

AS

ENGLISH LITERATURE A

Paper 1 Love through the ages: Shakespeare and poetry

7711/1

Thursday 18 May 2023

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

MATERIALS

For this paper you must have:

an AQA 12-page answer book.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The PAPER REFERENCE is 7711/1.
- Do all rough work in your answer book.
 Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Answer ONE question from Section A and ONE question from Section B.

INFORMATION

- The maximum mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.

- You will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.
- In your response you need to:
 - analyse carefully the writers' methods
 - explore the contexts of the texts you are writing about
 - explore connections across the texts you have studied
 - explore different interpretations of your texts.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

4

SECTION A: SHAKESPEARE

Answer ONE question from this section.

EITHER

0 1

'Othello' - William Shakespeare

Read the extract from 'Othello', provided on pages 5 to 9, and respond to the following:

- How does Shakespeare present aspects of love in this extract?
- Examine the view that, in this extract and elsewhere in the play, Shakespeare presents lago as a character whose intelligence makes us like him rather than condemn him.

[25 marks]

IAGO Come on, come on: you are pictures out of doors,

bells in your parlours, wild-cats in your kitchens, saints

in your injuries, devils being offended, players in your

housewifery, and housewives in your beds.

DESDEMONA

O, fie upon thee, slanderer!

IAGO

Nay, it is true, or else I am a Turk: You rise to play and go to bed to work.

EMILIA

You shall not write my praise.

IAGO

No, let me not.

DESDEMONA

What wouldst thou write of me, if thou shouldst praise me?

IAGO

O, gentle lady, do not put me to't, For I am nothing if not critical.

DESDEMONA

Come on, assay. There's one gone to the harbour?

IAGO

Ay, madam.

DESDEMONA

(aside) I am not merry, but I do beguile The thing I am by seeming otherwise. Come, how wouldst thou praise me?

IAGO

I am about it, but indeed my invention Comes from my pate as birdlime does from frieze –

It plucks out brains and all. But my muse labours,

And thus she is delivered.

If she be fair and wise, fairness and wit,

The one's for use, the other useth it.

DESDEMONA

Well praised! How if she be black and witty?

IAGO

If she be black, and thereto have a wit, She'll find a white that shall her blackness fit.

DESDEMONA

Worse and worse.

EMILIA

How if fair and foolish?

IAGO

She never yet was foolish that was fair, For even her folly helped her to an heir.

DESDEMONA These are old fond paradoxes to make fools

laugh i'th'alehouse. What miserable praise hast thou for

her that's foul and foolish?

IAGO

There's none so foul and foolish thereunto,

But does foul pranks which fair and wise ones do.

DESDEMONA O heavy ignorance! Thou praisest the worst

best. But what praise couldst thou bestow on a deserving

woman indeed? One that in the authority of her merit

did justly put on the vouch of very malice itself?

IAGO

She that was ever fair and never proud, Had tongue at will, and yet was never loud;

Never lacked gold, and yet went never gay;

Fled from her wish, and yet said 'Now I may';

She that being angered, her revenge being nigh,

Bade her wrong stay, and her displeasure fly;

She that in wisdom never was so frail To change the cod's head for the salmon's tail; She that could think and ne'er disclose her mind:

See suitors following and not look behind:

She was a wight, if ever such wight were –

DESDEMONA

To do what?

IAGO

To suckle fools and chronicle small beer.

DESDEMONA

O, most lame and impotent conclusion! Do not learn of him, Emilia, though he be thy husband.

How say you, Cassio, is he not a most profane and

liberal counsellor?

CASSIO He speaks home, madam; you may relish him more in the soldier than in the scholar.

(Act 2, Scene 1)

OR

0 2

'The Taming of the Shrew' – William Shakespeare

Read the extract from 'The Taming of the Shrew', provided on pages 11 to 14, and respond to the following:

- How does Shakespeare present aspects of love in this extract?
- Examine the view that, in this extract and elsewhere in the play, Shakespeare presents love as a silly game.

[25 marks]

Enter Tranio as Lucentio, and Hortensio as Licio

TRANIO

Is't possible, friend Licio, that Mistress Bianca

Doth fancy any other but Lucentio? I tell you, sir, she bears me fair in hand.

HORTENSIO

Sir, to satisfy you in what I have said, Stand by and mark the manner of his teaching.

They stand aside Enter Bianca, and Lucentio as Cambio

LUCENTIO

Now, mistress, profit you in what you read?

BIANCA

What, master, read you? First resolve me that.

LUCENTIO

I read that I profess, The Art to Love.

BIANCA

And may you prove, sir, master of your art.

LUCENTIO

While you, sweet dear, prove mistress of my heart.

They court each other

HORTENSIO

Quick proceeders, marry! Now tell me, I pray,

You that durst swear that your mistress Bianca

Loved none in the world so well as Lucentio.

TRANIO

O despiteful love, unconstant womankind!

I tell thee, Licio, this is wonderful.

HORTENSIO

Mistake no more, I am not Licio, Nor a musician as I seem to be, But one that scorn to live in this disguise For such a one as leaves a gentleman And makes a god of such a cullion. Know, sir, that I am called Hortensio.

TRANIO

Signor Hortensio, I have often heard Of your entire affection to Bianca, And since mine eyes are witness of her lightness,

I will with you, if you be so contented, Forswear Bianca and her love for ever.

HORTENSIO

See how they kiss and court! Signor Lucentio,

Here is my hand, and here I firmly vow Never to woo her more, but do forswear her,

As one unworthy all the former favours That I have fondly flattered her withal.

TRANIO

And here I take the like unfeigned oath, Never to marry with her though she would entreat.

Fie on her! See how beastly she doth court him.

HORTENSIO

Would all the world but he had quite forsworn!

For me, that I may surely keep mine oath,

I will be married to a wealthy widow Ere three days pass, which hath as long loved me

As I have loved this proud disdainful haggard.

And so farewell, Signor Lucentio.

Kindness in women, not their beauteous looks,

Shall win my love – and so I take my leave,

In resolution as I swore before.

Exit

(Act 4, Scene 2)

BLANK PAGE

OR

0 3

'Measure for Measure' – William Shakespeare

Read the extract from 'Measure for Measure', provided on pages 17 to 22, and respond to the following:

- How does Shakespeare present aspects of love in this extract?
- Examine the view that, in this extract and elsewhere in the play, Shakespeare presents men as self-interested lovers without any honour.

[25 marks]

ISABELLA

Women, help heaven! Men their creation mar

In profiting by them. Nay, call us ten times frail,

For we are soft as our complexions are,

And credulous to false prints.

ANGELO

I think it well,

And from this testimony of your own sex –

Since I suppose we are made to be no stronger

Than faults may shake our frames – let me be bold.

I do arrest your words. Be that you are,

That is, a woman; if you be more, you're none.

If you be one, as you are well expressed

By all external warrants, show it now, By putting on the destined livery.

ISABELLA

I have no tongue but one. Gentle my lord,

Let me entreat you speak the former language.

ANGELO

Plainly conceive, I love you.

ISABELLA

My brother did love Juliet, And you tell me that he shall die for't.

ANGELO

He shall not, Isabel, if you give me love.

ISABELLA

I know your virtue hath a licence in't, Which seems a little fouler than it is, To pluck on others.

ANGELO

Believe me, on mine honour, My words express my purpose.

ISABELLA

Ha! Little honour to be much believed, And most pernicious purpose.

Seeming, seeming!

I will proclaim thee, Angelo, look for't!

Sign me a present pardon for my brother,

Or with an outstretched throat I'll tell the world

Aloud what man thou art.

ANGELO

Who will believe thee, Isabel?

My unsoiled name, th'austereness of my life,

My vouch against you, and my place i'th'state,

Will so your accusation overweigh
That you shall stifle in your own report
And smell of calumny. I have begun,
And now I give my sensual race the
rein.

Fit thy consent to my sharp appetite,

Lay by all nicety and prolixious blushes,

That banish what they sue for. Redeem thy brother

By yielding up thy body to my will, Or else he must not only die the death, But thy unkindness shall his death draw out

To lingering sufferance. Answer me tomorrow,

Or, by the affection that now guides me most,

I'll prove a tyrant to him. As for you, Say what you can, my false o'erweighs your true. *Exit*

ISABELLA

To whom should I complain? Did I tell this,

Who would believe me? O perilous mouths,

That bear in them one and the selfsame tongue,

Either of condemnation or approof,

- Bidding the law make curtsy to their will,
- Hooking both right and wrong to th'appetite,
- To follow as it draws. I'll to my brother.
- Though he hath fall'n by prompture of the blood,
- Yet hath he in him such a mind of honour
- That, had he twenty heads to tender down
- On twenty bloody blocks, he'd yield them up,
- Before his sister should her body stoop
- To such abhorred pollution.
- Then, Isabel, live chaste, and, brother, die.
- More than our brother is our chastity.

I'll tell him yet of Angelo's request, And fit his mind to death, for his soul's rest. *Exit*

(Act 2, Scene 4)

BLANK PAGE

OR

0 4

'The Winter's Tale' – William Shakespeare

Read the extract from 'The Winter's Tale', provided on pages 25 to 29, and respond to the following:

- How does Shakespeare present aspects of love in this extract?
- Examine the view that, in this extract and elsewhere in the play, the relationship between Florizel and Perdita is presented as idealised and perfect.

[25 marks]

- POLIXENES (*To Florizel*) How now, fair shepherd!
 - Your heart is full of something that does take
 - Your mind from feasting. Sooth, when I was young
 - And handed love as you do, I was wont To load my she with knacks. I would have ransacked
 - The pedlar's silken treasury, and have poured it
 - To her acceptance: you have let him go And nothing marted with him. If your lass
 - Interpretation should abuse and call this
 - Your lack of love or bounty, you were straited
 - For a reply, at least if you make a care Of happy holding her.

FLORIZEL Old sir, I know She prizes not such trifles as these

are:

The gifts she looks from me are packed and locked

Up in my heart, which I have given already,

But not delivered. O, hear me breathe my life

Before this ancient sir, whom, it should seem,

Hath sometime loved! I take thy hand, this hand

As soft as dove's down and as white as it,

Or Ethiopian's tooth, or the fanned snow that's bolted

By th'northern blasts twice o'er – POLIXENES What follows this?

How prettily the young swain seems to wash

The hand was fair before! I have put you out.

But to your protestation: let me hear What you profess.

FLORIZEL Do, and be witness to't.

POLIXENES

And this my neighbour too?

FLORIZEL And he, and more

Than he, and men; the earth, the heavens, and all:

That were I crowned the most imperial monarch,

Thereof most worthy, were I the fairest youth

That ever made eye swerve, had force and knowledge

More than was ever man's, I would not prize them

Without her love; for her employ them all;

Commend them and condemn them to her service

Or to their own perdition.

POLIXENES Fairly offered.

CAMILLO

This shows a sound affection.

SHEPHERD But, my daughter, Say you the like to him?

PERDITA I cannot speak So well, nothing so well; no, nor mean better.

By th'pattern of mine own thoughts I cut out

The purity of his.

SHEPHERD Take hands, a bargain! And, friends unknown, you shall bear witness to't.

I give my daughter to him, and will make

Her portion equal his.

FLORIZEL O, that must be I'th'virtue of your daughter. One being dead,

I shall have more than you can dream of yet;

Enough then for your wonder. But come on:

Contract us 'fore these witnesses.

SHEPHERD Come, your hand; And, daughter, yours.

(Act 4, Scene 4)

SECTION B: POETRY

Answer ONE question from this section.

EITHER

0 5

AQA Anthology of love poetry through the ages pre-1900

Examine the view that in 'Who so list to hount I knowe where is an hynde', provided below, Wyatt's speaker is more interested in power, control and ownership rather than love. [25 marks]

'Who so list to hount I knowe where is an hynde'

Who so list to hount I knowe where is an hynde,

But as for me, helas, I may no more; The vayne travaill hath weried me so sore, I ame of them that farthest cometh behinde;

Yet may I by no meanes, my weried mynde

Drawe from the Deere, but as she fleeth afore

Faynting I followe. I leve of therefore Sithens in a nett I seke to hold the wynde.

Who list her hount, I put him owte of dowbte,

As well as I may spend his tyme in vain.

And graven with Diamondes in letters plain

There is written her faier neck rounde abowte:

'Noli me tangere for Cesars I ame And wylde for to hold though I seme tame.'

Sir Thomas Wyatt (1503–1542)

OR

0 6

AQA Anthology of love poetry through the ages post-1900

Examine the view that in 'One Flesh' the couple now have no connection with each other. [25 marks]

'One Flesh'

Lying apart now, each in a separate bed, He with a book, keeping the light on late, She like a girl dreaming of childhood, All men elsewhere – it is as if they wait Some new event: the book he holds unread,

Her eyes fixed on the shadows overhead.

Tossed up like flotsam from a former passion,

How cool they lie. They hardly ever touch,

Or if they do, it is like a confession Of having little feeling – or too much. Chastity faces them, a destination For which their whole lives were a preparation.

Strangely apart, yet strangely close together,

Silence between them like a thread to hold

And not wind in. And time itself's a feather

Touching them gently. Do they know they're old,

These two who are my father and my mother

Whose fire from which I came, has now grown cold?

Elizabeth Jennings (1926–2001)

END OF QUESTIONS

BLANK PAGE

Copyright information

For confidentiality purposes, all acknowledgements of third-party copyright material are published in a separate booklet. This booklet is published after each live examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team.

Copyright © 2023 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

WP/M/CD/Jun23/7711/1/E2

