Surname $\qquad$
Forename(s) $\qquad$
Centre Number $\qquad$
Candidate Number $\qquad$
Candidate Signature
I declare this is my own work.

## Level 2 Certificate

FURTHER MATHEMATICS
Paper 2 Calculator
8365/2

Wednesday 21 June 2023
Afternoon
Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes
At the top of the page, write your surname and forename(s), your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.
[Turn over]

## MATERIALS

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments

- the Formulae Sheet (enclosed).


## INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.


## INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.
- The use of a calculator is expected but calculators with a facility for symbolic algebra must NOT be used.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

1 Solve $\frac{8 d-3}{3 d-7}=\frac{5}{2} \quad$ [3 marks]
$d=$

2 (a) The first four terms of a linear sequence are

| 15 | 18.5 | 22 | 25.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Work out an expression for the $\boldsymbol{n}$ th term. [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer
[Turn over]

2 (b) A different linear sequence has $\boldsymbol{n}$ th term 318-9n

Work out the value of the first NEGATIVE term in the sequence. [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer

# $\left(\begin{array}{ll}3 & 5 \\ u & 2\end{array}\right)\binom{1}{4}=\binom{t}{6}$ 

Work out the values of $t$ and $u$. [2 marks]

$$
t=\ldots u=
$$

## [Turn over]

A line passes through $P(1, k)$ and $Q(r, 6)$ where $k$ and $r$ are constants.

## The midpoint of $P Q$ has $x$-coordinate 5

The gradient of the line is 2
Work out the value of $\boldsymbol{k}$. [4 marks]

## $k=$

[Turn over]

$5 y=0.5 x^{4}$
Work out the value of $x$ for which the rate of change of $y$ with respect to $x$ is 6.75 [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$x=$ $\qquad$

6 The equation of a circle is $(x+7)^{2}+(y-4)^{2}=36$
Complete these statements. [2 marks]

The coordinates of the centre of the circle are
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ )

The radius of the circle is $\qquad$
[Turn over]

7 Here is a sketch of the curve $y=a x^{2}+b x+c$ where $a, b$ and $c$ are constants.

The curve intersects the $x$-axis at $(-4,0)$ and ( $p, 0$ )

The turning point has $\boldsymbol{x}$-coordinate 0.5


7 (a) Work out the value of $p$. [1 mark]
$p=$

7 (b) Solve $a x^{2}+b x+c>0 \quad$ [2 marks]

Answer
[Turn over]
$A B C$ is a triangle with perpendicular height $A D$.
The diagram is not drawn accurately.


Area of $A B C=25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
$B D: D C=2: 3$
Work out the size of angle $w$. [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$



## [Turn over]

$\overline{7}$
$9 \quad$ The dimensions of the cuboid are given in centimetres.


The total length of all 12 edges is $\mathbf{3 0 0} \mathbf{~ c m}$

9(a) Show that $y=\frac{75-6 x}{2} \quad$ [2 marks]
[Turn over]

$9(b) \quad$ The volume of the cuboid is $V \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
Show that $V=450 x^{2}-30 x^{3} \quad$ [2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

9 (c) Use calculus to work out the maximum value of $V$ as $x$ varies. [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$
[Turn over]


10 Line K has equation $4 x-5 y=17$
Line $L$ passes through the points $(3,6)$ and $(-5,16)$

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct statement about lines $K$ and $L$.


The lines are parallel.


The lines are perpendicular.


The lines are neither parallel nor perpendicular.

Show working to support your answer. [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## [Turn over]



## 22

11 Expand and simplify fully $\left(2 x^{3}-9\right)\left(3 x^{2}+4\right)+x(x-4)^{2} \quad$ [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Answer

## [Turn over]


$12 \quad V A B C D$ is a pyramid.
The square horizontal base, $A B C D$, has side length 15 cm
$V$ is directly above the centre, $X$, of the base.
$V A=28 \mathrm{~cm}$


Work out the size of the angle that VA makes with ABCD. [3 marks]
Answer
[Turn over]


13(a) Circle the expression equivalent to $3 x^{-7}$ [1 mark] $-\frac{3}{x^{7}} \quad-\frac{1}{3 x^{7}} \quad \frac{1}{3 x^{7}} \quad \frac{3}{x^{7}}$

13 (b) Simplify fully $\frac{12 w^{8}}{\left(4 w^{3}\right)^{2}} \quad$ [2 marks]

Answer

13 (c) $\sqrt{y} \times \sqrt[3]{y}=\sqrt[c]{y^{d}} \quad$ where $c$ and $d$ are positive integers.

Work out the LEAST possible values of $c$ and $d$. [3 marks]

[Turn over]


## 28

14 Simplify fully $\frac{15 a^{2}}{a^{2}+6 a-16} \times \frac{8-4 a}{3 a} \quad$ [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Answer

[Turn over]


15 The function $g$ is given by $g(x)=a \times b^{x}$ where $a$ and $b$ are constants.

The domain of the function is $-1 \leqslant x \leqslant 2$
$P\left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ and $Q\left(1, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ are points on the graph $y=\mathrm{g}(x)$

The diagram is not drawn accurately.


Work out the range of the function. [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Answer

[Turn over]


16
$(2 x-3)$ is a factor of $6 x^{3}-25 x^{2}+28 x-6$
Solve $6 x^{3}-25 x^{2}+28 x-6=0$
Give all solutions as EXACT values. [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Answer

## [Turn over]

17 The function $h$ is given by $h(x)=a x\left(3 x^{2}-2\right)+5 x$ where $a$ is a POSITIVE constant.
$h$ is an INCREASING function for all values of $\boldsymbol{x}$.
Work out the possible values of $a$.
Give your answer as an inequality. [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Answer

[Turn over]


18 Here is a sketch of $y=\cos x$ for values of $x$ from $0^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$
$\alpha$ is an obtuse angle measured in degrees.
$\cos \alpha=-k$ where $\boldsymbol{k}$ is a positive constant.


18(a) On the opposite page, tick ( $\checkmark$ ) TWO boxes that show expressions for $x$ where $\cos x=-k$
[2 marks]

$180^{\circ}-\alpha$


$$
270^{\circ}-\alpha
$$


$360^{\circ}-\alpha$

$360^{\circ}+\alpha$

18 (b) Circle the expression for $x$ where $\sin x=-k$ [1 mark]
$\alpha$
$90^{\circ}+\alpha$
$180^{\circ}-\alpha$
$180^{\circ}+\alpha$
[Turn over]


19 In these simultaneous equations, $\boldsymbol{k}$ is a positive constant.
$3 x+4 y=k$
$y=2 k x$
Solve the simultaneous equations.
Give the answers in their simplest form in terms of $k$. [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## $x=$ <br> $y=$

[Turn over]


20 Show that
$2 \sin ^{3} x+2 \sin x \cos ^{2} x+5 \tan x \cos x$ simplifies to $p \sin x$ where $p$ is a constant. [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
[Turn over] $A, B, C, D$ and $E$ are points on a circle, centre $O$. The diagram is not drawn accurately.


Work out the value of $x$. [4 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 43

$x=$
[Turn over]


22 Five-digit integers are made using
1
2
7
8
9

For each integer, all the digits are used exactly once.

The integers are
greater than 40000 AND odd.
How many different integers can be made?
You MUST show your working. [3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Answer

END OF QUESTIONS

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## BLANK PAGE

| For Examiner's Use |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pages | Mark |
| $4-7$ |  |
| $8-11$ |  |
| $12-15$ |  |
| $16-19$ |  |
| $20-23$ |  |
| $24-27$ |  |
| $28-31$ |  |
| $32-35$ |  |
| $36-39$ |  |
| $40-43$ |  |
| $44-45$ |  |
| TOTAL |  |

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