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declare this is my own work	

### **GCSE**

### **COMPUTER SCIENCE**

Paper 1 Computational thinking and programming skills – Python

8525/1B

Friday 19 May 2023

Afternoon

Time allowed: 2 hours

At the top of the page, write your surname and forename(s), your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.



### **MATERIALS**

For this paper you must have:



• the Diagram Booklet.

You must NOT use a calculator.

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Use pencil only for drawing.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Questions that require a coded solution must be answered in Python.
- You should assume that all indexing in code starts at 0 unless stated otherwise.



### **INFORMATION**

The total number of marks available for this paper is 90.

### **ADVICE**

For the multiple-choice questions, completely fill in the lozenge alongside the appropriate answer.

**CORRECT METHOD** 



WRONG METHODS









If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



Answer ALL questions.
0 1
FIGURE 1, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows an algorithm, represented using pseudo-code, which assigns a different value to four variables.
01.1
Define the term ALGORITHM. [2 marks]



0	1		2
<b>U</b>		•	_

The variable  $\boldsymbol{x}$  is assigned a value using the statement:

Using FIGURE 1, provided in the Diagram Booklet, what is the value of  $\times$ ?

Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

O A 1
-------









0 1 . 3

What is the result of concatenating the contents of the variables city and landmark in FIGURE 1?

### Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

0	Α	San	Francisco	Alcatraz	Island
---	---	-----	-----------	----------	--------

- O B San Francisco, Alcatraz Island
- O C San Francisco, Alcatraz Island
- O D San FranciscoAlcatraz Island



01.4

The subroutine SUBSTRING extracts characters from a given string.

For example, SUBSTRING(3, 5, 'Computing') would return put

The variable y is assigned a value using the statement:

 $y \leftarrow SUBSTRING(4, 7, landmark)$ 

Using FIGURE 1, provided in the Diagram Booklet, what is the value of y?

Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

- O A Alca
- O B Atra
- O C land
- O D traz



FIGURE 1 is provided in the Diagram Booklet.

0 1 . 5

The subroutine POSITION finds the first position of a character in a string.

For example, POSITION('Computing', 'p')
would return 3

The variable z is assigned a value using the statement:

z ← POSITION(landmark, 't')

Using FIGURE 1, provided in the Diagram Booklet, what value is assigned to  ${\tt z}$ ?

Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

- O B 3
- O **c** 4
- O **D** 5



6

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FIGURE 2, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows an algorithm that uses integer division which has been represented using pseudo-code.

• Line numbers are included but are not part of the algorithm.

Integer division is the number of times one integer divides into another, with the remainder ignored.

### For example:

- 14 DIV 5 evaluates to 2
- 25 DIV 3 evaluates to 8



02.1
Where is iteration FIRST used in the algorithm in FIGURE 2?
Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

0	A Line number 2
0	B Line number 4
	C Line number 6





0 2		2
-----	--	---

In the algorithm in FIGURE 2, provided in the Diagram Booklet, what will be output when the user input is 10?

**Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]** 













In the algorithm in FIGURE 2, provided in the Diagram Booklet, what is the largest possible value of the variable counter when the user input is 36?

Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

0	Α	C









0	3

0[3]	
Explain ONE advantage of the structured approach programming. [2 marks]	to
	5



FIGURE 3, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows a program written in Python that calculates the area of a rectangle or the volume of a box from the user inputs.

04.1

Complete the trace table using the program in FIGURE 3. [3 marks]

numOne	numTwo	numThree	FINAL OUTPUT
5	6	-1	
10	4	0	
3	5	10	



04.2	
Describe ONE way that the program in FIGURE 3, provided in the Diagram Booklet, could be made more robust. [1 mark]	



0	5
U	J

FIGURE 4, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows an algorithm presented as a flowchart.

Complete the trace table for the algorithm in FIGURE 4.

You may not need to use all the rows in the table. [3 marks]

a	b	С

[Turn over]

7

FIGURE 5, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows an algorithm represented using pseudo-code.

The algorithm is for a simple authentication routine.

The pseudo-code uses a subroutine getPassword to check a username:

- If the username exists, the subroutine returns the password stored for that user.
- If the username does not exist, the subroutine returns an empty string.

Parts of the algorithm are missing and have been replaced with the labels to 14.

State the items from FIGURE 6, provided in the Diagram Booklet, that should be written in place of the labels in the algorithm in FIGURE 5.

You will not need to use all the items in FIGURE 6. [4 marks]

112	
•	



14		
_		



A theme park charges £15 per person for a daily ticket. If there are six or more people in a group, the group is given a £5 discount.

Write a Python program to calculate the total charge for a group of people visiting the theme park.

### The program must:

- get the user to enter the number of people in a group
- calculate the total charge by:
  - charging £15 per person
  - reducing the total charge by £5 if there are six or more people
- output the total charge.

You SHOULD use indentation as appropriate, meaningful variable name(s) and Python syntax in your answer.

The answer grid, on pages 21 and 22, contains vertical lines to help you indent your code. [6 marks]







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_	_
0	8

FIGURE 7, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows a merge sort being carried out on a list.

Explain how the merge sort algorithm works.	[4 marks]





FIGURE 8, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows an algorithm, written using pseudo-code, that uses a RECORD data structure for storing information about a film.

Each record stores four pieces of information about a film:

- film title
- certificate (eg 12A, PG)
- year the film was made
- if the film is currently being shown at a cinema.

There are records for three films and these films are stored alphabetically in an array called filmCollection.

The pseudo-code outputs the title of the newest of the three films.

• Part of the algorithm has been replaced by the label ...



0 9		1
-----	--	---

How many different values can the field beingShown have?

**Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]** 

0	Α	2









09.2

Which assignment statement changes the year the film 'Hulk' was made to 2003?

### Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

O A hulk.year ← 2003

O **B** filmCollection[0].year ← 2003

O **c** Film(year)  $\leftarrow$  2003

O **D** hulk(year) ← 2003



0 9 .	3	
		uld the label  in FIGURE 8, provided in the Booklet, be replaced by?
Shade	ON	E lozenge. [1 mark]
0	A	3
0	В	LEN(filmCollection)
0	С	LEN(filmCollection) - 1
0	D	Position
antMa	an <b>r</b>	eudo-code statement that updates the ecord to show that the film is currently being the cinema. [1 mark]
[Turn o	ovei	



FIGURE 9, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows an algorithm, represented in pseudo-code, used to display students' test scores. The algorithm does not work as expected and the teacher wants to find the error.

The algorithm should display three test scores for each student:

- Natalie has results of 78, 81 and 72
- Alex has results of 27, 51 and 54
- Roshana has results of 52, 55 and 59.
- Line numbers are included but are not part of the algorithm.

10.1

Complete the trace table, on the opposite page, for the algorithm shown in FIGURE 9.

You may not need to use all the rows in the table. [5 marks]



count	i	person	j	result



10.2

How could the error in the algorithm in FIGURE 9, provided in the Diagram Booklet, be corrected?

Shade ONE lozenge. [1 mark]

A Change line number 3 to: count

m

 $\downarrow$ FOR Change line number 4 to:

4

-FOR

O E  $\circ$ 

Change line number 7 to:

ပ

abla

scores[j result

Change line number 9 to:

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FIGURE 10, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows part of an algorithm that has been written in pseudo-code.

There is an error in the algorithm.

The algorithm should:

- get the start year and end year from the user
- check that the start year is before the end year
- check that the start year is before 2000
- calculate the difference between the two years after a valid start year has been entered.
- Line numbers are included but are not part of the algorithm.

11.1

TABLE 1, on the opposite page, shows three tests used to check the algorithm in FIGURE 10, provided in the Diagram Booklet.

# Complete the table to show what the values of the validchoice and difference variables would be for the given test data. [4 marks]

### **TABLE 1**

TEST TYPE	TEST DATA		validChoice	difference
	startYear	1995		
	endYear	2010		
	startYear	2015		
ENDONE SECTION OF THE PROPERTY	endYear	2000		
	startYear	2000		
BOUNDART	endYear	2023		



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I	7
_	•
	1
ľ	7

The algorithm in FIGURE 10, provided in the Diagram Booklet, contains a logic error on LINE 11.

Describe how the error on LINE 11 can be corrected. [1 mark]

[Turn over]

7



12.1

FIGURE 11, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows a binary search algorithm that has been programmed in Python.

Complete the trace table, on the opposite page, for the program in FIGURE 11 if the user input is wolf

Part of the table has already been filled in.

You may not need to use all the rows in the table. [4 marks]

animalToFind	validAnimal	start	finish	mid
Wolf	False	0	7	3





12.2

FIGURE 12 shows a line of Python code that creates a list of fruit names.

## FIGURE 12

Extend the program in FIGURE 12. Your answer must be written in Python.

The program should get the user to enter a word and perform a LINEAR search on the list fruits to find if the word is in the list or not.

The program should:

- ask the user what word they would like to find
- output the message  $\mathtt{True}$  if the word is found
- output the message False if the word is not found.

You must write your own linear search routine and NOT use any built-in search function available in Python.

You SHOULD use indentation as appropriate, meaningful variable name(s) and Python syntax in your answer.

The answer grid, on pages 42 and 43, contains vertical lines to help you indent your code. [7 marks]



= ["banana", "apple", "orange", "pear", "grape", "pineapple"]					
["ban "gra					
II					
fruits					





12.3	
State why a binary search cannot be used on the list fruits [1 mark]	



12.4	
FIGURE 13, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows algorithm, represented using pseudo-code, that sho display currency names in reverse alphabetical ordestarting with $yen$ .	ould
There are errors in the logic of the algorithm.	
• Line numbers are included but are not part of the algorithm.	
Rewrite LINE 1 and LINE 6 from FIGURE 13 to make algorithm work as intended. [3 marks]	the
Line 1	
Line 6	
[Turn over]	15







For example, square C3 in FIGURE 14, provided in the Diagram Booklet, contains In the game, a square on the grid is referred to by a letter and a number. an imes FIGURE 15, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows part of a Python program that checks the grid reference entered by a player.

The grid reference is valid if:

- there are exactly two characters
- the first character entered is A, B or C
- the second character entered is 1, 2 or 3.



The Python function  ${
m upper}$  ( ) converts letters into uppercase, eg  ${
m b1}$  would be converted to  $\mathtt{B}\mathtt{1}$ 

completes the other checks needed to make sure a valid grid reference is entered. Extend the program from FIGURE 15, provided in the Diagram Booklet, so it

Your extended program must:

- use the variable check
- repeat the following steps until a valid grid reference is entered:
- get the user to enter a grid reference
- output an appropriate message if the grid reference entered is not valid.

You SHOULD use indentation as appropriate, meaningful variable name(s) and Python syntax in your answer. The answer grid, on pages 48 to 50, contains vertical lines to help you indent your code. [6 marks]



check = False	while check == False:	square = ""	while len(square) $!= 2$ :	square = input("Enter grid reference (eg C2): ")	square = square.upper()					
---------------	-----------------------	-------------	----------------------------	--------------------------------------------------	-------------------------	--	--	--	--	--







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_	_
1	4

50 students have voted for the music genre they like best.

FIGURE 16, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows an INCOMPLETE algorithm, represented using pseudo-code, designed to output the highest or lowest results of the vote.

The programmer has used a two-dimensional array called results to store the genre and the number of votes for each genre.

Parts of the algorithm are missing and have been replaced with the labels 11 to 13.

State what should be written in place of the labels to 13 in the algorithm in FIGURE 16, provided in the Diagram Booklet. [3 marks]

•		



<b>L</b> 3	
[Turn over]	${9}$



1 5

A group of people have a meal in a restaurant. Instead of one person paying for the whole meal, each person will pay for what they eat.

Write a Python program that asks each person in the group how much they are paying towards the meal and works out when the bill is fully paid. Each person can pay a different amount.

#### The program should:

- get the user to enter the total amount of the bill
- get a person to enter how much they are paying towards the bill
- subtract the amount entered from the bill:
  - if the amount left to pay is more than 0, output how much is left to pay and repeat until the amount left to pay is 0 or less
  - if the amount left to pay is 0, then output the message Bill paid
  - if the amount left to pay is less than 0, then output the message  ${\tt Tip}$  is and the difference between the amount left to pay and 0

You SHOULD use indentation as appropriate, meaningful variable name(s) and Python syntax in your answer.

The answer grid, on pages 55 to 58, contains vertical lines to help you indent your code. [8 marks]





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1 6

Question 16 is about a dice game played against a computer.

The aim of the game is to get as close to a score of 21 as you can, without going over 21. If your score goes over 21 then you lose.

The player's score starts at 0.

#### For each turn:

- two dice (each numbered from 1 to 6) are rolled
- the total of the two dice rolls is added to the player's score
- the value of each dice and the player's new total is output
- if the current score is less than 21, the player is asked if they would like to roll the dice again: if the player says yes, they get another turn; otherwise, the game ends.

At the end of the game, the program should work as follows:

- if the final score is 21, output a message to say the player has won
- if the final score is greater than 21, output a message to say the player has lost



- if the final score is less than 21, the program generates a random number between 15 and 21 inclusive:
  - if this random number is greater than the player's final score, output a message to say the player has lost
  - otherwise, output a message to say the player has won.

FIGURE 17, provided in the Diagram Booklet, shows the output of a program that plays this dice game.

Write a Python program to simulate this game.

The first line has been written for you in the answer grid.

The dice rolls are carried out by the program generating random numbers between 1 and 6. You will need to use the Python function random.randrange(a, b) which generates a random integer in the range a to b starting at a but finishing one before b.

You SHOULD use indentation as appropriate, meaningful variable name(s) and Python syntax in your answer.

The answer grid, on pages 63 to 67, contains vertical lines to help you indent your code. [11 marks]



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in	import random								









**END OF QUESTIONS** 



Additional page, if required.
Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Additional page, if required.
Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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For Examiner's Use						
Question	Mark					
1						
2–3						
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