

# GCSE BENGALI 8638/RH

Paper 3 Reading Higher Tier

Mark scheme

June 2023

Version: 1.0



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aga.org.uk

### Copyright information

AQA retains the copyright on all its publications. However, registered schools/colleges for AQA are permitted to copy material from this booklet for their own internal use, with the following important exception: AQA cannot give permission to schools/colleges to photocopy any material that is acknowledged to a third party even for internal use within the centre.

Copyright © 2023 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

# Listening and Reading tests

# General principles of marking

Non-verbal answers

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

## Verbal answers (English or target language)

- 1. The basic principle of assessment is that students should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do; provided their written response communicates the required message without ambiguity, it will get the mark. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
- (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. This applies whether the answer is in English or the target language. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information without ambiguity.
- (b) Where a student has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied: if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea/make it ambiguous, **accept** if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
- (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
- (d) Where a question has more than one **section (eg (i) and (ii))**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. Eg, in Listening, information required to answer section (ii) might be given as part of the answer to section (i). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (ii), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place on the question paper.
- 2. In questions where students are asked to give for example a list of three items, only the first three items they write down should be considered for assessment purposes.
- 3. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt, look for the key idea.
- 4. Where a student has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be marked. When part of an answer is crossed out, then only what remains should be considered.
- 5. .../.. means that these are acceptable alternative answers in the mark scheme. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks to be awarded.
- 6. In questions which are T/F/? or  $\sqrt{X}$ ? in either Section A or Section B, a mix and match approach should be tolerated and credit given where it is clear and unambiguous (eg consistent use by the candidate). If candidates write 'True' instead of 'স' for সভি্য in Section B, this should also be credited despite the wrong language being used.

- 7. The following general principles should be applied in relation to answers in the target language in Section B:
- (a) Incorrect personal pronouns accept (unless this causes ambiguity).
- (b) Incorrect possessive adjectives accept (unless this causes ambiguity).
- (c) Wrong gender accept (unless this causes ambiguity).
- (d) Infinitive will normally communicate without ambiguity, so should be accepted.
- (e) Wrong tense accept as long as student comprehension is not in question.
- (f) Minor spelling errors accept as long as the answer is understandable with no ambiguity. In Section B, this means that even if the spelling error results in the creation of a word in another language, including English, then provided it is a recognisable attempt at a spelling in the target language, it will be credited.

Question	Accept	Mark
01.1	T (true)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
01.2	F (false)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
01.3	T (true)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
01.4	T (true)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
01.5	F (false)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
01.6	NT (not in the text)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
01.7	T (true)	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
02.1	The railway line was blocked	The railway line/trainline was closed ahead	Road work was going on	1
Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
02.2	She (Neela) went for a walk (towards the town centre)	She walked towards the city	Waited for the train	1
Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
02.3	She (Neela) was being followed by someone	Someone was following her	She was left alone	1
Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
02.4	Watch the next episode (of the Detective series)	Watch the follow-up episode (of the mystery series)	Watch a film	1
Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
02.5	Next Monday	Coming Monday/Monday	Last Monday	1
Question		Accept		Mark
03.1		S (Selim)		1
Question	Accept			Mark
03.2		A (Adiba)		1

Question	Accept	Mark
03.3	H (Hena)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
03.4	<b>E</b> (Emran)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
03.5	В (Варра)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
04.1	<b>B</b> (train young players.)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
04.2	C (starting a family and raising children is a priority.)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
04.3	A (it helps him to compete in the skiing competition.)	1
Question	Accept	Mark
04.4	B (had financial difficulties.)	1

Question		Accept		
04.5	C (get married.)			1
Question	Accept			
05.1		P (positive)		1
Question		Accept		Mark
05.2		N (negative)		1
Question	Accept			Mark
05.3	P+N (positive and negative)			1
Question	Accept			Mark
05.4		N (negative)		1
Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
06.1	(Because of their) physical appearance	Different physical look	Friendly behaviour	1
Question	Key idea Accept Reject			Mark
06.2	They become lonely/isolated/suffer emotional stress	They stop going to school/it affects their mental health (either one)	They become cheerful	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
06.3	School counsellors work together with the children	School counsellors work closely with the victims/children	Instigate fight	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
07.1	He goes to school on foot	He does not use bus/car/walks to school (any one)	Uses car	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
07.2	He (they) has/have installed solar panels	Uses solar panels/does not use gas/does not burn coal	Electricity	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
07.3	He puts his litter in the bin	Does not drop litter on the street/uses a bin (either one)	Litters	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
07.4	He recycles as much as possible	He recycles as much as he can	Burns trees	1

Question	Accept	Mark
08.1	<b>C</b> (পায়ে হেঁটে। )	1

Question	Accept	Mark
08.2	<b>A</b> (একজন ভালোমানুষ।)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
08.3	<b>C</b> (বড়ো রাস্তা দিয়ে।)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
08.4	<b>B</b> (হারুবাবু লোকটির আত্মীয়ের প্রতিবেশী বলে। )	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
09.1	স্কুল তাড়াতাড়ি শেষ হয়	স্কুল জীবন বাংলাদেশের মতো	স্কুল দেরিতে শেষ হয়	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
09.2	স্কুলে বাংলা পড়ানো হয় না	স্কুলে বাংলা শিক্ষক/ক্লাস নেই	শুধু ক্লাশ	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
09.3	ভাষা শেখার স্কুলে গিয়েছিলো	ইংরেজি শেখার জন্য	শুধু ইংরেজি	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
09.4	কাজ/চাকরী করবে	( সুপারমার্কেটে ) কাজ করবে	গরমকাল	1

Question	Accept	Mark
	B, D, F, H (in any order)	
	<b>B</b> (শীতের সময় বর্ফে ঢাকা শহরটাকে স্বপ্লের মতো মলে হয়।)	
10	<b>D</b> (গরমকালে সুন্দর দ্শ্যের ছবি তোলার জন্য পাহাড় ও জঙ্গলে ্র্বুরে বেড়ানো সম্ভব।)	4
	<b>F</b> (আশেপাশে বড়ো জলাশয় না থাকায় এখানে কোনো জলক্রীড়া সম্ভব নয়।)	
	<b>H</b> (ভারতের উত্তরে সবুজে ঘেরা এই শহরের নাম সিমলা।)	

Question	Accept	Mark
11.1	<b>मूनमून</b>	1

Question	Accept	Mark
11.2	আলম	1

Question	Accept	Mark
11.3	মূলমূল	1

Question	Accept	Mark
11.4	তাপসী	1

Question	Accept	Mark
11.5	রোমেল	1

Question	Accept	Mark
11.6	তাপসী	1

Question		Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
12	শৈশব থেকে আমি নানার সাথে বাস করছি।	Since my childhood, I have been living with my grandfather	From an early age staying with grandad	3rd person/with a question mark/future tense	1
	শহরের কাছাকাছি একটি এলাকায়	in an area near the city.	nearby the city	abroad	1
	এখানে বসবাস করা আমি উপভোগ করি	I enjoy living here	I quite like living here	wrong time frame	1
	কারণ এথানে শহরের কোলাহল নেই, এমনকি কোনো দূষণও নেই।	as there is no city noise, not even pollution here.	there is no noise nor pollution here as in urban areas.	do not think about it	1
	তবে আশেপাশের লোকজন কিংবা স্কুলের সহপাঠীদের কাউকে চিনতাম না বলে	However, I didn't know the locals nor any of my classmates.	Due to not knowing people and friends around	wrong tense/no opinion	1
	প্রথমদিকে আমার বেশ অসুবিধা হয়েছিলো।	So, initially I had a hard time.	I had difficulty/problems at the start/beginning.	wrong tense	1
	যাইহোক, আমি সিদ্ধান্ত নিয়েছি যে শহরে যাবো।	Anyway, I have decided to go to a city	I have taken the decision to leave this suburb	wrong time frame	1
	স্কুল শেষ করে	after finishing school	after completing school	earn fame	1
	এবং কলেজে লেখাপড়ার সাথে একটি ঢাকরীও খুঁজবো।	and I will also find a job there alongside my studies at college.	I will find work and continue my college studies.	wrong person/ wrong tense	1

Total marks = 60