Α

Surname Forename(s) **Centre Number Candidate Number Candidate Signature** I declare this is my own work. Level 2 Certificate FURTHER MATHEMATICS Paper 2 Calculator 8365/2

Wednesday 21 June 2023

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes



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At the front of this book, write your surname and forename(s), your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.

MATERIALS

For this paper you must have:

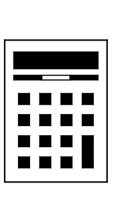
a calculator



the Formulae Sheet (enclosed).

INSTRUCTIONS

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
Draw diagrams in pencil.



• Answer ALL questions.



- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.
- The use of a calculator is expected but calculators with a facility for symbolic algebra must NOT be used.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

1 Solve $\frac{8d-3}{3d-7} = \frac{5}{2}$ [3 marks]

d =



2(a) The first four terms of a linear sequence are

15 18.5 22 25.5

Work out an expression for the *n*th term. [2 marks]

Answer



2(b) A different linear sequence has *n*th term 318 – 9*n*

Work out the value of the first NEGATIVE term in the sequence. [2 marks]

Answer

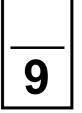


$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ u & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$

Work out the values of *t* and *u*. [2 marks]

t = u =





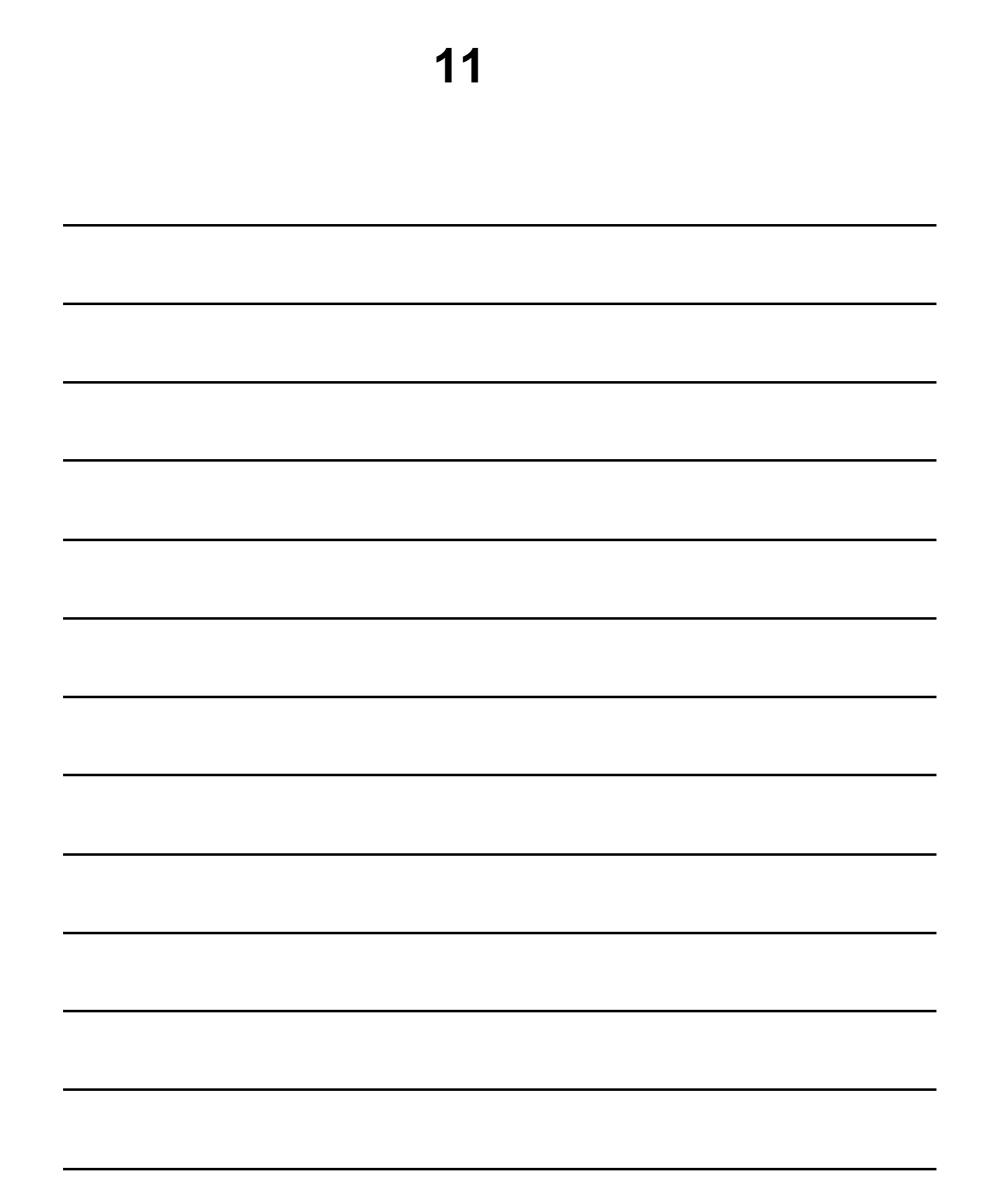
4 A line passes through *P* (1, *k*) and *Q* (*r*, 6) where *k* and *r* are constants.

The midpoint of PQ has x-coordinate 5

The gradient of the line is 2

Work out the value of k. [4 marks]





k =



5
$$y = 0.5x^4$$

Work out the value of *x* for which the rate of change of *y* with respect to *x* is 6.75 [3 marks]

x =



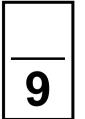
6 The equation of a circle is $(x + 7)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 36$

Complete these statements. [2 marks]

The coordinates of the centre of the circle are

(_____, ____)

The radius of the circle is

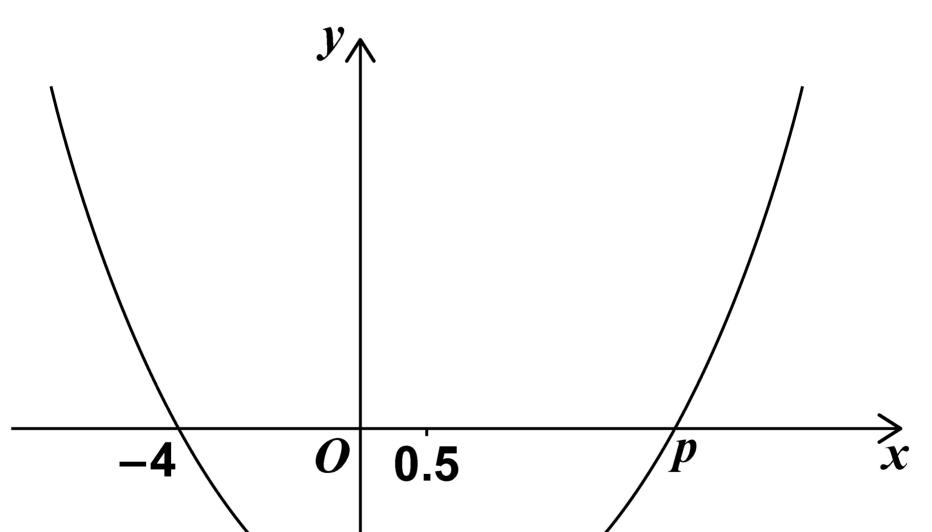


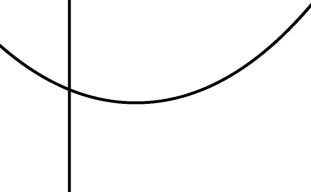


7 Here is a sketch of the curve $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ where *a*, *b* and *c* are constants.

The curve intersects the x-axis at (-4, 0) and (p, 0)

The turning point has x-coordinate 0.5

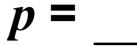






15

7(a) Work out the value of *p*. [1 mark]



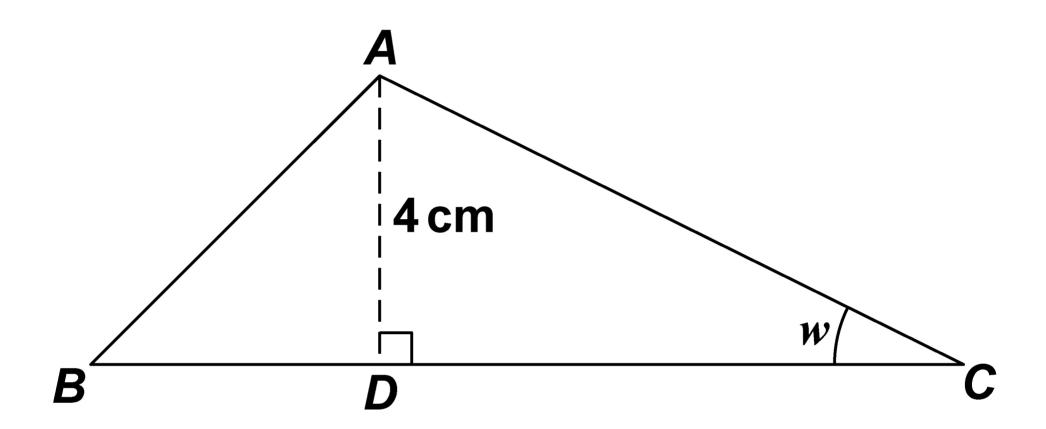
7(b) Solve $ax^2 + bx + c > 0$ [2 marks]

Answer



8 ABC is a triangle with perpendicular height AD.

The diagram is not drawn accurately.



Area of $ABC = 25 \text{ cm}^2$

BD : **DC** = 2 : 3

Work out the size of angle *w*.

[4 marks]

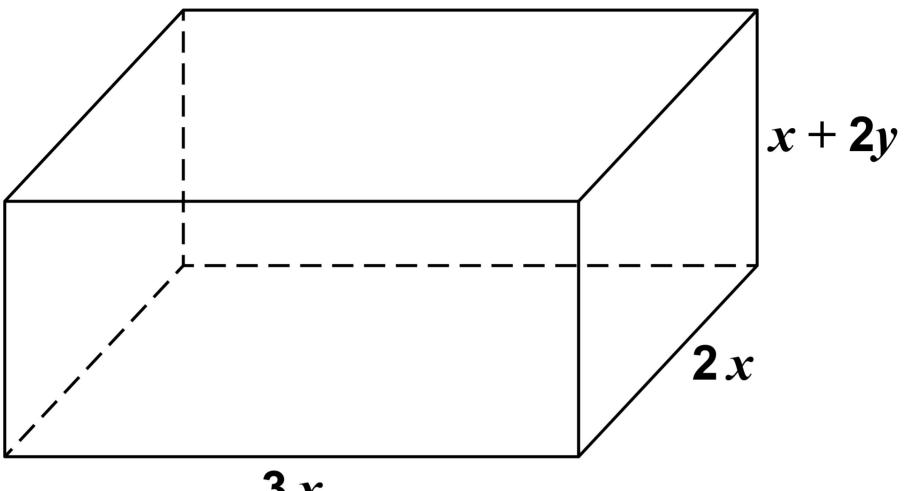


	1	17			
w =			0		





The dimensions of the cuboid are 9 given in centimetres.

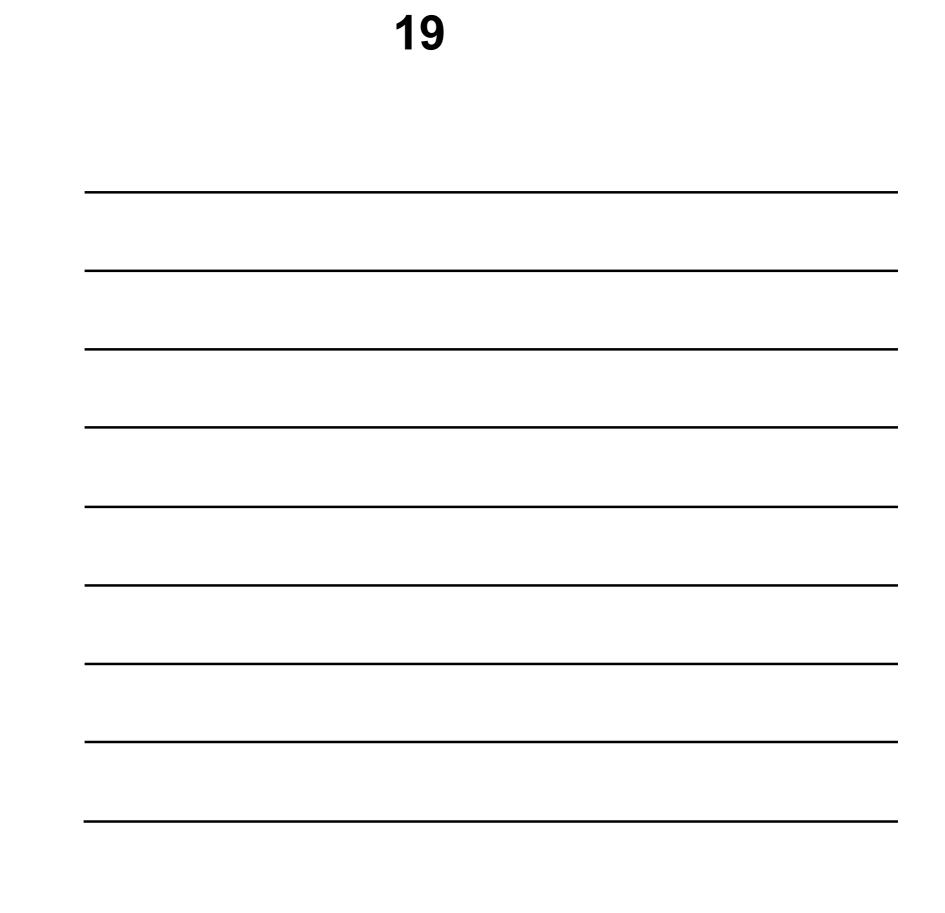




The total length of all 12 edges is 300 cm

Show that $y = \frac{75 - 6x}{2}$ [2 marks] 9(a)







9(b) The volume of the cuboid is $V \text{ cm}^3$

Show that $V = 450x^2 - 30x^3$ [2 marks]



9(c) Use calculus to work out the maximum value of V as x varies.[3 marks]

Answer





10 Line K has equation 4x - 5y = 17

Line L passes through the points (3, 6) and (-5, 16)

Tick (✓) the correct statement about lines K and L.



The lines are parallel.



The lines are perpendicular.



The lines are neither parallel nor perpendicular.

Show working to support your answer. [3 marks]



	23				



11 Expand and simplify fully $(2x^3 - 9)(3x^2 + 4) + x(x - 4)^2$ [4 marks]



Answer



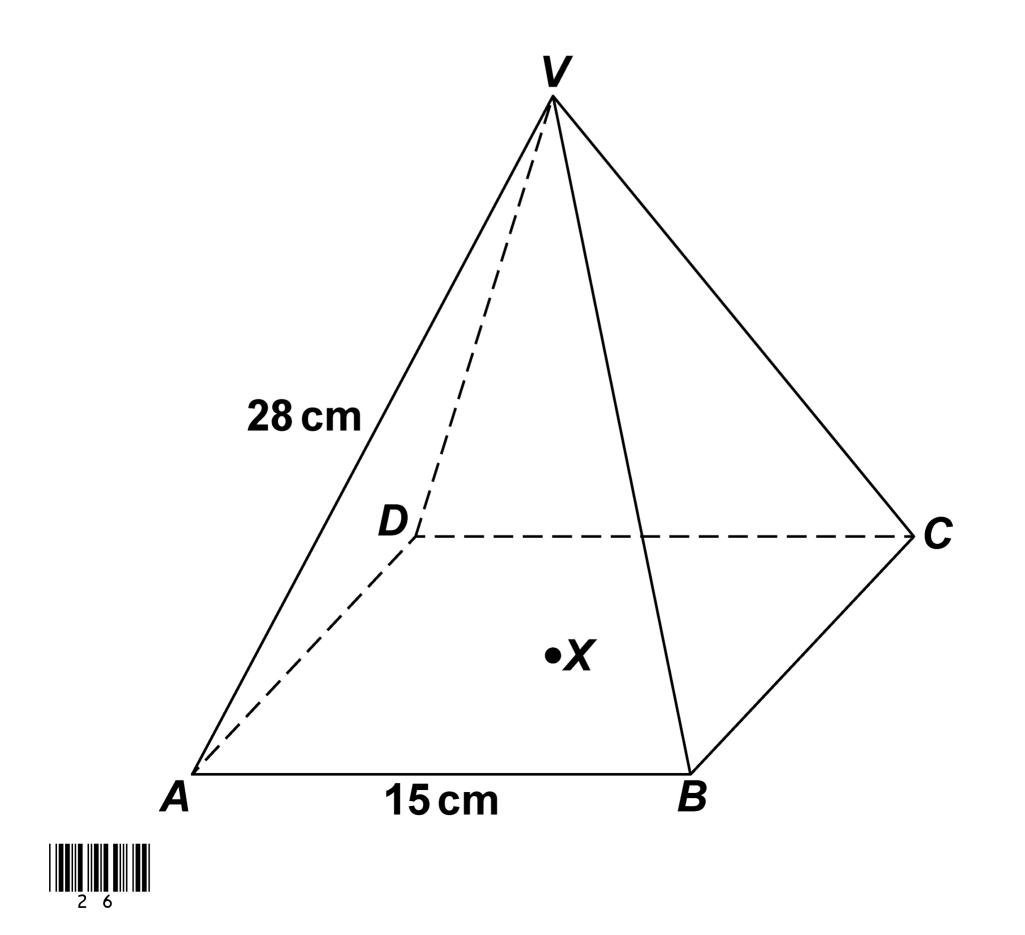


12 *VABCD* is a pyramid.

The square horizontal base, *ABCD*, has side length 15 cm

V is directly above the centre, X, of the base.

VA = 28 cm



Work out the size of the angle that *VA* makes with *ABCD*. [3 marks]



0

Answer



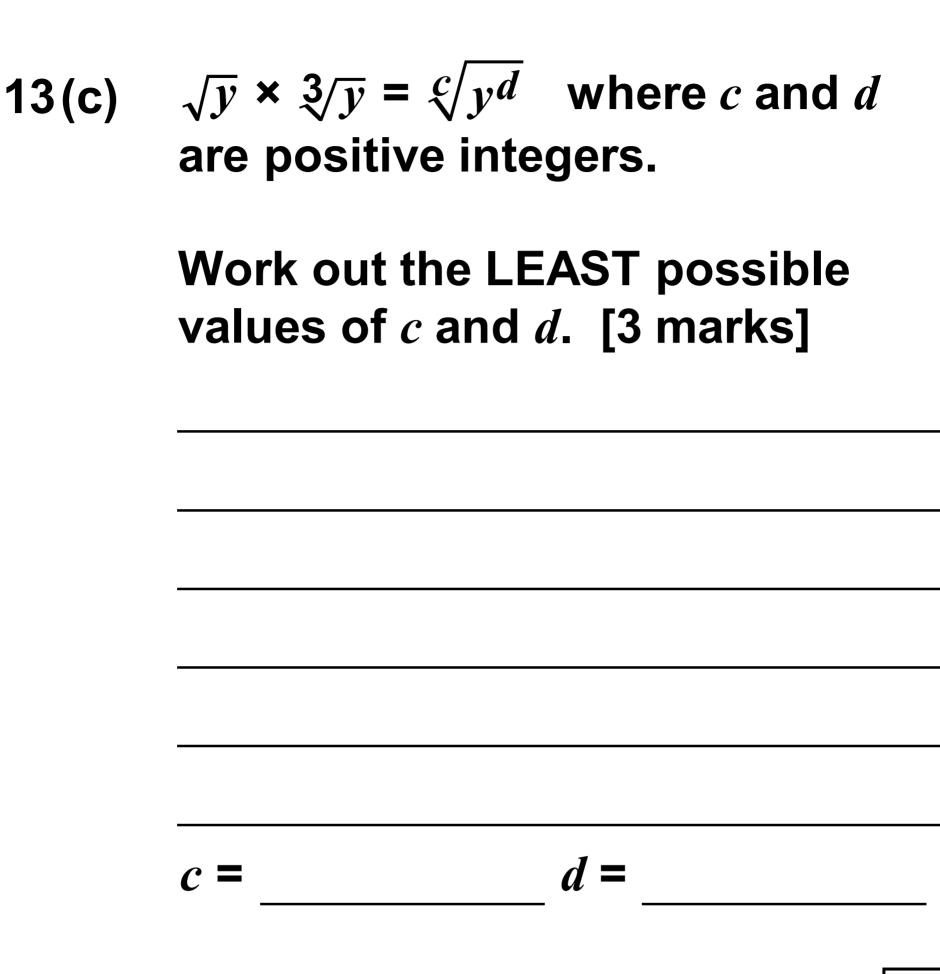
13 (a) Circle the expression equivalent to $3x^{-7}$ [1 mark]

$$-\frac{3}{x^7}$$
 $-\frac{1}{3x^7}$ $\frac{1}{3x^7}$ $\frac{3}{x^7}$

13(b) Simplify fully
$$\frac{12w^8}{(4w^3)^2}$$
 [2 marks]

Answer



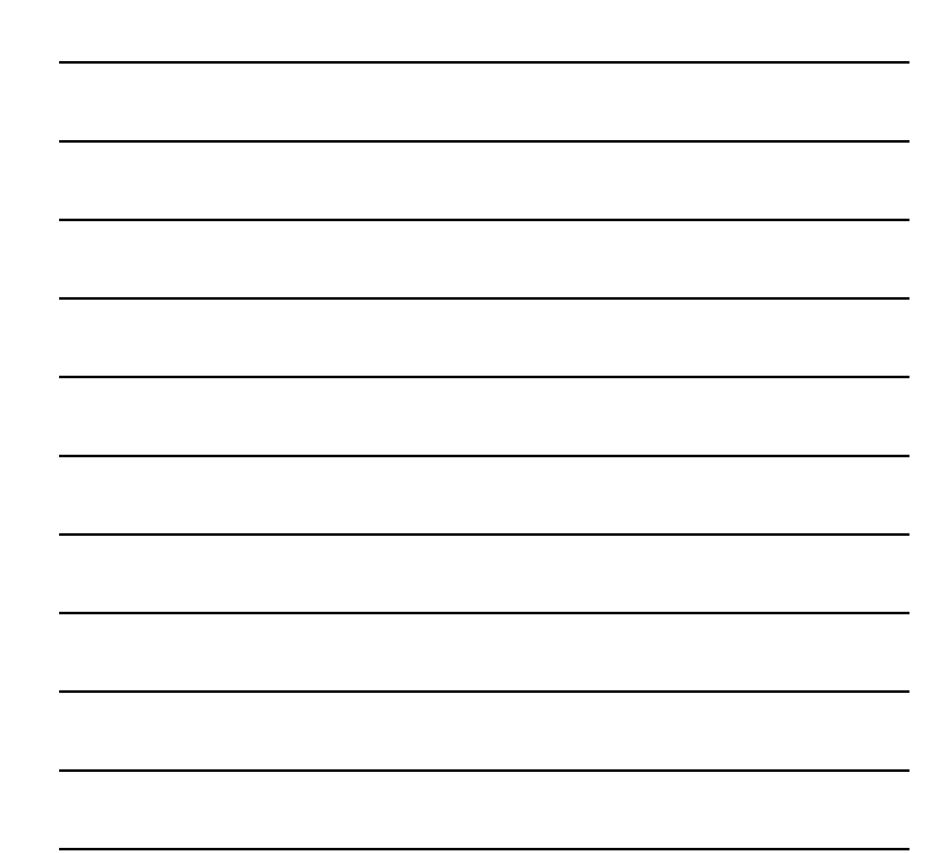


[Turn over]

29



14 Simplify fully $\frac{15a^2}{a^2+6a-16} \times \frac{8-4a}{3a}$ [4 marks]





Answer



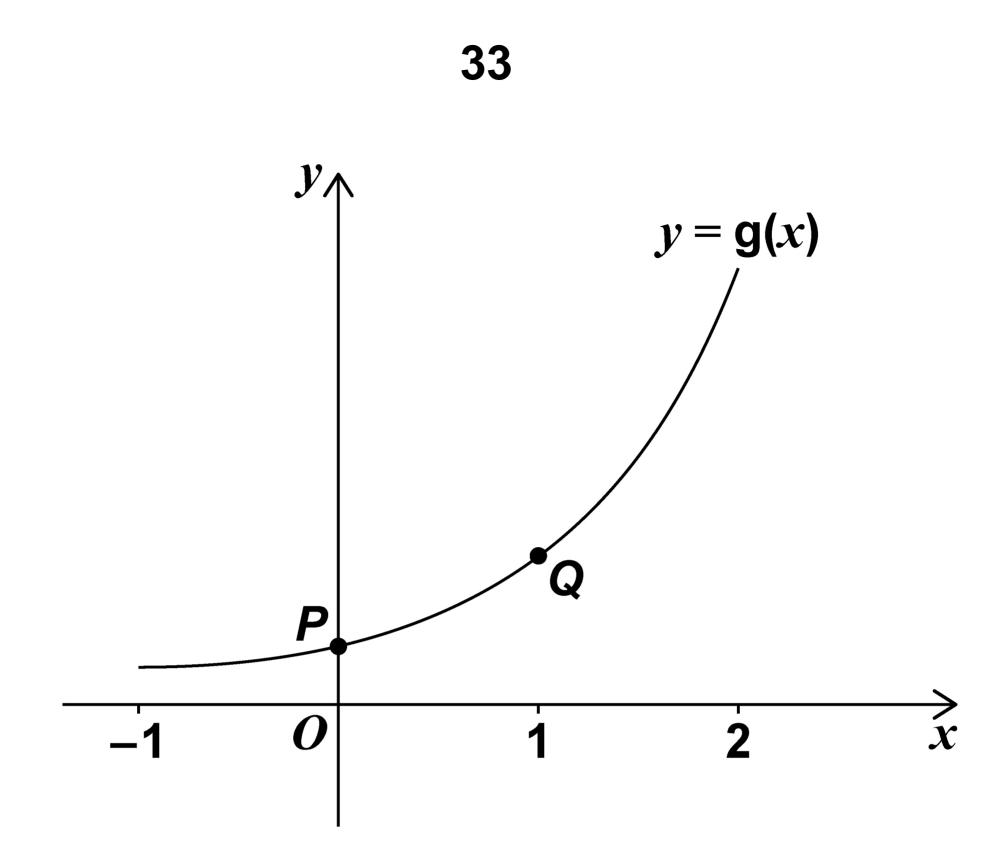
15 The function g is given by $g(x) = a \times b^{x}$ where a and b are constants.

The domain of the function is $-1 \leq x \leq 2$

$$P\left(0,\frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 and $Q\left(1,\frac{3}{2}\right)$ are points on the graph $y = g(x)$

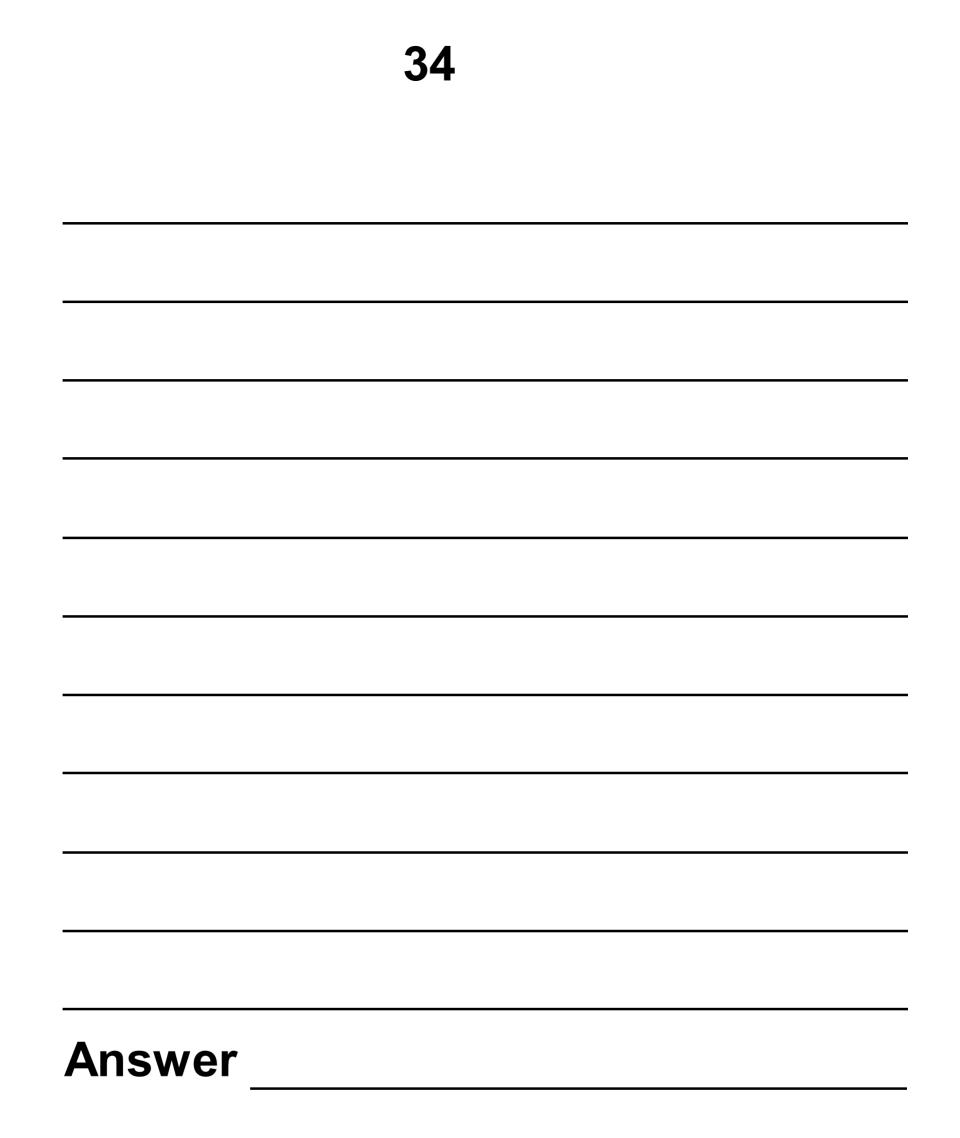
The diagram, on the opposite page, is not drawn accurately.





Work out the range of the function. [4 marks]









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16 (2x - 3) is a factor of $6x^3 - 25x^2 + 28x - 6$

Solve $6x^3 - 25x^2 + 28x - 6 = 0$

Give all solutions as EXACT values. [4 marks]



Answer



17 The function h is given by $h(x) = ax(3x^2 - 2) + 5x$ where *a* is a **POSITIVE constant.**

h is an INCREASING function for all values of *x*.

Work out the possible values of *a*.

Give your answer as an inequality. [4 marks]



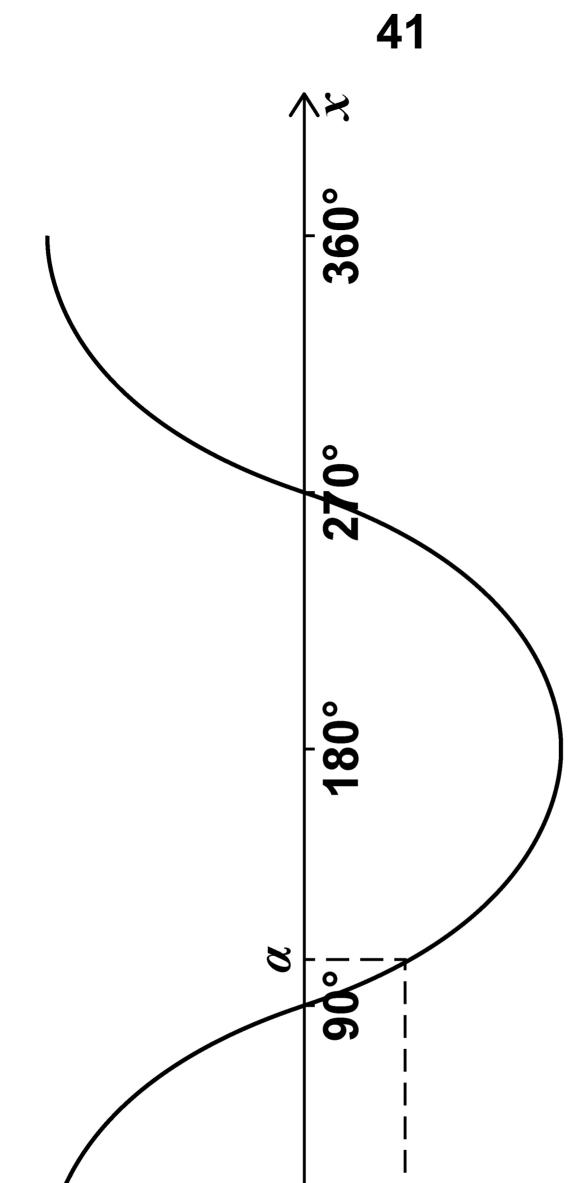
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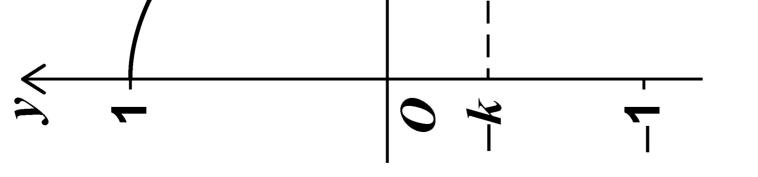


Here is a sketch, on the opposite page, of $y = \cos x$ for values of x from 0° to 360° an obtuse angle measured in degrees.

= -k where k is a positive constant.

y = co y = co a is ar cos a









(\checkmark) TWO boxes that show expressions for x $\cos x = -k$ [2 marks]

 $180^{\circ} - \alpha$

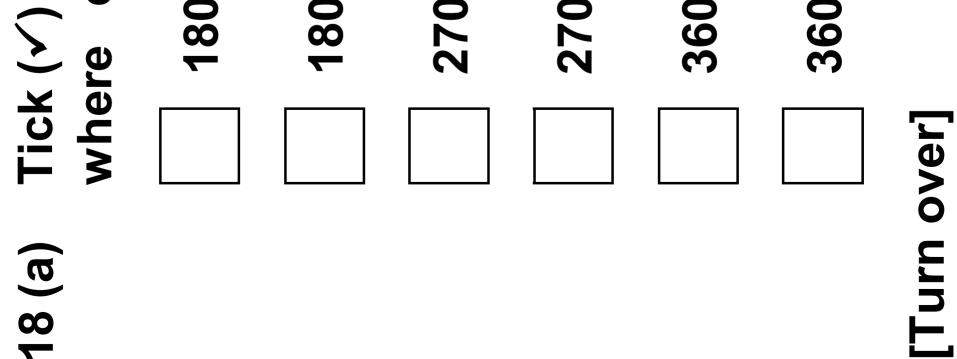
 $180^{\circ} + \alpha$

 $270^{\circ} - \alpha$

 $270^{\circ} + \alpha$

 $360^{\circ} - \alpha$

 $360^\circ + \alpha$





 $\sin x = -k$ Circle the expression for *x* where [1 mark]

 $90^\circ + \alpha$ $180^\circ - \alpha$

び

 $180^{\circ} + \alpha$

18 (b) Circlo (1 ma (1 ma



19 In these simultaneous equations, *k* is a positive constant.

$$3x + 4y = k$$

$$y = 2kx$$

Solve the simultaneous equations.

Give the answers in their simplest form in terms of *k*. [3 marks]



	47	
<i>x</i> =	y =	
	►	
		I——



20 Show that

 $2\sin^3 x + 2\sin x \cos^2 x + 5\tan x \cos x$ simplifies to $p\sin x$ where p is a constant. [3 marks]

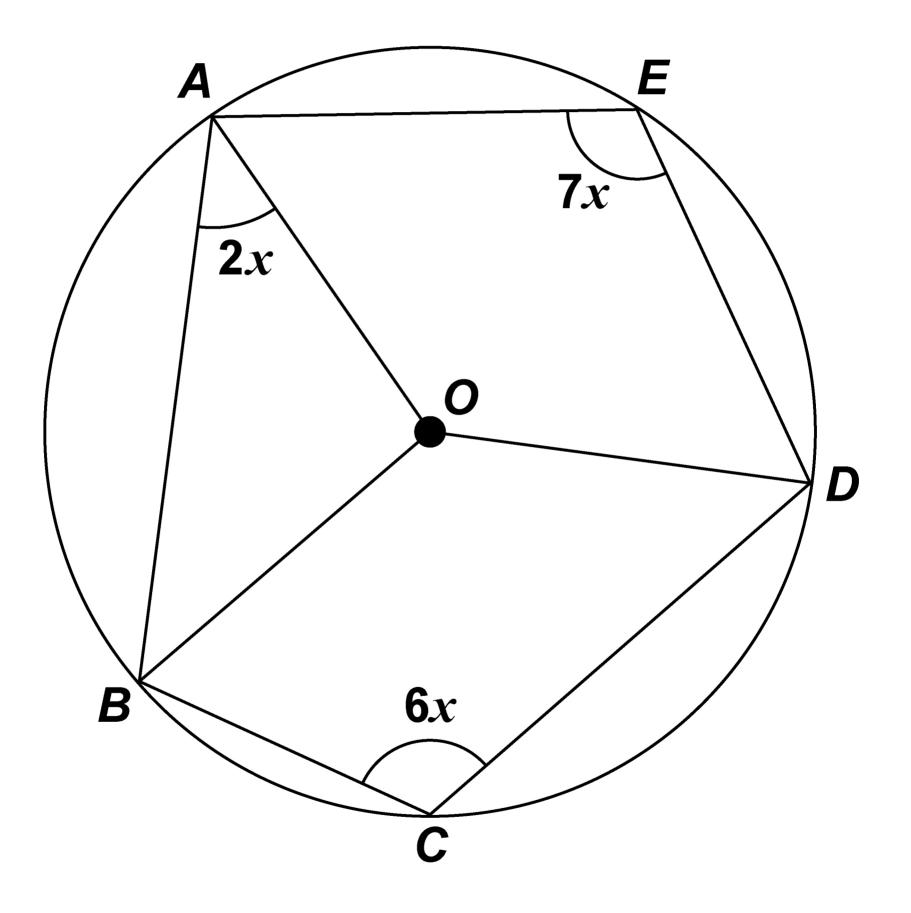


49



A, *B*, *C*, *D* and *E* are points on a circle, centre *O*.

The diagram is not drawn accurately.





Work out the value of *x*. [4 marks]

[Turn over]





x =

22 Five-digit integers are made using

1 2 7 8 9

For each integer, all the digits are used exactly once.

The integers are

greater than 40 000 AND odd.

How many different integers can be made?

You MUST show your working. [3 marks]



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Answer		

END OF QUESTIONS



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Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.

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