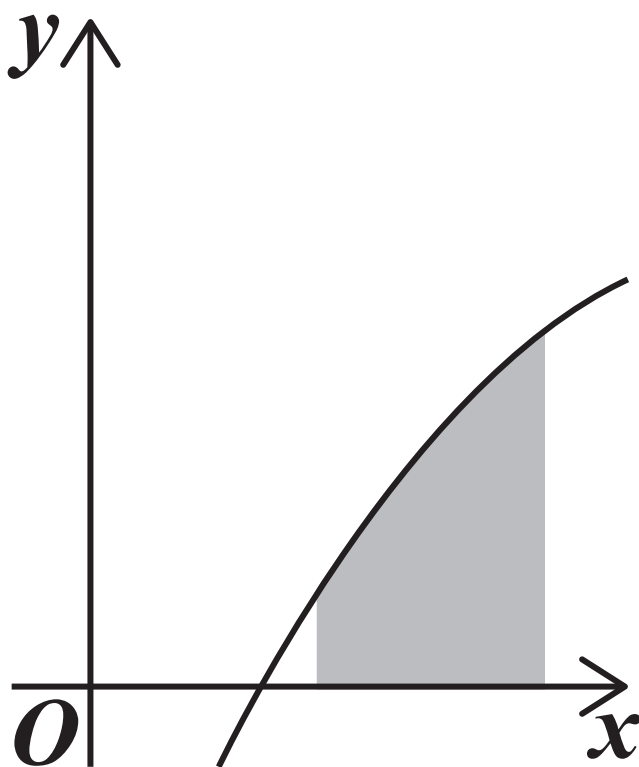
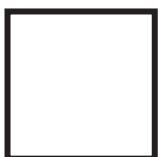
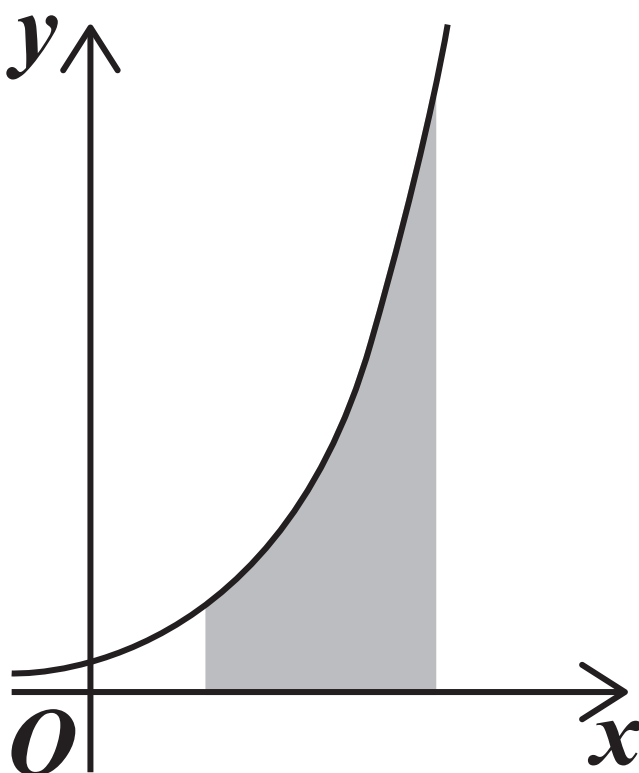
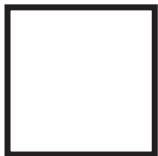
2

The trapezium rule is used to estimate the area of the shaded region in each of the graphs below.

Identify the graph for which the trapezium rule produces an overestimate.

Tick (✓) ONE box. [1 mark]





[Turn over]



3

A curve with equation $y = f(x)$ passes through the point $(3, 7)$

Given that $f'(3) = 0$ find the equation of the normal to the curve at $(3, 7)$

Circle your answer. [1 mark]

$$y = \frac{7}{3}x$$

$$y = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

$$x = 7$$



4

Express

$$\frac{5 - \sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2}$$

in the form

$$5x^p - x^q$$

**where p and q are constants.
[2 marks]**

[Turn over]

5

A curve has equation $y = 3e^{2x}$

Find the gradient of the
curve at the point where $y = 10$
[3 marks]



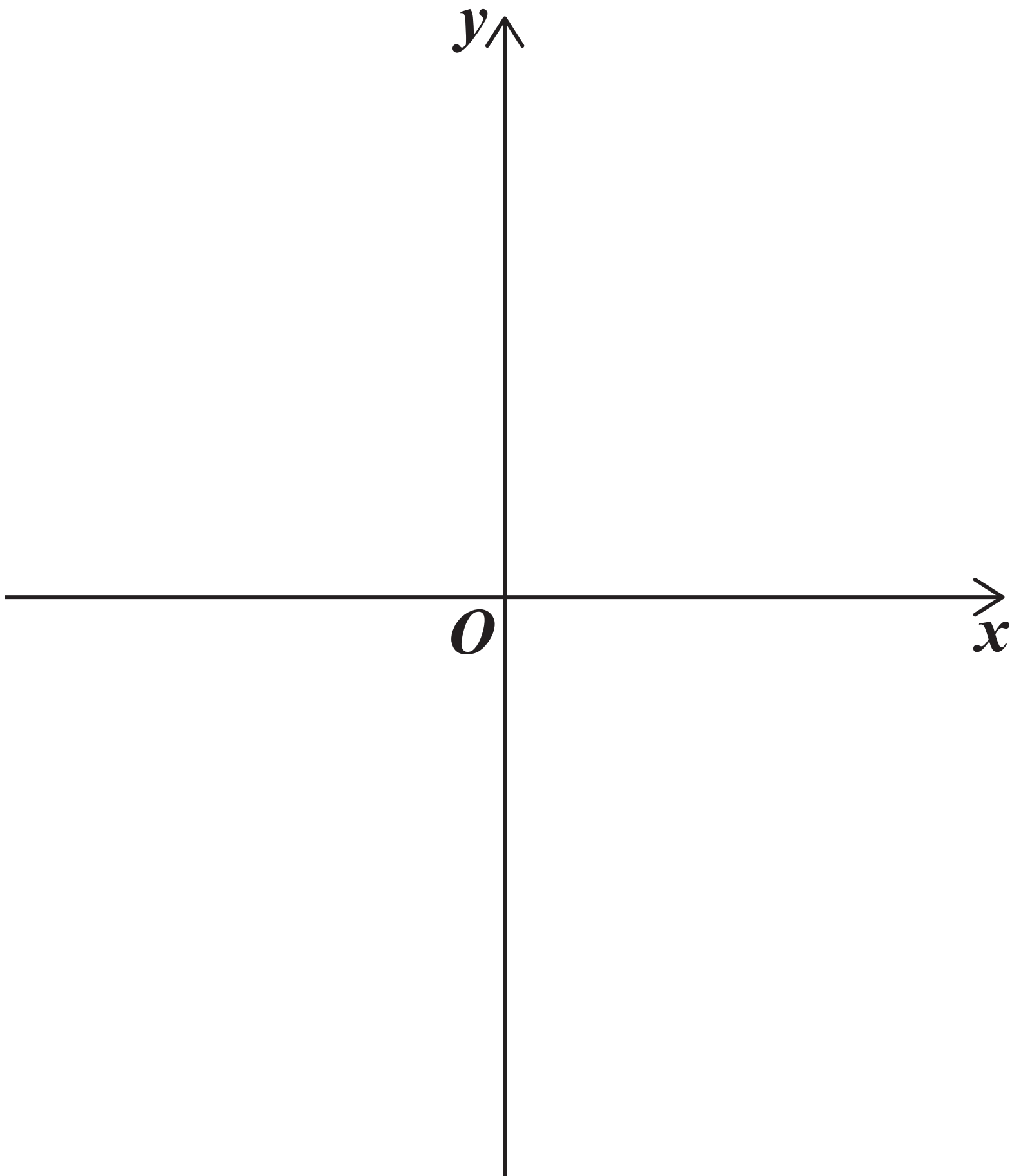
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6 (a) Sketch the curve with equation

$$y = x^2(2x + a)$$

where $a > 0$ [3 marks]



6 (b) The polynomial $p(x)$ is given by

$$p(x) = x^2(2x + a) + 36$$

6 (b) (i) It is given that $x + 3$ is a factor of $p(x)$

Use the factor theorem to show $a = 2$ [2 marks]

[Turn over]



6 (b) (ii) State the transformation which maps the curve with equation

$$y = x^2(2x + 2)$$

onto the curve with equation

$$y = x^2(2x + 2) + 36 \quad \text{[2 marks]}$$

6 (b) (iii) The polynomial $x^2(2x + 2) + 36$ can be written as $(x + 3)(2x^2 + bx + c)$

Without finding the values of b and c , use your answers to parts (a) and (b)(ii) to explain why

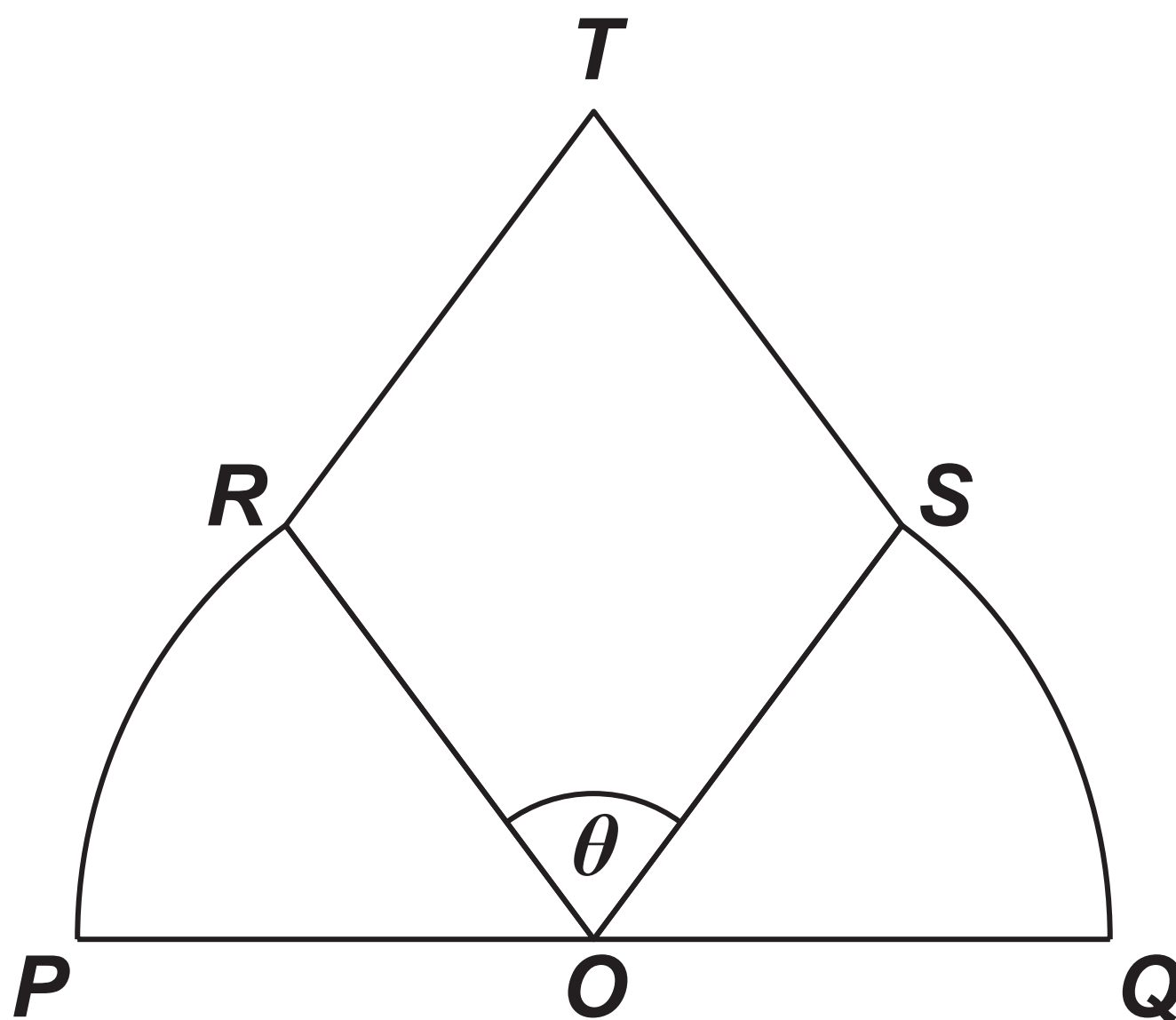
$$b^2 < 8c \quad [2 \text{ marks}]$$

[Turn over]



7

A new design for a company logo is to be made from two sectors of a circle, ORP and OQS , and a rhombus $OSTR$, as shown in the diagram below.



The points P , O and Q lie on a straight line and the angle ROS is θ radians.

A large copy of the logo, with $PQ = 5$ metres, is to be put on a wall.



- 7 (a)** Show that the area of the logo, on the previous page, A square metres, is given by

$$A = \frac{25}{8} (\pi - \theta + 2 \sin \theta) \quad [4 \text{ marks}]$$

[Turn over]





7 (b) (i) Show that the maximum value of A occurs when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

**Fully justify your answer.
[6 marks]**

[Turn over]



[illegible]

[Turn over]



7 (b) (ii) Find the exact maximum value of A [2 marks]



- 7 (c) Without further calculation, state how your answers to parts (b)(i) and (b)(ii) would change if PQ were increased to 10 metres. [2 marks]**

[Turn over]



8

Use the substitution $u = x^5 + 2$
to show that

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^9}{(x^5 + 2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{180} \quad [7 \text{ marks}]$$



25

[illegible]

[Turn over]



2 5



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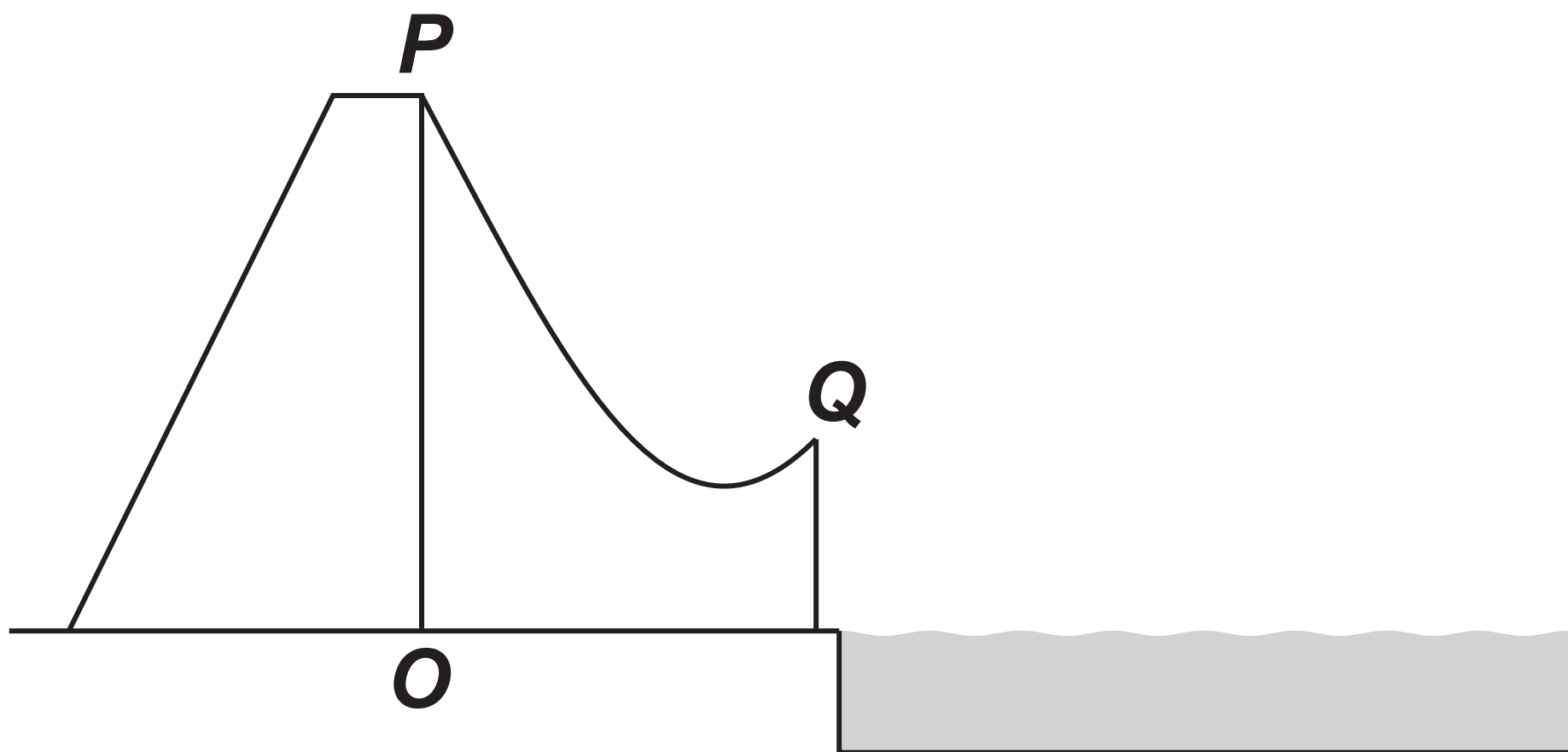
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9

A water slide is the shape of a curve PQ as shown in FIGURE 1 below.

FIGURE 1



The curve can be modelled by the parametric equations

$$x = t - \frac{1}{t} + 4.8$$

$$y = t + \frac{2}{t}$$

where $0.2 \leq t \leq 3$



The horizontal distance from O is x metres.

The vertical distance above the point O at ground level is y metres.

P is the point where $t = 0.2$ and
 Q is the point where $t = 3$

[Turn over]



- 9 (a)** To make sure speeds are safe at Q , the difference in height between P and Q must be less than 7 metres.

Show that the slide meets this safety requirement. [3 marks]

[Turn over]



9 (b) (i) Find an expression for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of t [3 marks]

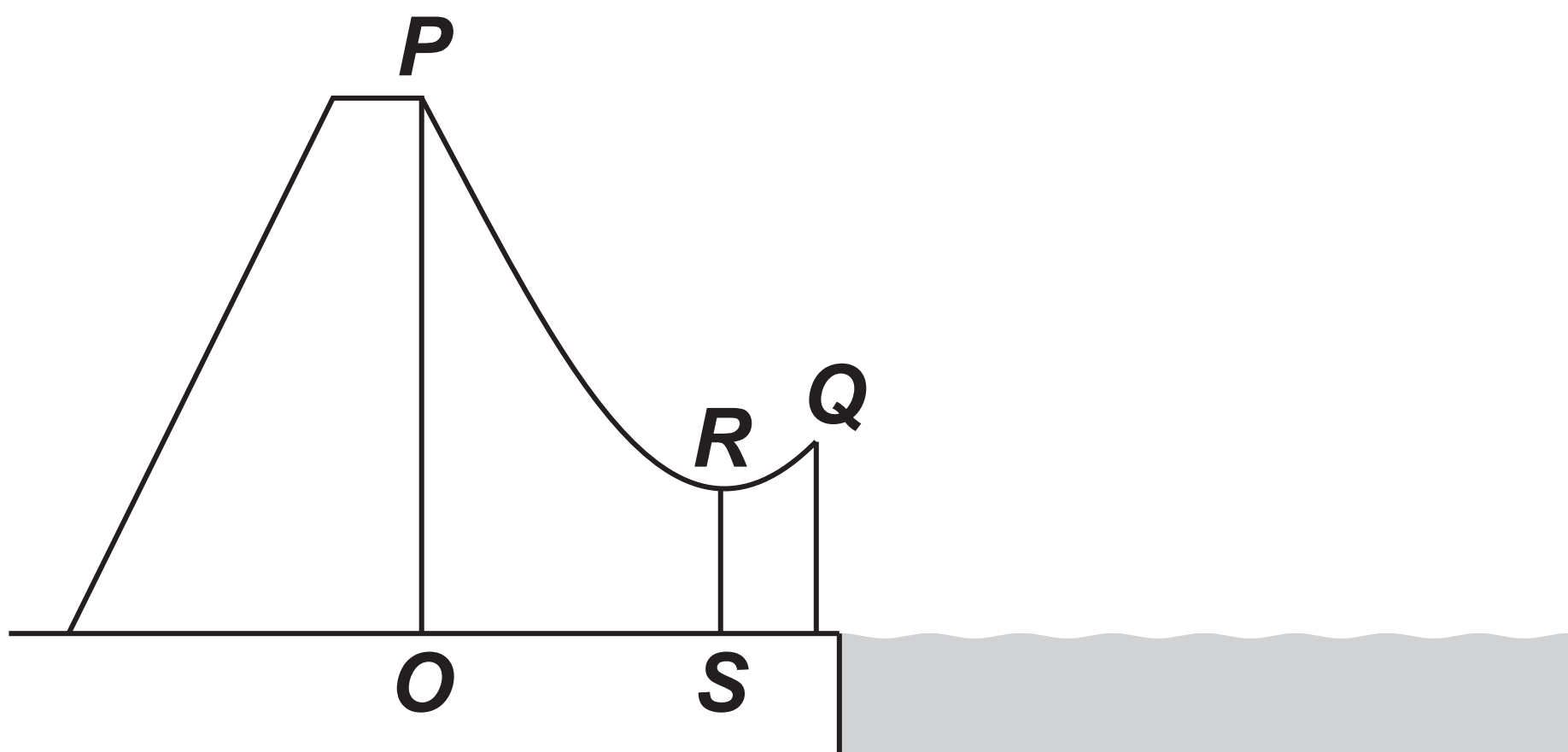
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[Turn over]



- 9 (b) (ii) A vertical support, RS , is to be added between the ground and the lowest point on the slide as shown in FIGURE 2 below.

FIGURE 2



Find the length of RS [4 marks]



9 (b) (iii) Find the acute angle the slide makes with the horizontal at Q

Give your answer to the nearest degree. [2 marks]

END OF SECTION A



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[Turn over]



SECTION B

Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

10 Which of the following is NOT a possible value for a product moment correlation coefficient?

Circle your answer. [1 mark]

$$-\frac{6}{5}$$

$$-\frac{3}{5}$$

$$0$$

$$1$$



11

A and B are mutually exclusive events.

Which one of the following statements must be correct?

Tick (✓) ONE box. [1 mark]

☐

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) \times P(B)$$

☐

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) - P(B)$$

☐

$$P(A \cap B) = 0$$

☐

$$P(A \cap B) = 1$$

[Turn over]



12

It is known that, on average, 40% of the drivers who take their driving test at a local test centre pass their driving test.

Each day 32 drivers take their driving test at this centre.

The number of drivers who pass their test on a particular day can be modelled by the distribution $B(32, 0.4)$

12 (a)

State one assumption, in context, required for this distribution to be used.
[1 mark]

- 12 (b) Find the probability that exactly 7 of the drivers on a particular day pass their test. [1 mark]**

- 12 (c) Find the probability that, at most, 16 of the drivers on a particular day pass their test. [1 mark]**

[Turn over]



- 12 (d) Find the probability that more than 12 of the drivers on a particular day pass their test. [2 marks]**



12 (e) Find the mean number of drivers per day who pass their test. [1 mark]

[Turn over]



12 (f)

Find the standard deviation of the number of drivers per day who pass their test. [2 marks]



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[Turn over]



13

There are two types of coins in a money box:

- **20% are bronze coins**
- **80% are silver coins**

Craig takes out a coin at random and places it back in the money box.

Craig then takes out a second coin at random.

- 13 (a) Find the probability that both coins were of the same type.
[2 marks]**

[Turn over]



- 13 (b)** Find the probability that both coins are bronze, given that at least one of the coins is bronze. [2 marks]



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[Turn over]



14 **The mass of aluminium cans recycled each day in a city may be modelled by a normal distribution with mean 24 500 kg and standard deviation 5 200 kg.**

14 (a) **State the probability that the mass of aluminium cans recycled on any given day is NOT equal to 24 500 kg.**
[1 mark]

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[Turn over]



14 (b) To reduce costs, the city's council decides to collect aluminium cans for recycling less frequently.

Following the decision, it was found that over a 24-day period a total mass of 641 520 kg of aluminium cans was recycled.

It can be assumed that the distribution of the mass of aluminium cans recycled is still normal with standard deviation 5 200 kg, and that the 24-day period can be regarded as a random sample.



Investigate, at the 5% level of significance, whether the mean daily mass of aluminium cans recycled has CHANGED.
[7 marks]

[Turn over]



[illegible]

[Turn over]



14 (c) **A member of the council claims that if a different sample of 24 days had been used, the hypothesis test in part (b) would have given the same result.**

Comment on the validity of this claim. [2 marks]

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[Turn over]



15 (a) A random sample of eight cars was selected from the Large Data Set.

The masses of these cars, in kilograms, were as follows.

950 989 1247 1415

1506 1680 1833 2040

It is given that, for the population of cars in the Large Data Set:

lower quartile = 1167

median = 1393

upper quartile = 1570



15 (a) (i) It was decided to remove any of the masses which fall outside the following interval.

$$\text{median} - 1.5 \times \text{interquartile range} \leq \text{mass} \leq \text{median} + 1.5 \times \text{interquartile range}$$

Show that only one of the eight masses in the sample should be removed. [3 marks]

[Turn over]





15 (a) (ii) Write down the statistical name for the mass that should be removed in part (a)(i). [1 mark]

[Turn over]

15 (b) The table shows the probability distribution of the number of previous owners, N , for a sample of cars taken from the Large Data Set.

n	0	1	2	3
$P(N = n)$	0.14	0.37	0.9k	0.25

4	5	6 or more
0.4k	1.7k	0

Find the value of $P(1 \leq N < 5)$
[4 marks]



15 (c) An expert team is investigating whether there have been any changes in CO₂ emissions from all cars taken from the Large Data Set.

The team decided to collect a quota sample of 200 cars to reflect the different years and the different makes of cars in the Large Data Set.

**15 (c) (i) Using your knowledge of the Large Data Set, explain how the team can collect this sample.
[2 marks]**

**15 (c) (ii) Describe ONE
DISADVANTAGE of quota
sampling. [1 mark]**

[Turn over]



16 **A farm supplies apples to a supermarket.**

The diameters of the apples, D centimetres, are normally distributed with mean 6.5 and standard deviation 0.73

16 (a) (i) Find $P(D < 5.2)$ [1 mark]

16 (a) (ii) Find $P(D > 7)$ [1 mark]



16 (a) (iii) The supermarket only accepts apples with diameters between 5 cm and 8 cm.

**Find the proportion of apples that the supermarket accepts.
[1 mark]**

[Turn over]

16 (b) The farm also supplies plums to the supermarket.

These plums have diameters that are normally distributed.

It is found that 60% of these plums have a diameter less than 5.9 cm.

It is found that 20% of these plums have a diameter greater than 6.1 cm.

Find the mean and standard deviation of the diameter, in centimetres, of the plums supplied by the farm. [6 marks]



70

[illegible]

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[Turn over]



17

A council found that 70% of its new local businesses made a profit in their first year.

The council introduced an incentive scheme for its residents to encourage the use of new local businesses.

At the end of the scheme, a random sample of 25 new local businesses was selected and it was found that 21 of them had made a profit in their first year.

Using a binomial distribution, investigate, at the 2.5% level of significance, whether there is evidence of an increase in the proportion of new local businesses making a profit in their first year. [6 marks]



[illegible]

[Turn over]



[illegible]

END OF QUESTIONS



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Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.

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7 8



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