AQA
GCSE
MATHEMATICS HIGHER TIER
Formulae Sheet 8300

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FOR EXAMS IN 2023 ONLY

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## PERIMETER, AREA AND VOLUME

Where $a$ and $b$ are the lengths of the parallel sides and $h$ is their perpendicular separation:
Area of a trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$
Volume of a prism = area of cross section $\times$ length

Where $r$ is the radius and $d$ is the diameter:
Circumference of a circle $=2 \boldsymbol{\pi} r=\pi d$
Area of a circle $=\pi r^{2}$

## QUADRATIC FORMULA

The solution of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ where $\boldsymbol{a} \neq 0$
$x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a}$
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## PYTHAGORAS' THEOREM AND TRIGONOMETRY



In any right-angled triangle where $a, b$ and $c$ are the length of the sides and $c$ is the hypotenuse:
$a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$
In any right-angled triangle $A B C$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are the length of the sides and $c$ is the hypotenuse:
$\sin A=\frac{a}{c}$
$\cos A=\frac{b}{c}$
$\tan A=\frac{a}{b}$

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In any triangle $A B C$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are the length of the sides:
sine rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$
cosine rule: $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$
Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

## COMPOUND INTEREST

Where $P$ is the principal amount, $r$ is the interest rate over a given period and $n$ is number of times that the interest is compounded:

Total accrued $=P\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)^{n}$

## PROBABILITY

Where $\mathrm{P}(A)$ is the probability of outcome $A$ and $P(B)$ is the probability of outcome $B$ :
$\mathrm{P}(A$ or $B)=\mathrm{P}(A)+\mathrm{P}(B)-\mathrm{P}(A$ and $B)$
$\mathbf{P}(A$ and $B)=\mathbf{P}(A$ given $B) \mathbf{P}(B)$

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